



CYGNUS 2013

**4th International Workshop
on Directional Dark Matter Detection
Jun 10 – 12, 2013**

KamLAND-Zen Experiment for Zero Neutrino Double Beta Decay Search

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KamLAND-Zen Collaboration



KamLAND: Kamioka Liquid scintillator Anti-Neutrino Detector
Zen: Zero neutrino double beta decay search

■ Research Center for Neutrino Science, Tohoku University

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A total of 42 members

(as at 7 February 2013)

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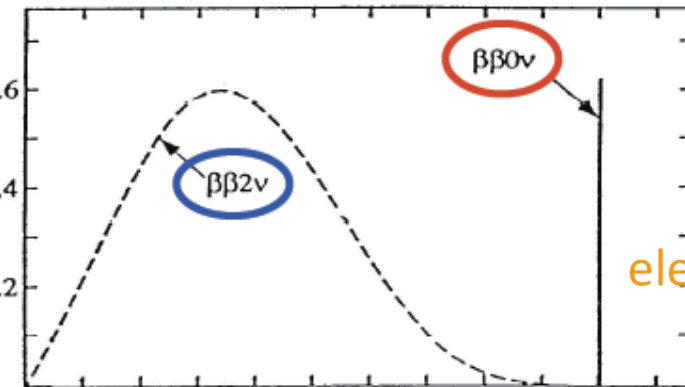
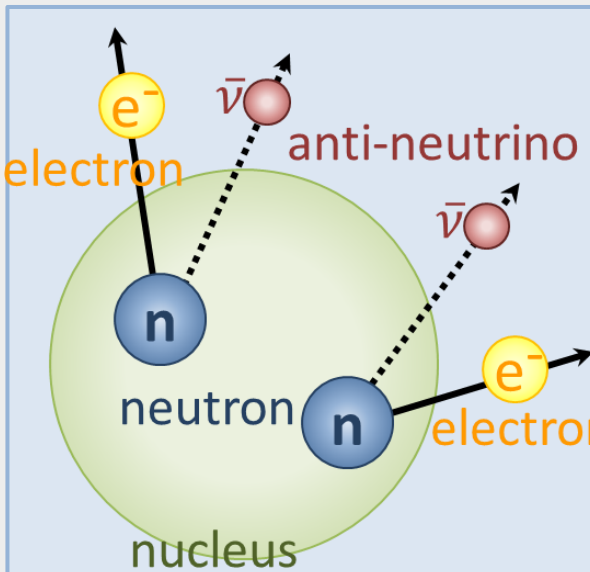
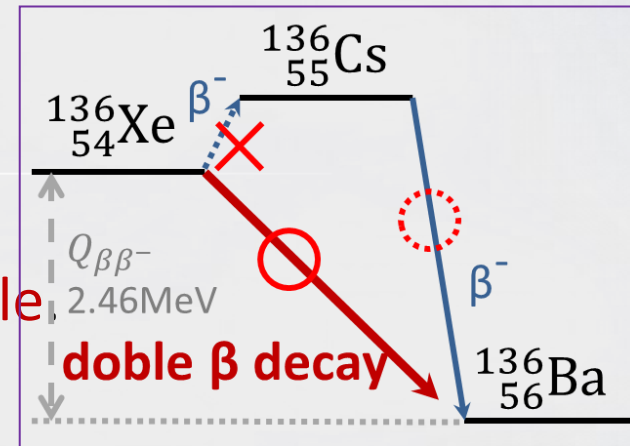
Double Beta Decay

■ One beta decay is energetically prohibited.
 Only two simultaneous beta decays are possible

■ A number of double beta nuclei exists.

^{48}Ca , ^{76}Ge , ^{82}Se , ^{96}Zr , ^{100}Mo , ^{116}Cd , ^{130}Te , ^{136}Xe , ^{150}Nd etc...

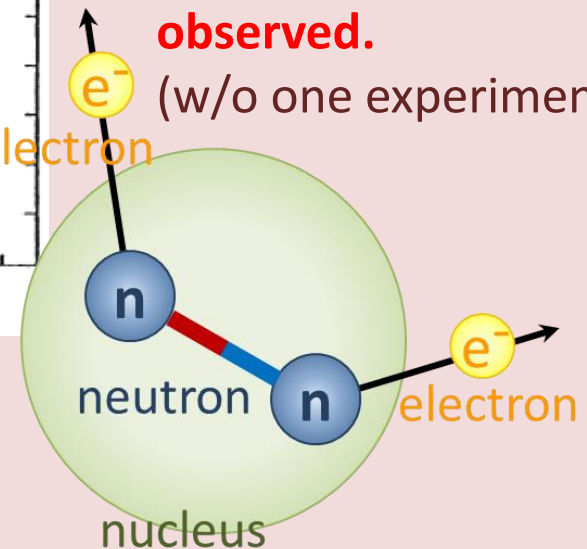
■ Two different modes can be possible.



Visible Energy Spectrum

$2\nu\beta\beta$
 Previously observed
 for several nuclei.

$0\nu\beta\beta$
 Still has not been
 observed.
 (w/o one experiment)



Motivations of $0\nu\beta\beta$ Search

- Lepton number violation

➔ Forbidden in the Standard Model

- Only Majorana neutrinos can decay by $0\nu\beta\beta$

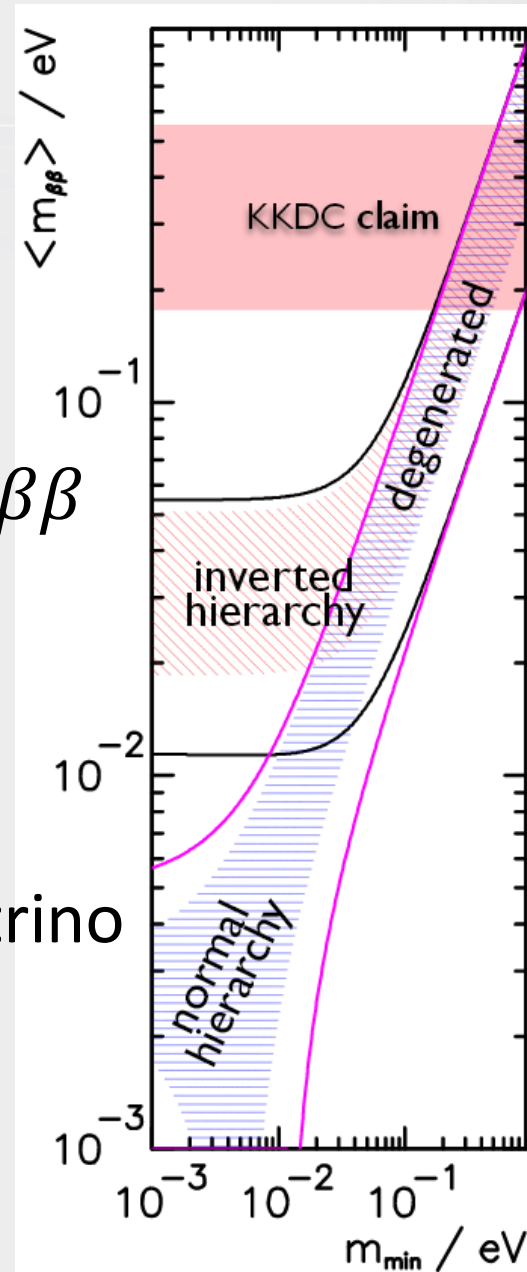
$$(\nu = \bar{\nu})$$

➔ Hint for See-Saw Mechanism
Leptogenesis of universe

- Effective mass and Mass hierarchy of neutrino

$$\boxed{(T_{1/2}^{0\nu})^{-1}} = G^{0\nu} |M^{0\nu}|^2 \langle \boxed{m_{\beta\beta}} \rangle^2$$

Decay rate Nuclear matrix element
Phase factor Effective neutrino mass



Current Situation in the World

Experiment	Nucleus	Exposure [kg-yr]	$T_{1/2}^{0\nu}$ [yr] 90% C.L.	$\langle m_{\beta\beta} \rangle$ [eV]
KamLAND-Zen	$^{136}\text{Xe} \rightarrow ^{136}\text{Ba}$	89.5	$>1.9 \times 10^{25}$	$<0.12-0.25^*$
EXO-200	$^{136}\text{Xe} \rightarrow ^{136}\text{Ba}$	32.5	$>1.6 \times 10^{25}$	$<0.14-0.38$
CUORICINO	$^{130}\text{Te} \rightarrow ^{130}\text{Xa}$	19.75	$>2.8 \times 10^{24}$	$<0.30-0.71$
Heidelberg-Moscow	$^{76}\text{Ge} \rightarrow ^{76}\text{Se}$	35.5	$>1.9 \times 10^{25}$	<0.35
NEMO-3	$^{82}\text{Se} \rightarrow ^{82}\text{Kr}$	6.3	$>1.5 \times 10^{22}$	$<1.5-3.1$
	$^{96}\text{Zr} \rightarrow ^{96}\text{Mo}$	0.031	$>9.2 \times 10^{21}$	$<7.2-19.5$
	$^{100}\text{Mo} \rightarrow ^{100}\text{Rn}$	6.3	$>2.7 \times 10^{22}$	$<0.8-1.2$
	$^{150}\text{Nd} \rightarrow ^{150}\text{Sm}$	0.093	$>1.8 \times 10^{22}$	$<4.0-6.3$

Combined with EXO-200

Part of the Heidelberg-Moscow group claimed signal (KKDC claim)

$$T_{1/2}^{0\nu} = 2.33_{-0.31}^{+0.44} \times 10^{25} \text{ yr}, \quad \langle m_{\beta\beta} \rangle = 0.18-0.43 \text{ eV} \quad (2\sigma \text{ C.L.})$$

Some experiments are running near the claim.

->GERDA(^{76}Ge), CUORE(^{130}Te), EXO and KamLAND-Zen (^{136}Xe)

KamLAND Experiment

1,000t Liquid Scintillator

Dodecan(80%), Pseudocumene(20%), PPO(1.36g/l)

^{238}U 3.8×10^{-18} g/g, ^{232}Th 5.2×10^{-17} g/g

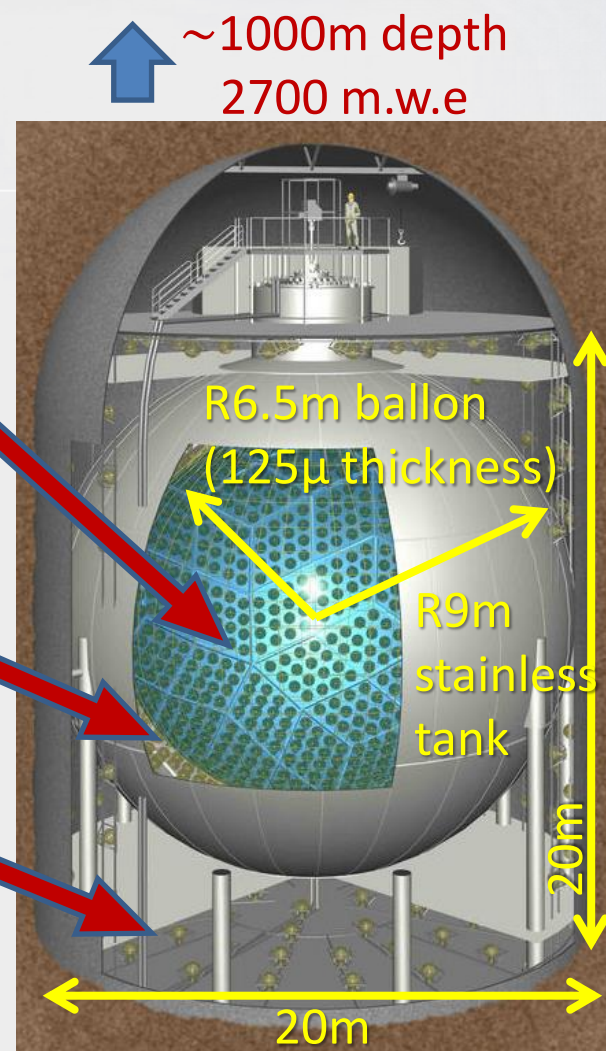
Mineral Oil

1,325 tubes of 17inch + 554 tubes of 20inch PMT
34% photo coverage

Water Cerenkov Outer Detector

225 tubes of 20inch PMT in pure water
Muon veto, Water shield

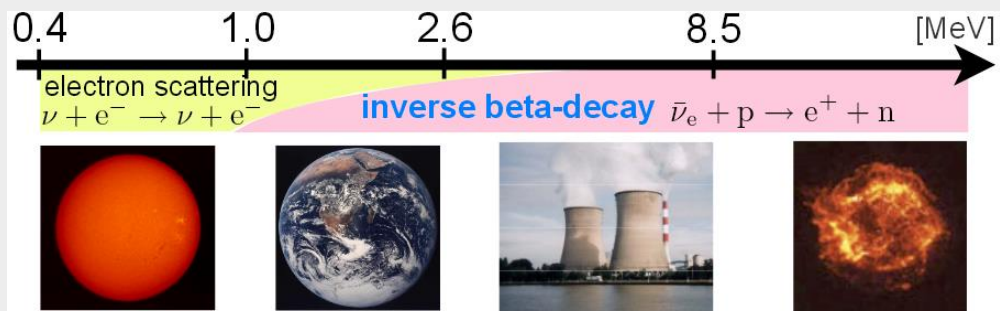
KamLAND inner view



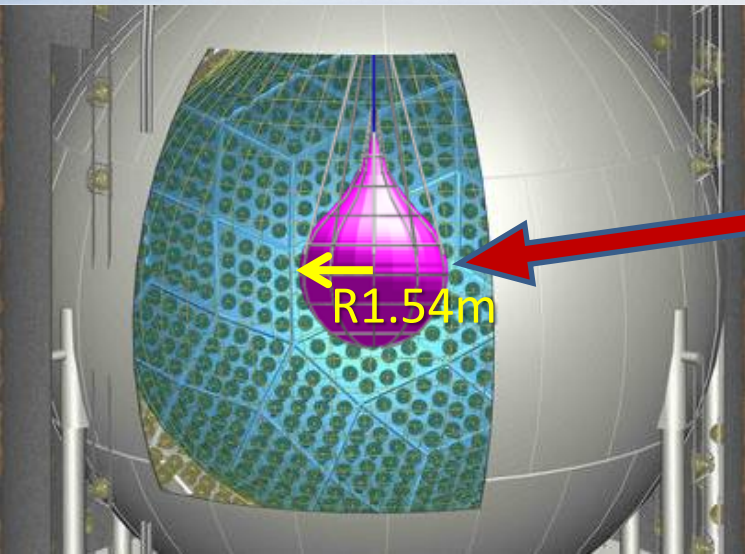
■ Wide energy range, ultra-low BG

■ Many physics results

solar neutrinos, geo neutrinos, reactor neutrinos, supernova neutrinos
etc...



KamLAND-Zen Experiment



Mini-Balloon

25 μ m thickness nylon film, 17m³ volume

Xe loaded LS

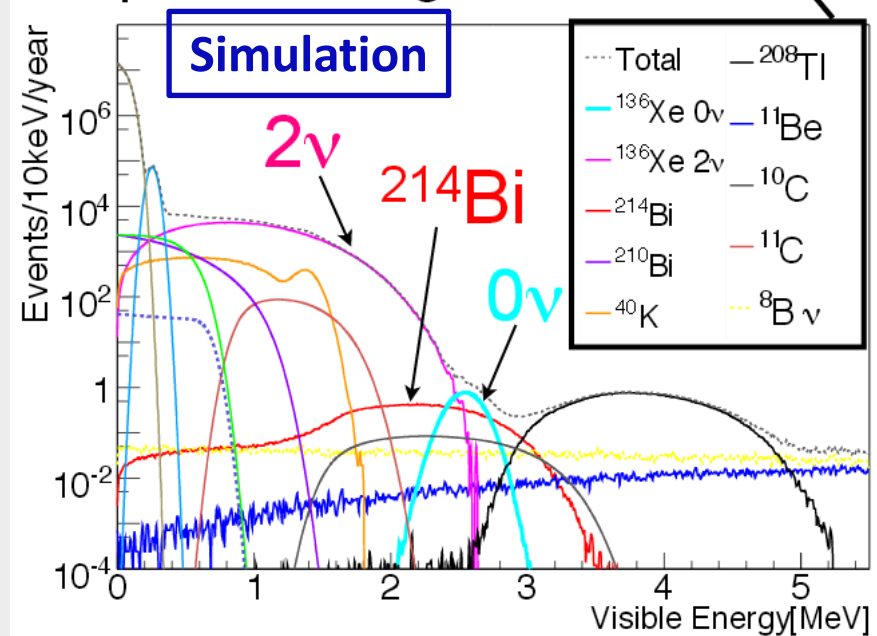
PC(18%), Decan(82%), PPO(2.7g/ ℓ)
+ Xe gas(2.44wt%) ¹³⁶Xe 91% enriched

Xe advantage

1. Isotopic **enrichment** is available
2. **Purification method** is established
3. Solubility to LS **>3 wt%**
4. **Slow 2ν rate** so good separation with 0ν

+ Large scale and Low BG of KamLAND

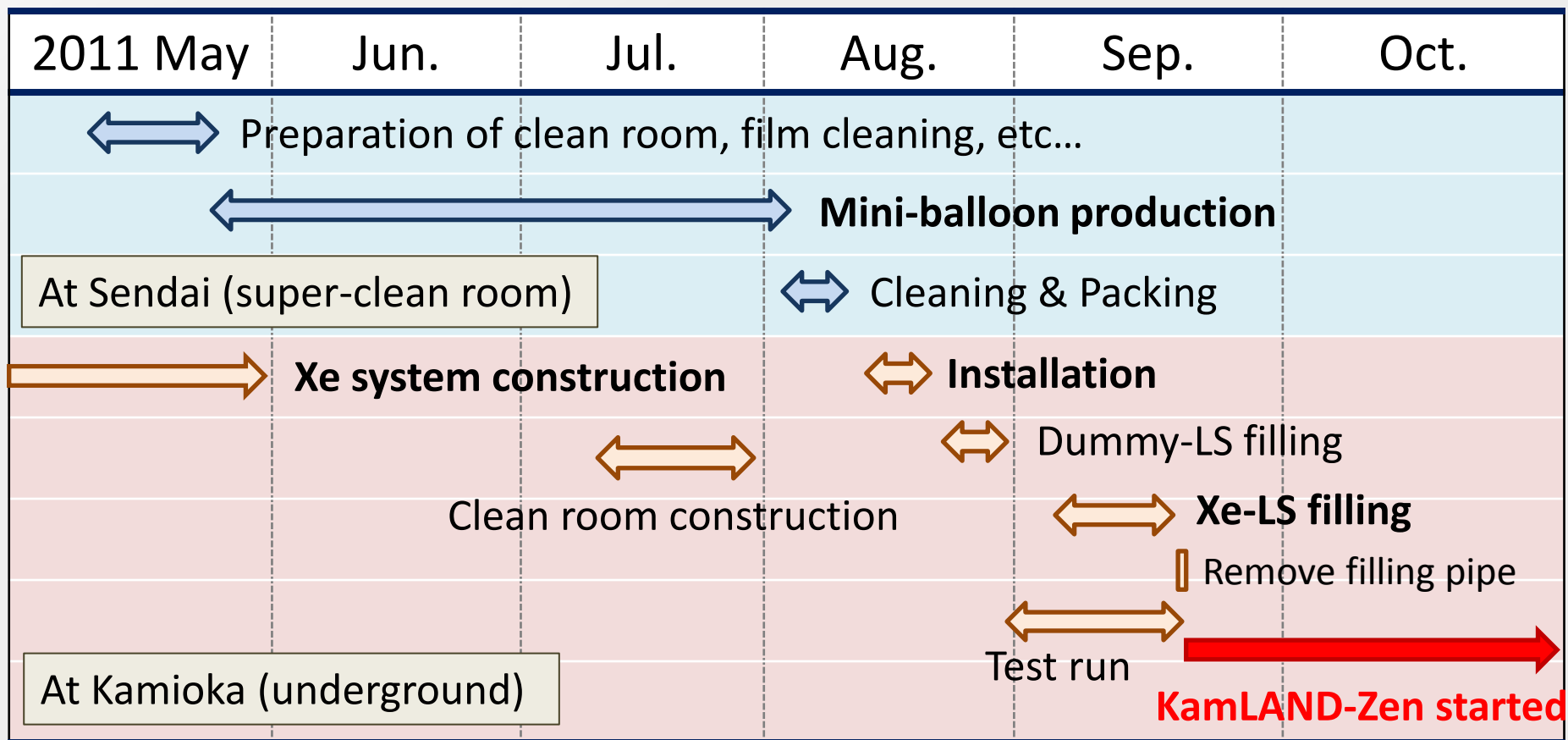
Expected background sources



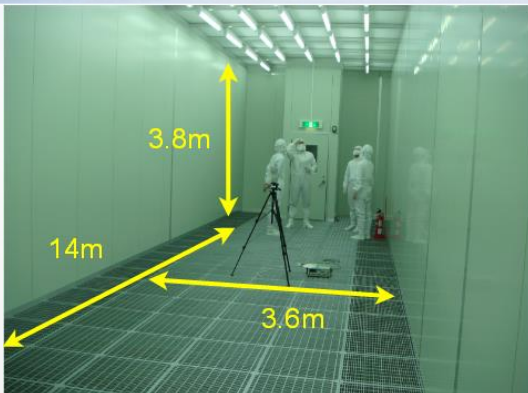
$\langle m_\nu \rangle = 150\text{meV}$, Xe:400kg

Detector Construction

- Quick and smooth construction and installation.
- KamLAND-Zen 1st phase started since Sep. 24, 2011



Mini-Balloon Production



Class 1 clean room at Sendai, Tohoku University's facility



Ultra-sonic cleaning using ultra-pure water

A roll for bringing



Heat welding



Filling test with water in water

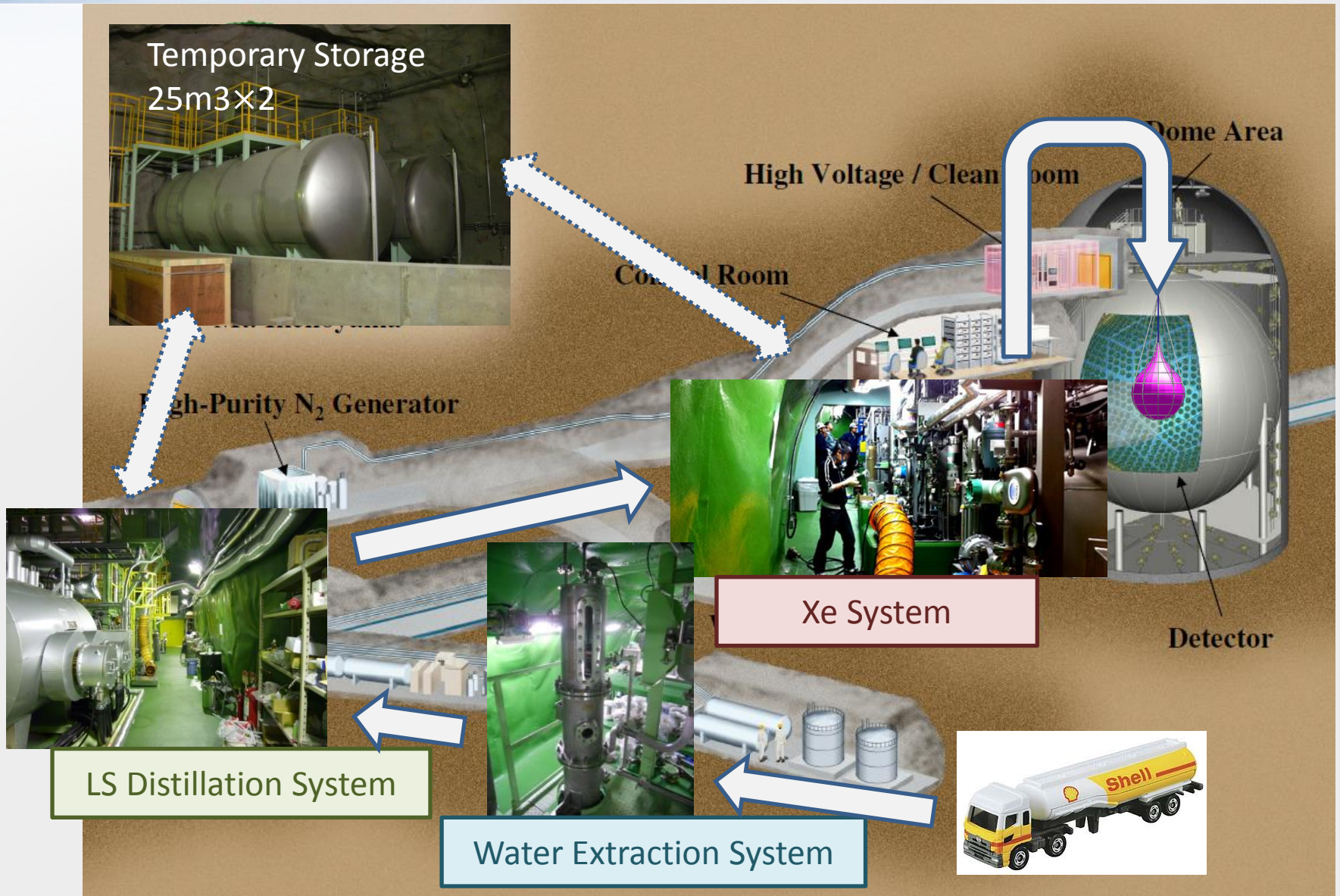
Material Characters

Transparency at 400nm		99.1%
Breaking strength		>20 [N/cm]
Xe leakage		<0.26 [kg/year]
Radioactive Impurities	^{238}U	1.9×10^{-12} g/g
	^{232}Th	4.9×10^{-12} g/g
	^{40}K	5.6×10^{-12} g/g



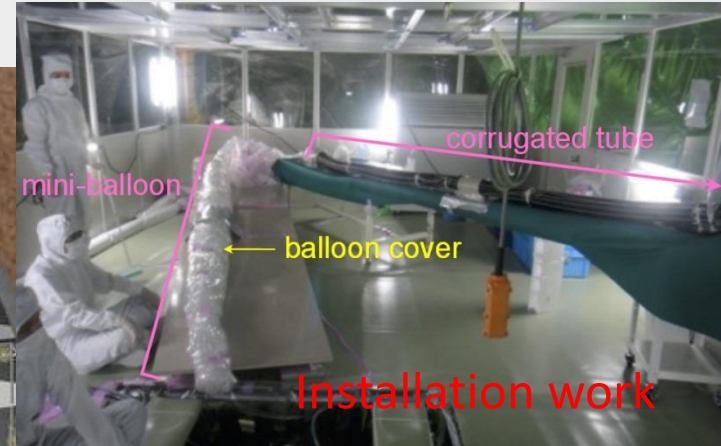
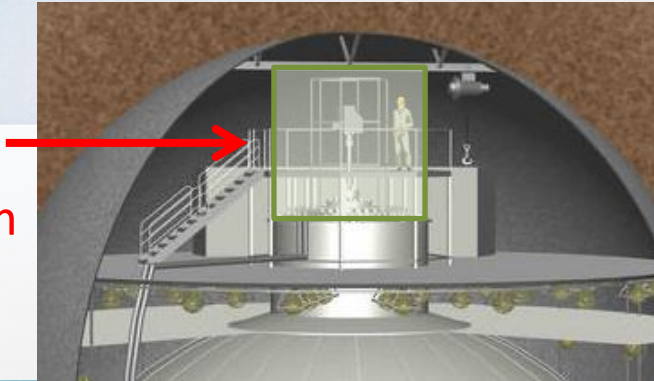
To Kamioka Underground

Preparation of Xe Loaded LS

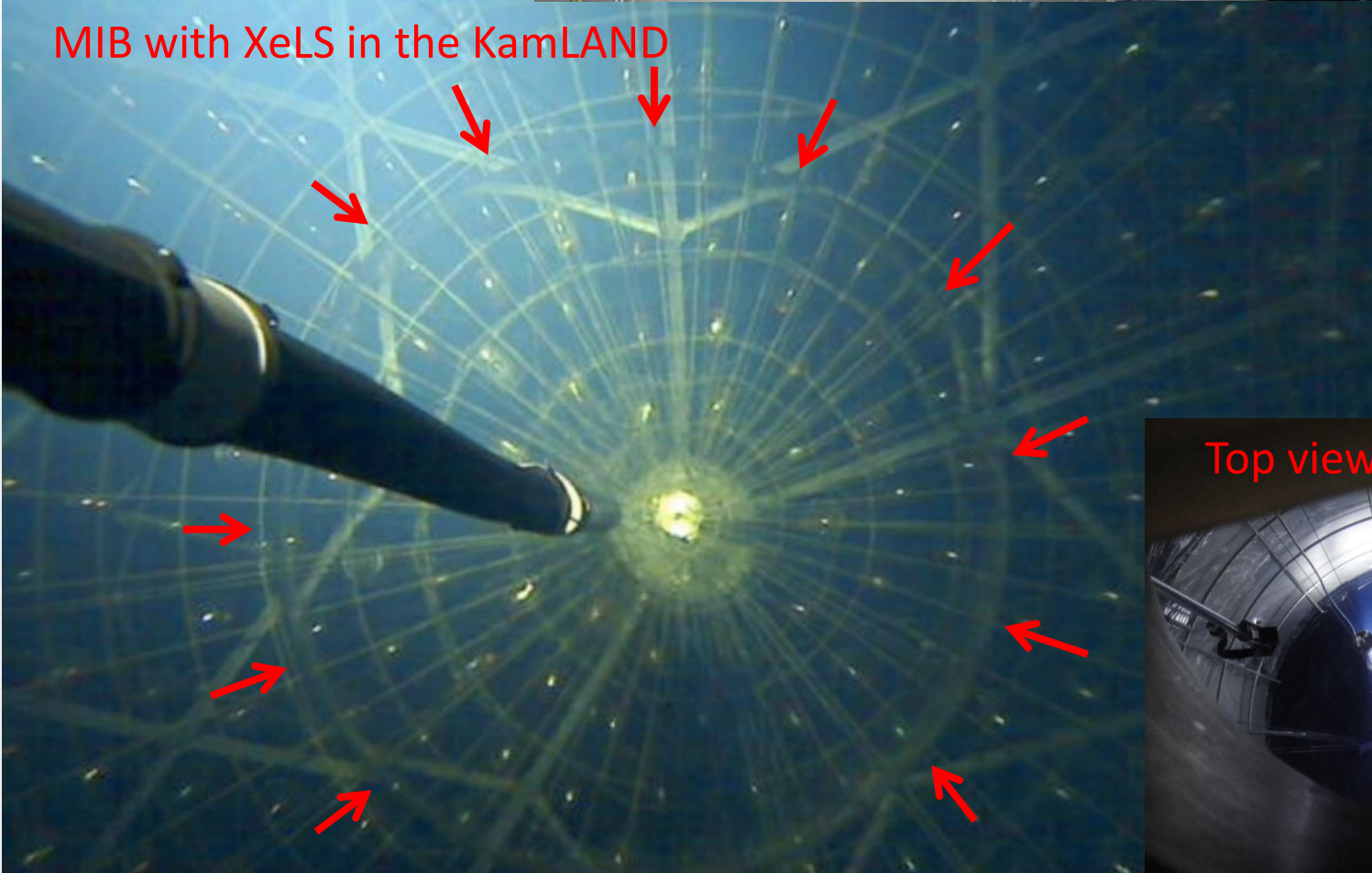


Installation

Class 10
Clean room

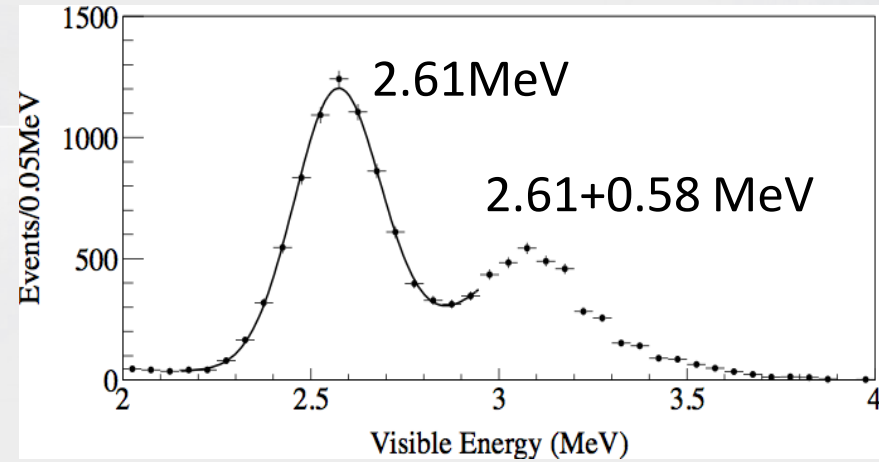
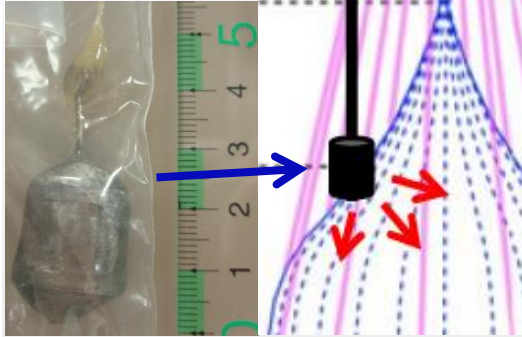
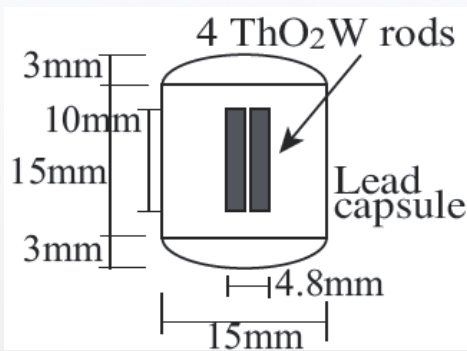


MIB with XeLS in the KamLAND



Calibration

■ ^{208}Tl (2.61 MeV γ)



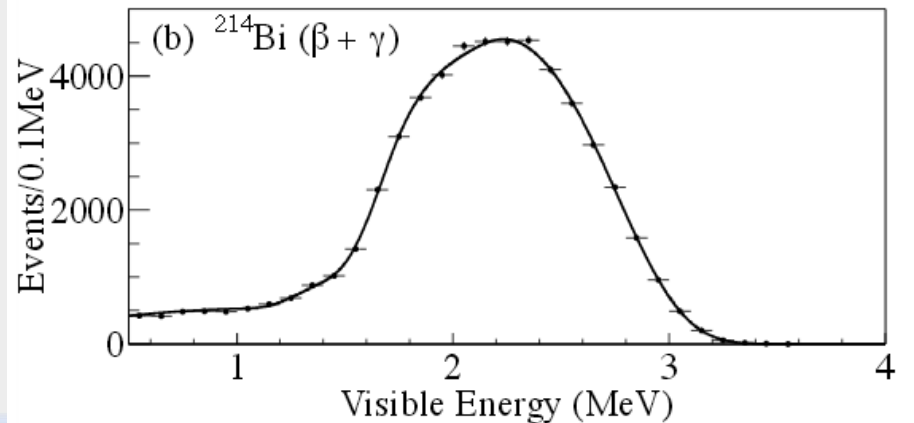
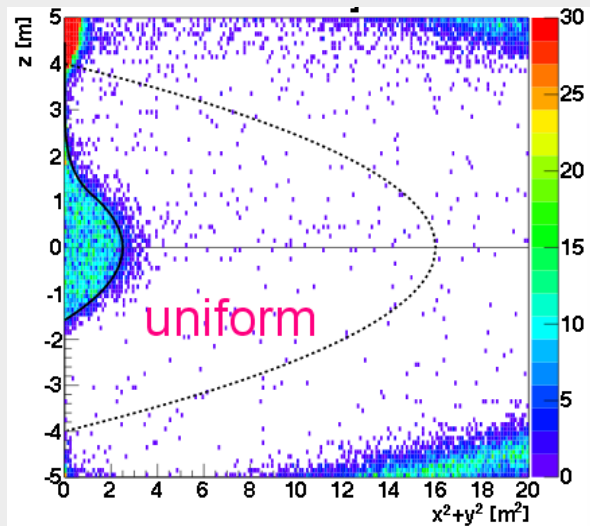
$$\sigma = (6.6 \pm 0.3)\% / \sqrt{E[\text{MeV}]}$$

■ ^{214}Bi ($\beta + \gamma$)

Sequential decay of ^{214}Bi - ^{214}Po

Identifiable by delayed coincidence
(Tagging efficiency $99.97 \pm 0.01\%$)

Vertex Distribution



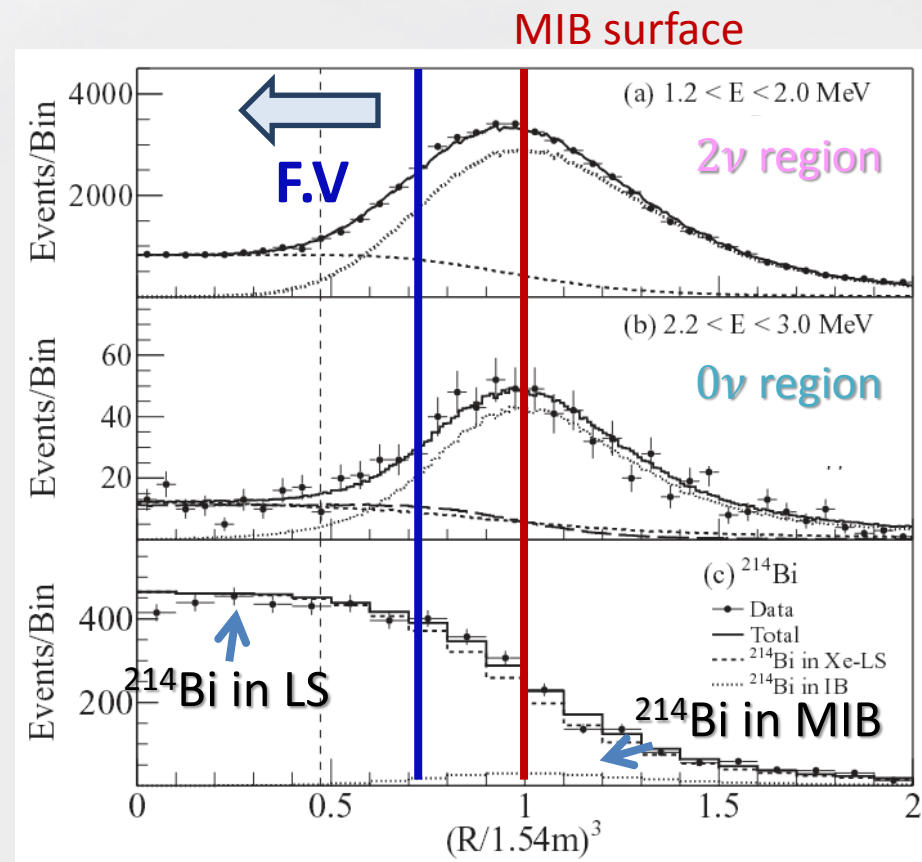
Fiducial Volume

	DS1	DS2
Live time [day]	112.3	101.1
Fiducial Xe-LS mass [ton]	8.04	5.55
Xe concentration [wt%]	2.44	2.48
^{136}Xe mass [kg]	179	125
^{136}Xe exposure [kg-yr]	54.9	34.6

DS2 has inlet pipe in MIB for several activities.

Systematic Uncertainties

Fiducial Volume	4.0 %
Enrichment of ^{136}Xe	0.05 %
Xe amount	0.36 %
Energy scale	0.3 %
Detection efficiency	0.2%
Total	3.9%



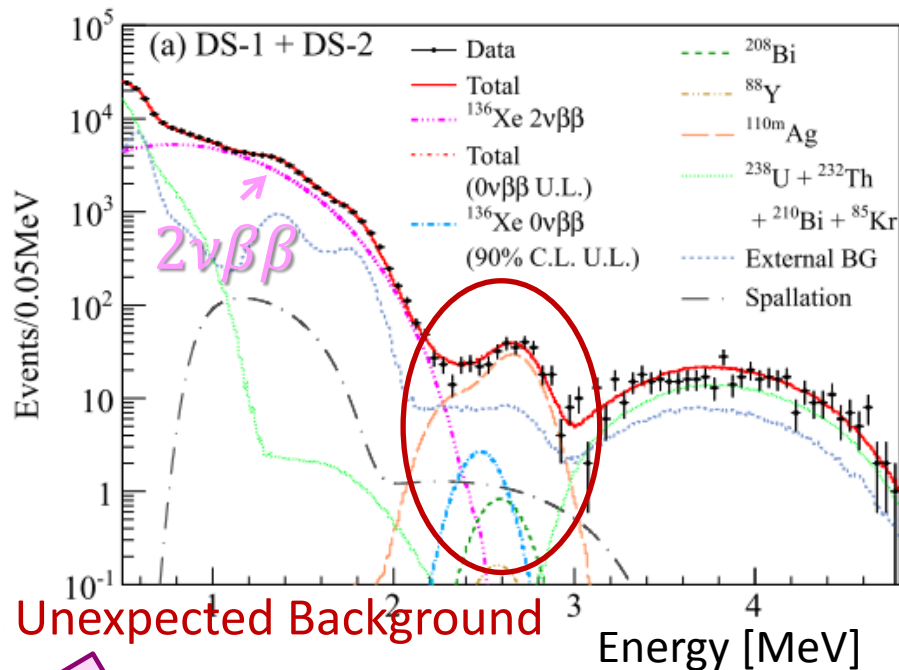
Fiducial Volume is estimated with ^{214}Bi rate of inside balloon.

Systematic Error of F.V. is dominant.

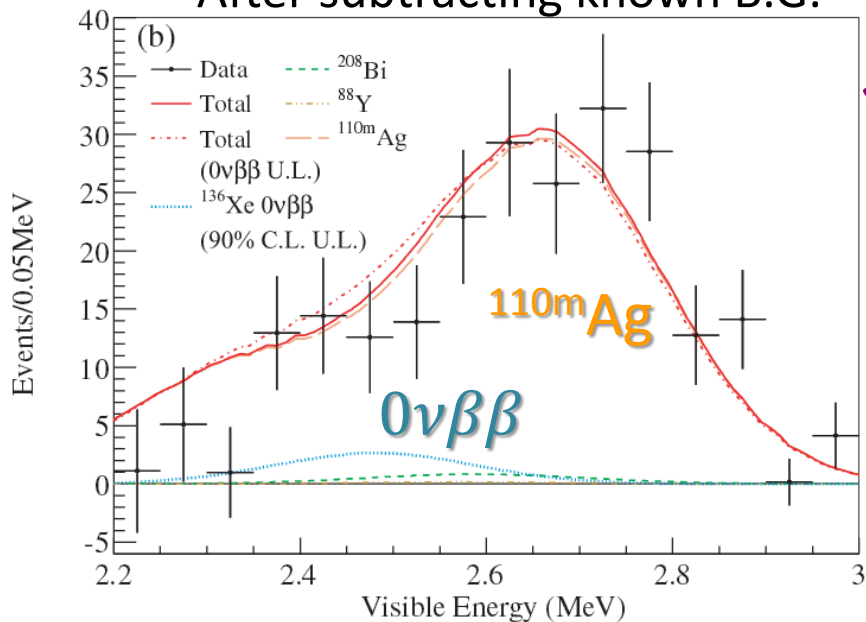
Recent Results

Event Selection

1. Fiducial Cut
2. 2ms veto after muon
3. Remove Bi-Po events
4. Anti-nu CC reaction cut
5. Vertex-time-charge test to cut noise



After subtracting known B.G.



$2\nu\beta\beta$

$$T_{1/2}^{2\nu} = 2.30 \times 10^{21} \text{ year} \pm 0.02(\text{stat.}) \pm 0.14(\text{sys.})$$

$0\nu\beta\beta$

$$T_{1/2}^{0\nu} > 1.9 \times 10^{25} \text{ yr } 90\% \text{ C.L.}$$

Background

Half-life & energy spectrum fitting

➔ Identified as $^{110\text{m}}\text{Ag}$

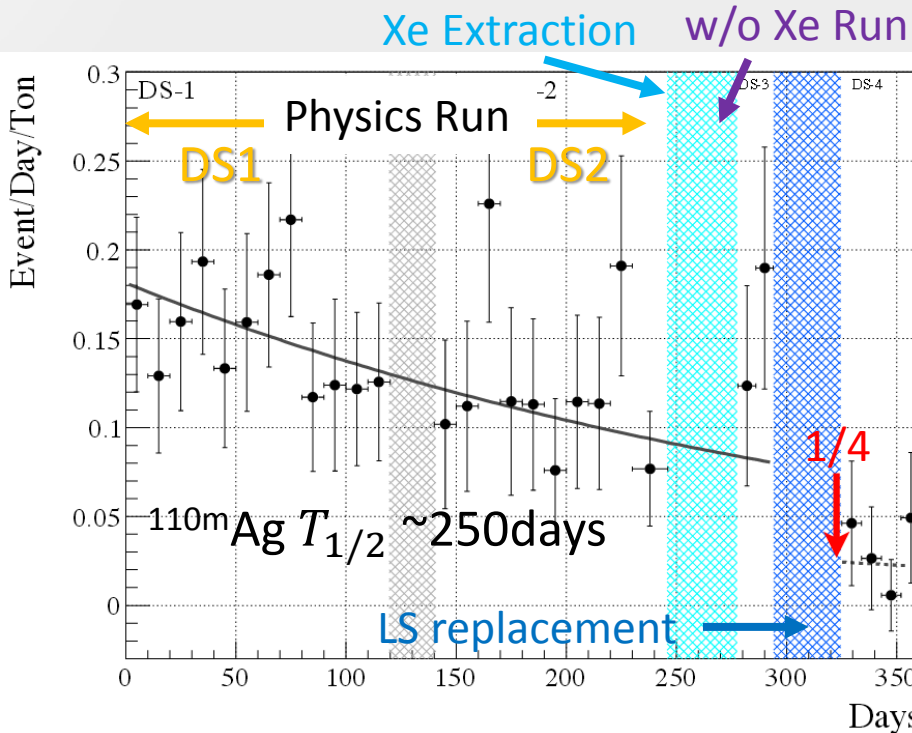
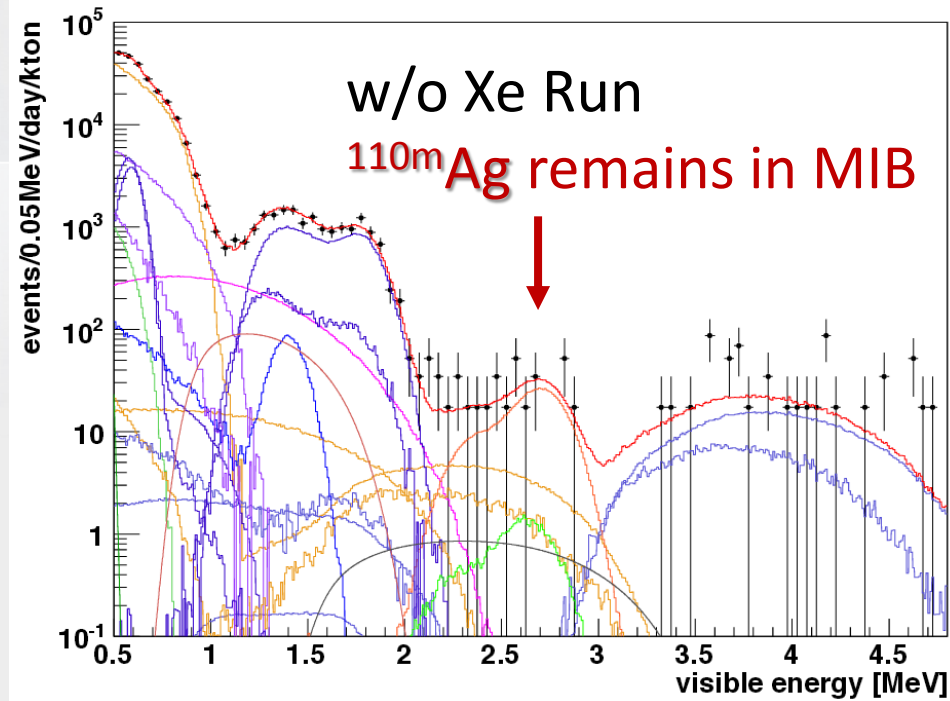
After Xe Extraction

■ Extraction Xe from MIB

- Check $2\nu\beta\beta$ disappear
- B.G. remains in MIB
- Confirm not 0ν

Extracted Xe was collected into bottle

➔ Will be purified by distillation



■ Replacement with new LS

- To remove ^{110m}Ag from MIB

Reduction factor was $1/4$.

^{110m}Ag on balloon surface remains and diffused into LS

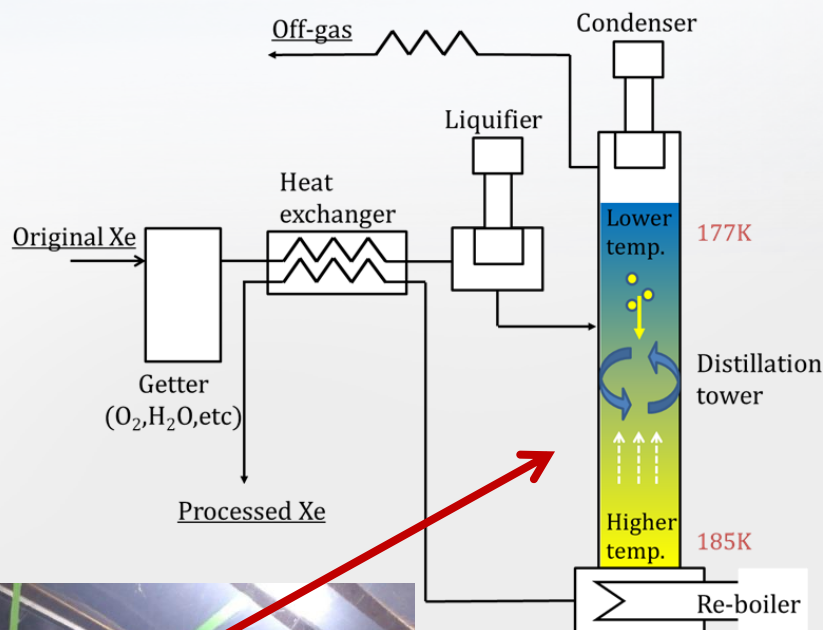
*Need to more reduction
Target $\rightarrow 1/100$*

Purification for Xe

New item for KamLAND-Zen

The System is provided by XMASS group

K.Abe *et. al*, *Astropart. Phys.* 31,290-296(2009)

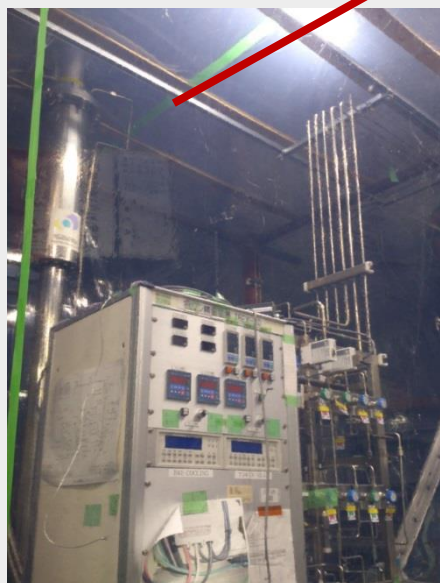


Developed for Kr removal from Xe.

Number of theoretical column: 6

Process speed: 0.6 kg Xe/h

Higher boiling point materials than Xe can be removed.



- **411.5kg** distilled Xe was already prepared for next Xe-LS.
- Distilled Xe gas will be passed into Getter before filling.

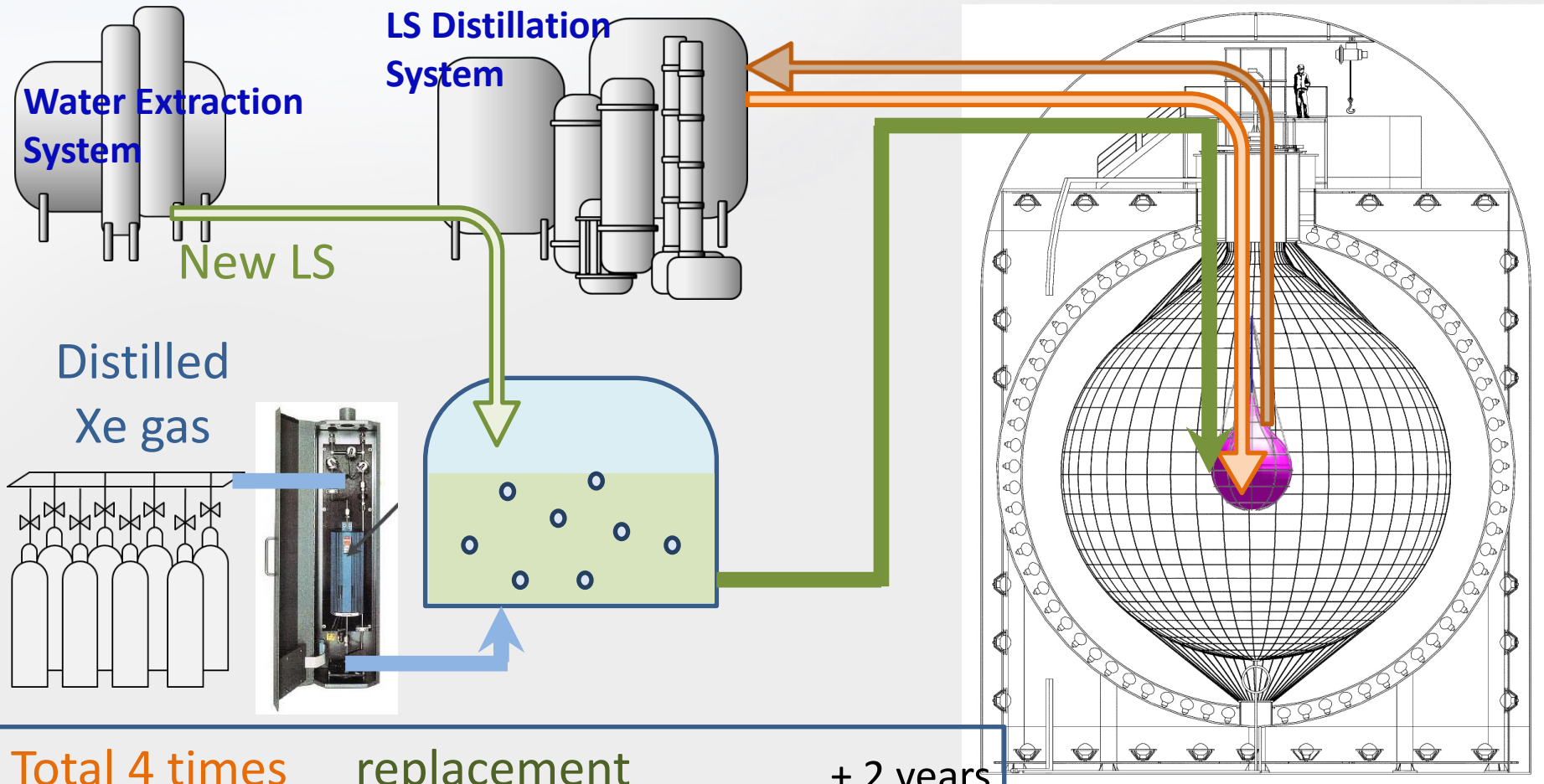


Zr alloy

H₂O, N₂, O₂, CH₄, CO, CO₂, and Metallic atoms are adsorbed.

Circular Purification

Repeat LS distillation and replacement for MIB LS containing ^{110m}Ag

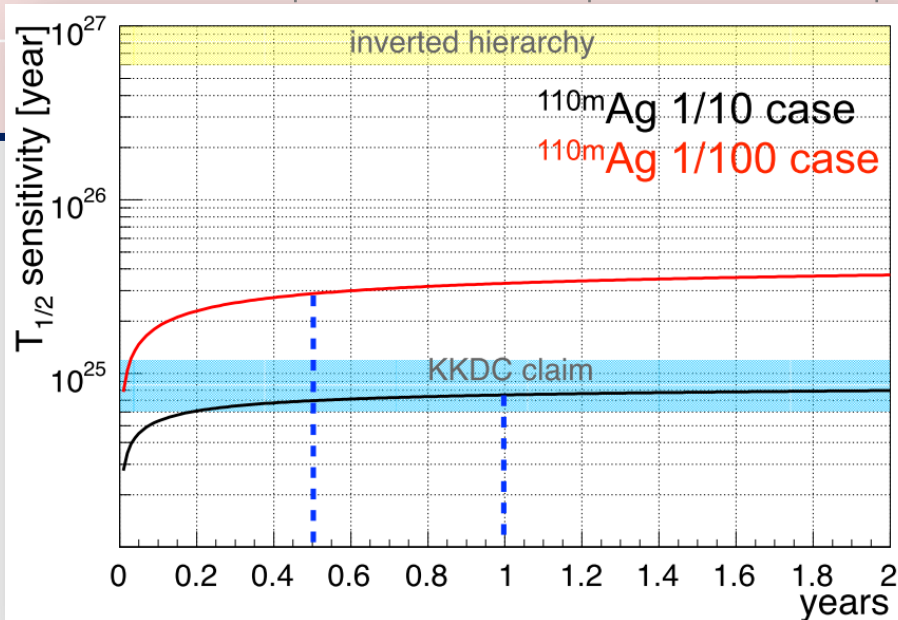
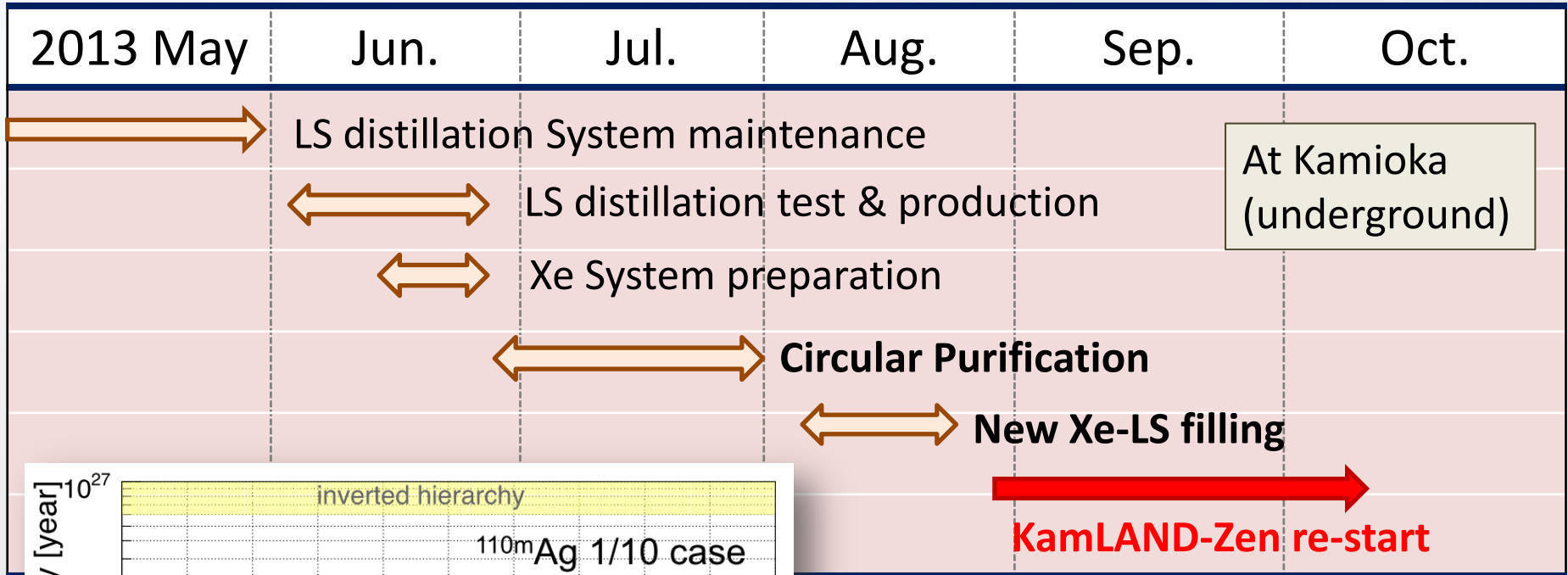


Total 4 times replacement + replacement with new LS(with Xe) + 2 years (decay)

$$\left(\frac{1}{4}\right)^4 \times \frac{1}{4} \times \frac{1}{4} = \frac{1}{4096} \text{ reduction! (ideal...)}$$

Restart measurement

Schedule & Expected Sensitivity



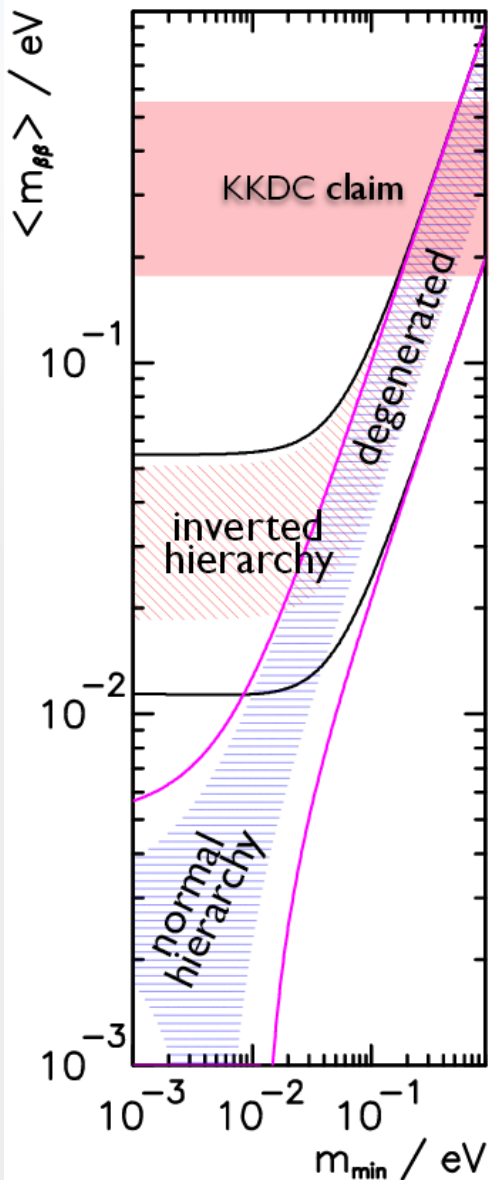
In ^{100}mAg 1/100 case,
We can achieve

$$T_{1/2}^{0\nu} > 3.0 \times 10^{25} \text{ yr}$$

$$\langle m_{\beta\beta} \rangle \sim 80 \text{ meV}$$

for 6 month run time.

Future Plans



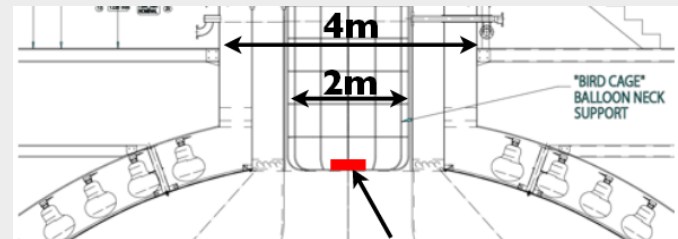
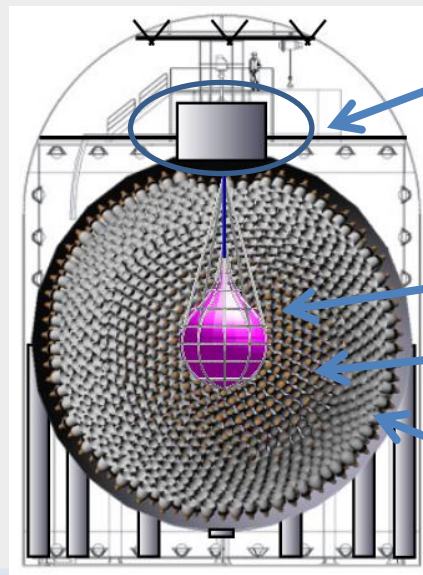
Exclude KKDC claim (97.5% C.L.)

Current
(KamLAND-Zen + EXO-200 combined)

After purification (~ March, 2014)

New mini-balloon (600kg ~ ^{136}Xe)
start preparation in this year

KamLAND2-Zen



Expansion of opening section

~1000kg ^{136}Xe balloon

New brighter LS

Light collection cone to improve energy resolution.

Summary

- KamLAND-Zen recent results
 - $T_{1/2}^{2\nu} = 2.30 \pm 0.02(\text{stat.}) \pm 0.14(\text{sys.}) \times 10^{21} \text{ yr}$
 - $T_{1/2}^{0\nu} > 1.9 \times 10^{25} \text{ yr}$ 90% C.L.
 - Exposure 89.5 kg-yr
- Combined with EXO-200
 - $\langle m_{\beta\beta} \rangle : <120\text{-}250 \text{ meV}$ Exclude KKDC claim (97.5% C.L.)
- Current activities of KamLAND-Zen
 - LS purification for reducing $^{110\text{m}}\text{Ag}$ B.G.
 - After purification run will start from Sep. 2013.
 - KamLAND-Zen will achieve $<80\text{meV}$ effective mass limit by the early of next year.
- KamLAND-Zen next phase is funded from this year.
- KamLAND2-Zen has great potential to search below inverted hierarchy.

World's best
World's best
World's best