

Aug 28, 2023

- 基研研究会

素粒子物理学の進展2023 (PPP2023)



# 暗黒物質直接探索の現状

身内賢太朗  
(神戸大学)

暗黒物質

暗黒物質直接探索  
最近の話題

科研費  
KAKENHI

• はじめまして/お久しぶりです 身内賢太朗です

- いまのところずっと 暗黒物質直接探索  $\leftrightarrow$  見つからない
- そろそろ 見つけて 性質解明 と行きたい

- D論
- PD～助教
- 准教授

東大物理 みのわ研  
京大物理 宇宙線研究室  
神戸大 粒子物理研究室

LiFボロメータ  
ガスTPC  
+=液体キセノン検出器 その他



BSフジ

TOP 報道・情報 スポーツ 映画・ドラマ 時代劇 紀行 ドキュメンタリー エンタメ 音楽 アニメ・キッズ ミニ番組

2022年6月12日放映  
「ガリレオX」

ドキュメンタリー

see also  
日本物理学会誌 第75巻  
(2020年) 第2号 68-76頁 交流

## 宇宙のダークマター直接探索の現状



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# 暗黒物質

Corresponding author: Kentaro Miuchi  
Journal of Advanced Instrumentation in Science  
Email address: miuchi@phys.sci.kobe-u.ac.jp  
Technical Report

JAIS-ID, 2023

## LATEX Challenges for the directional dark matter direct detection

Kentaro Miuchi,<sup>1</sup> Dinesh Loomba,<sup>2</sup>

<sup>1</sup>*Department of Physics, Kobe University, Hyogo 657-8501, Japan.*

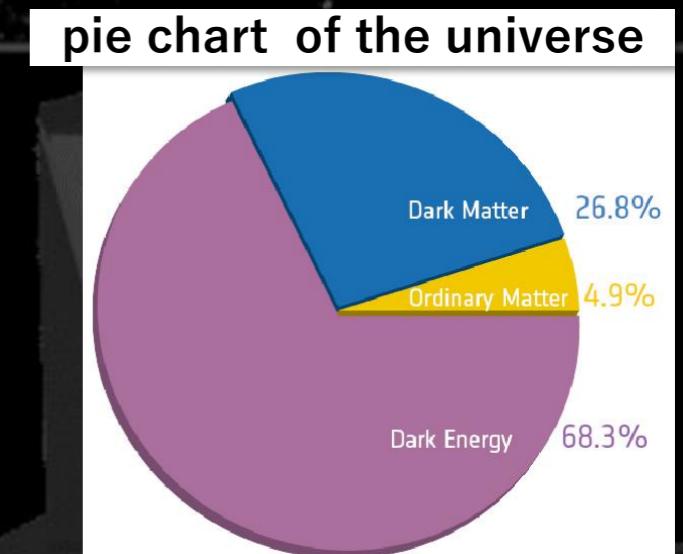
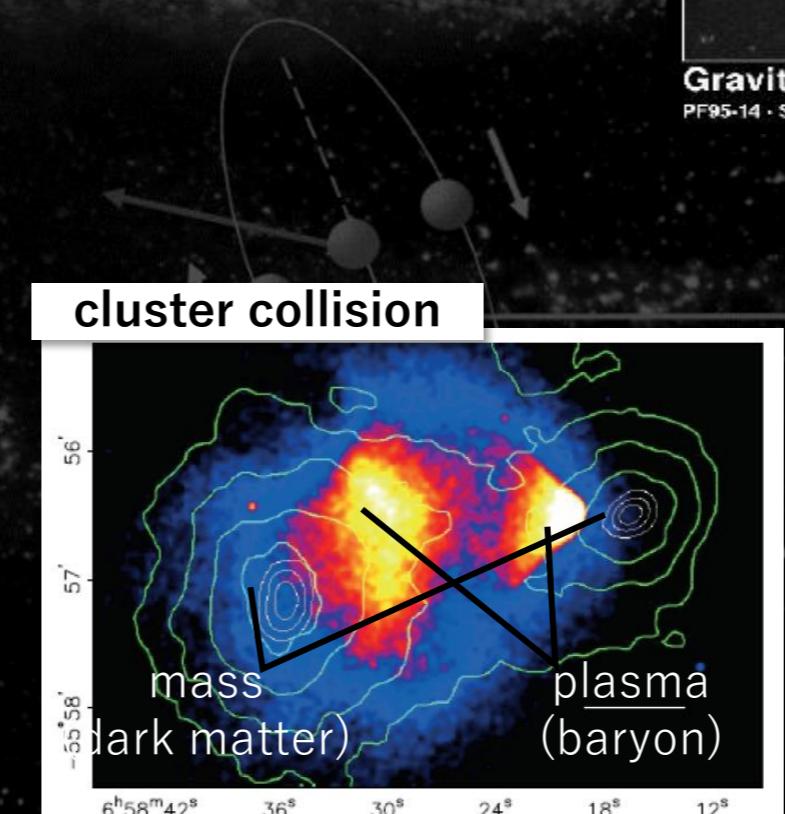
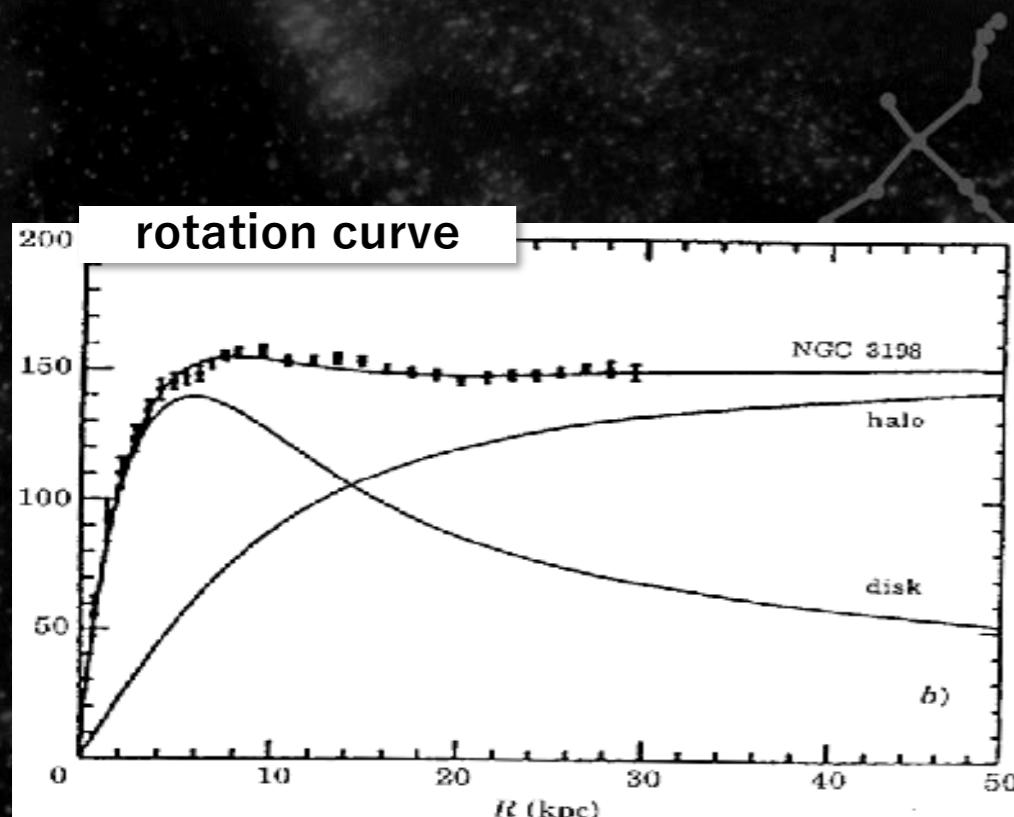
<sup>2</sup>*Department of Physics and Astronomy, University of New Mexico, NM 87131, USA*

coming soon...

some results will be updated this week in TAUP 2023

- DM: seen in various scales in the universe

- @ galaxy: rotation curves (1970~)
- @ cluster of galaxies: collision of galaxy clusters (2007~)
- @ universe: CMB and other observations (2002~)

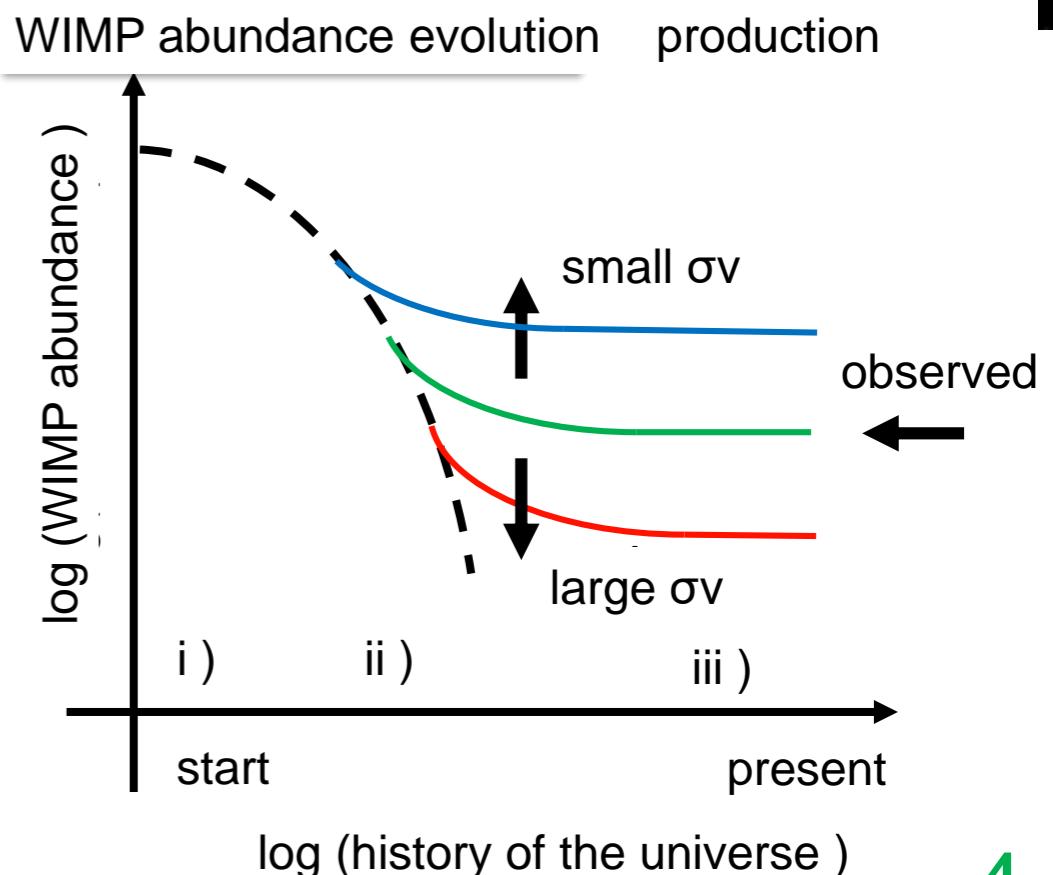
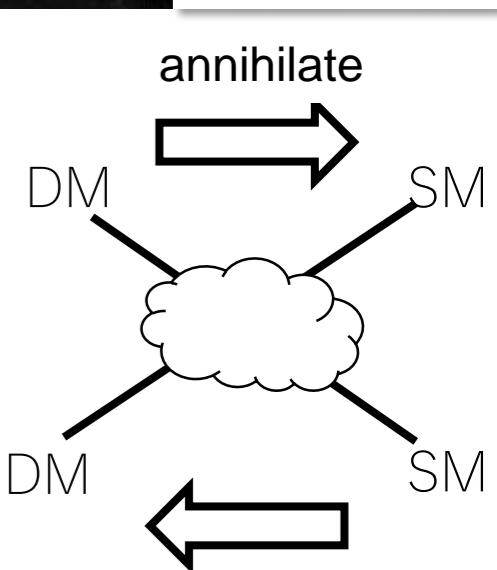


# • DM candidates: thousands of them

- “good” candidates would solve other problems
  - AXION (CP problem in QCD)
  - Primordial black hole (BHs are there!)
  - WIMPs (Weakly Interacting Massive Particles)

## • WIMPs

- Produced in the early universe
- Annihilate
  - rate  $\propto$  cross section  $\times$  velocity
- Freeze out at some point
  - abundance is fixed
- $\sigma \sim$  weak scale explains present abundance  
 $\Rightarrow$  WIMP miracle!



# • WIMP hunting

- WIMP-SM (standard model particle, i.e. quarks) particle interaction

- Direct search
- Indirect search
- Collider

complementary,  
synergy

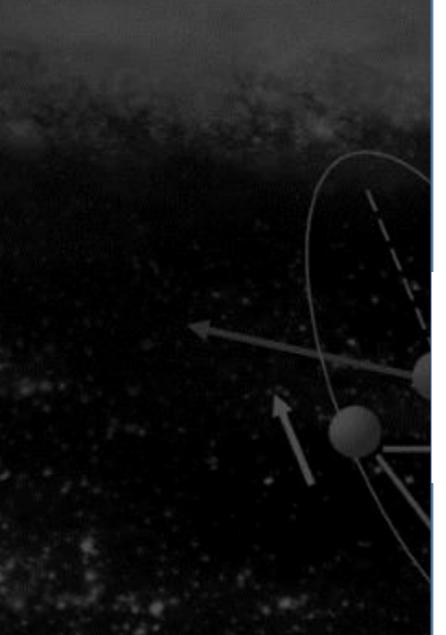
## Dark Matter searches in the 2020s

At the crossroads of the WIMP

Symposium on next-generation collider,  
direct, and indirect Dark Matter searches

11-13 November 2019  
The University of Tokyo, Kashiwa Campus  
Asia/Tokyo timezone

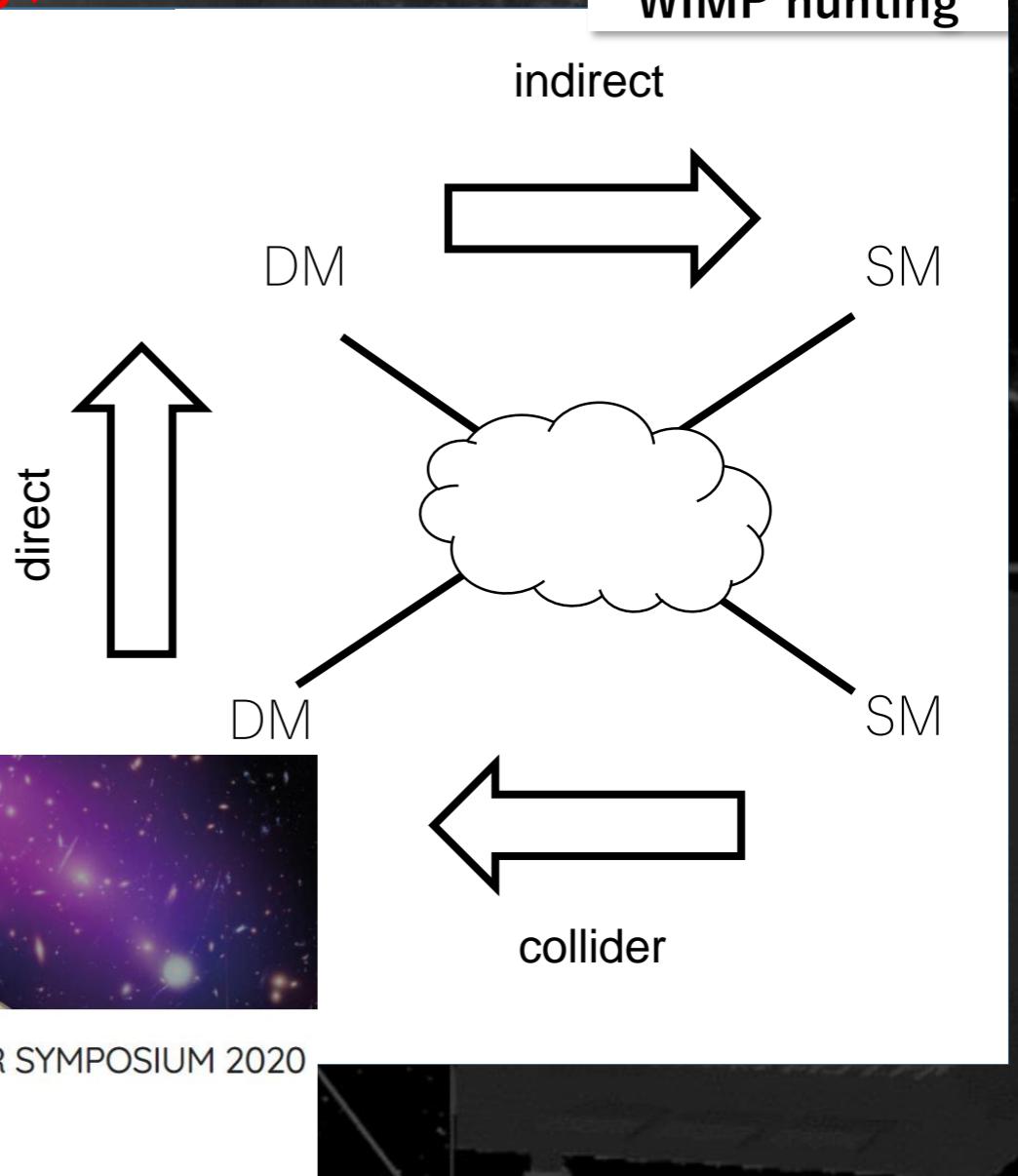
Overview  
Registration  
Important Dates  
Invited speaker List  
Timetable  
Poster presentations  
Participant List  
How to get to Kashiwa  
Lunch Information  
Banquet Information  
Visa application  
Accommodation  
Wifi/Internet connection



KASHIWA DARK MATTER SYMPOSIUM 2020

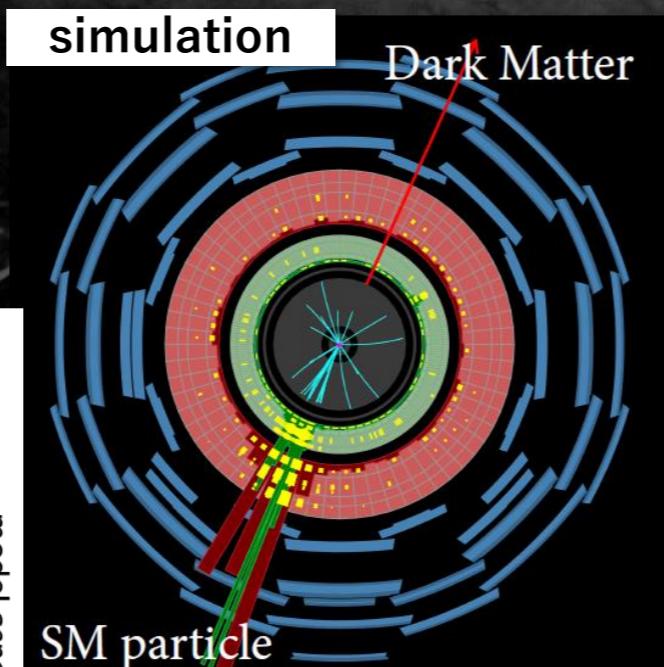
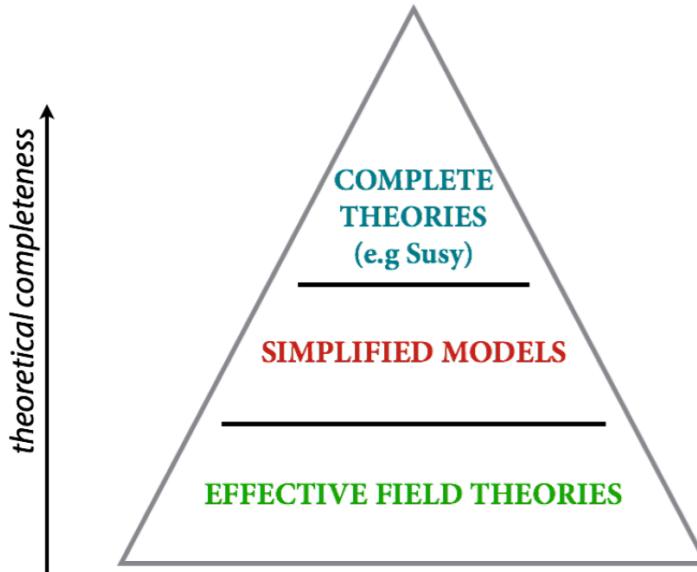
16-19 November 2020  
virtual

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- Collider
  - LHC @ CERN
  - Missing E signal
  - Searches with various ways
  - No hint so far

## Theoretical framework

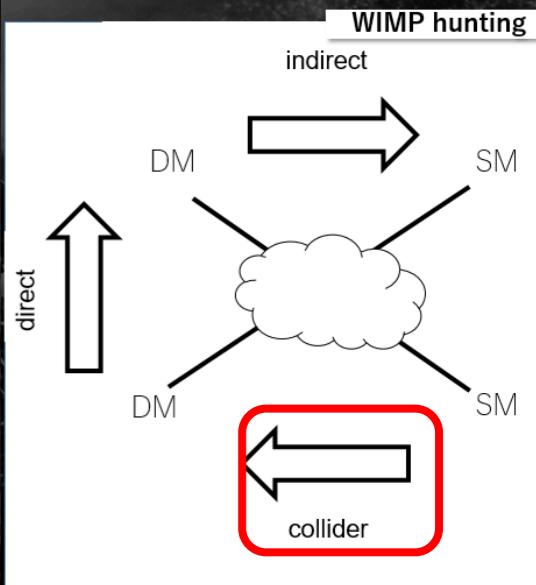


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## Dark matter searches at colliders.

Priscilla Pani  
on behalf of ATLAS, CMS & LHCb

Dark Matter searches in the 2020 - Tokyo  
11-13 November 2019

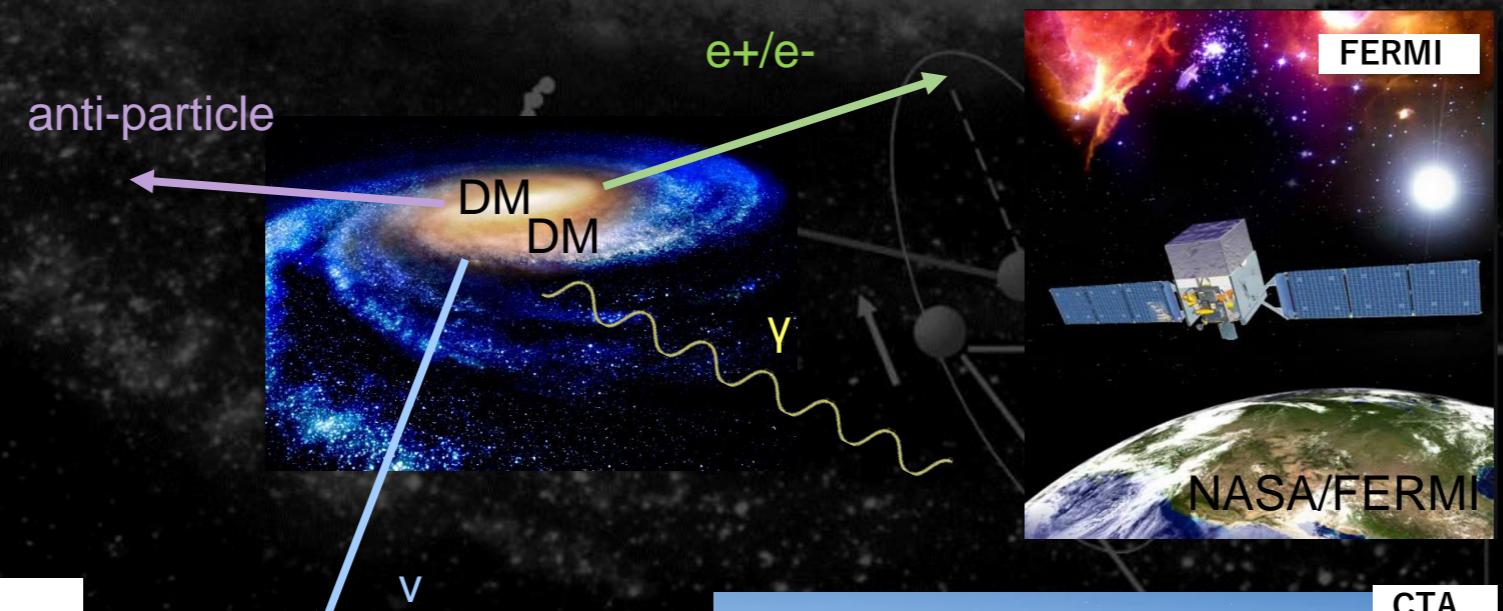
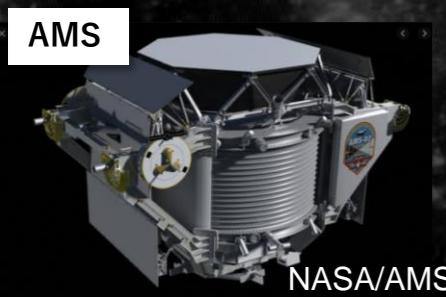
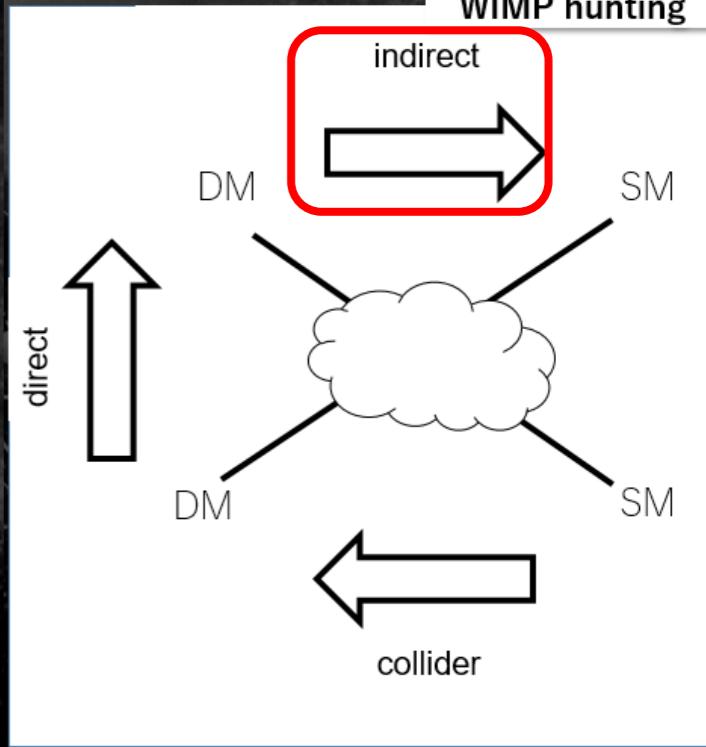


## Conclusion - Cheat sheet DM-mediator searches

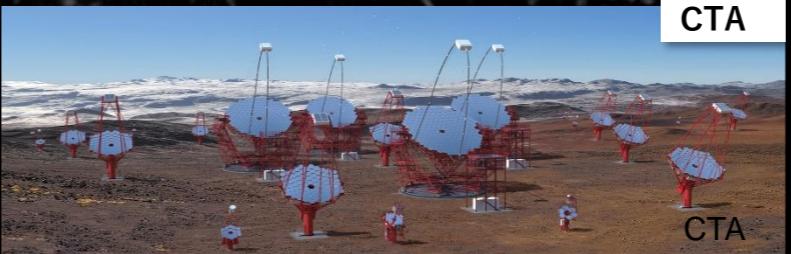
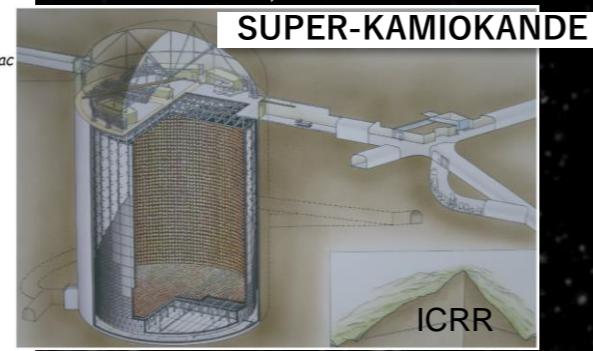
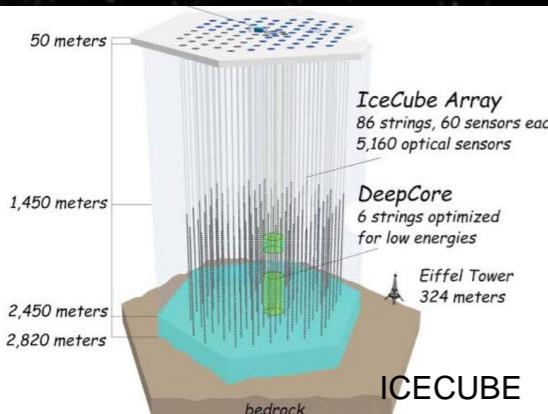
Signature	Dataset	Reference
Di-lepton resonance	139 fb <sup>-1</sup>	<a href="#">1903.06248</a>
Di-jet, Di-jet + ISR,	139 fb <sup>-1</sup>	<a href="#">1901.10917</a> , <a href="#">ATLAS-CONF-2019-007</a> , <a href="#">1808.03124</a>
Di-bjet	80 fb <sup>-1</sup>	<a href="#">ATLAS-CONF-2018-052</a>
Di-jet + leptons	80 fb <sup>-1</sup>	<a href="#">ATLAS-CONF-2018-015</a>
Dijet + photons	36 fb <sup>-1</sup>	<a href="#">1905.10331</a>
E <sub>T</sub> miss + Higgs	36 fb <sup>-1</sup>	<a href="#">1908.01713</a>
E <sub>T</sub> miss + t/tbar	36 fb <sup>-1</sup>	<a href="#">1901.01553</a>
E <sub>T</sub> miss + jet	36 fb <sup>-1</sup>	<a href="#">1712.02345</a>
H invisible	36 fb <sup>-1</sup>	<a href="#">Phys. Rev. Lett. 122 (2019) 231801</a>
ATLAS DM summary	36 fb <sup>-1</sup>	<a href="#">JHEP 05 (2019) 142</a>

# • Indirect Search

- WIMPs annihilate @ Galactic Center, Dwarf Galaxy, sun...
- No conclusive result yet



ICECUBE

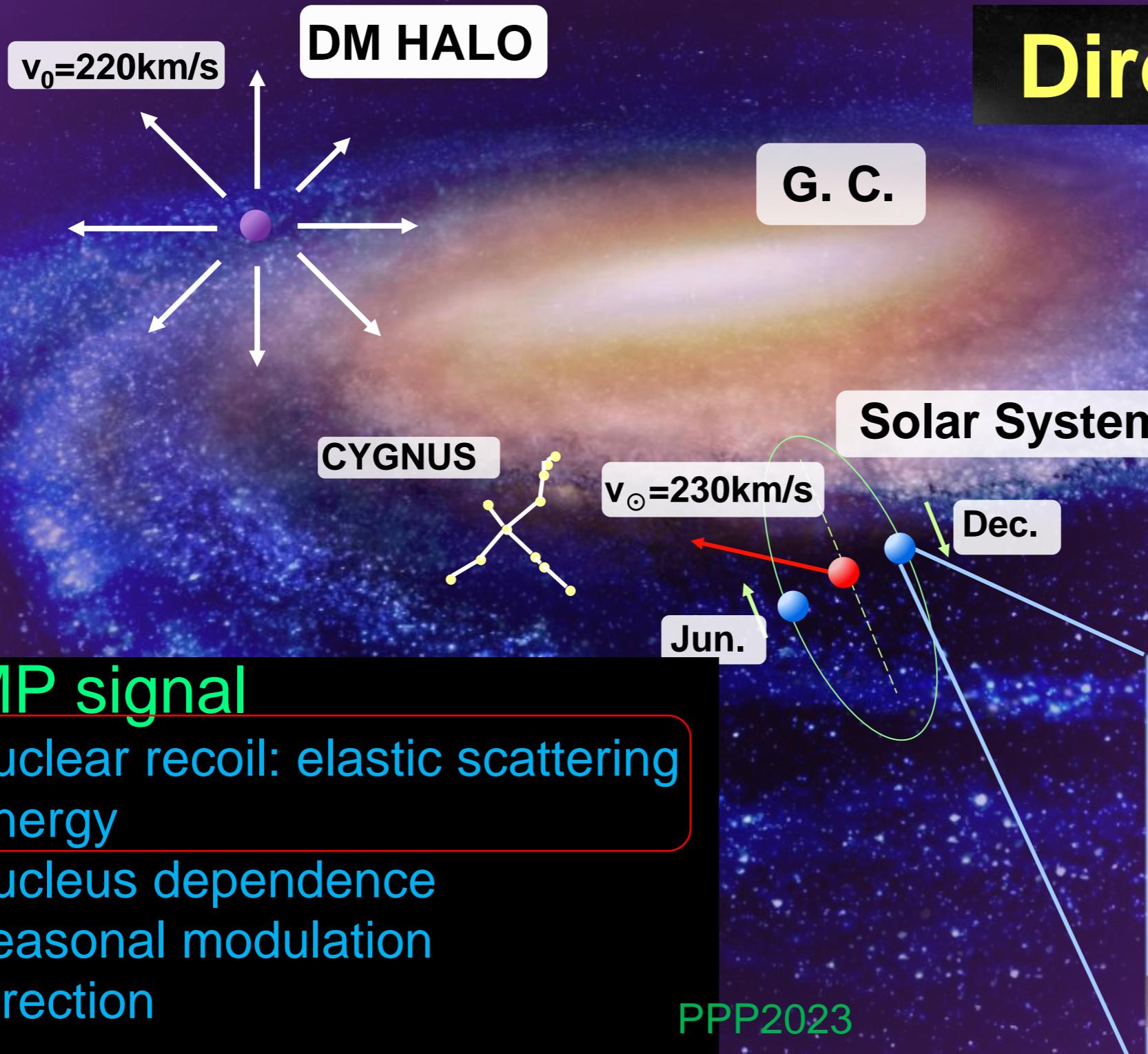


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# Direct Search



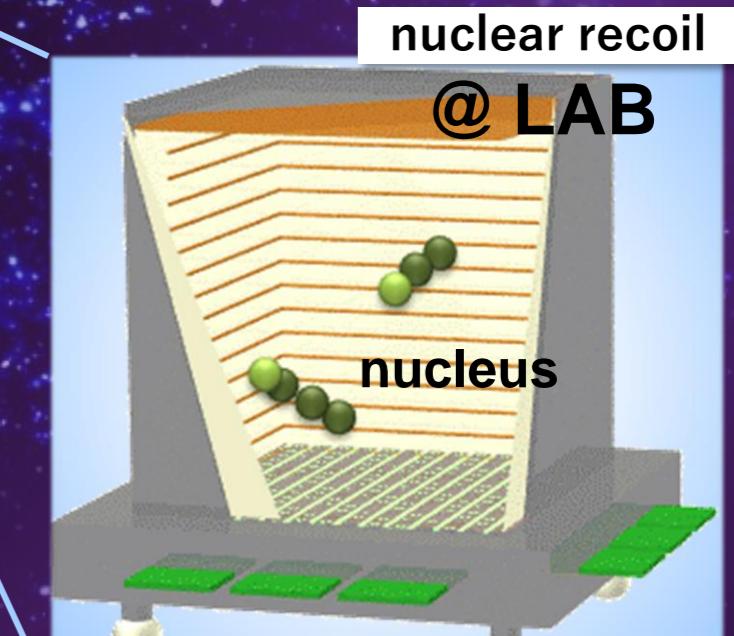
# Direct Detection



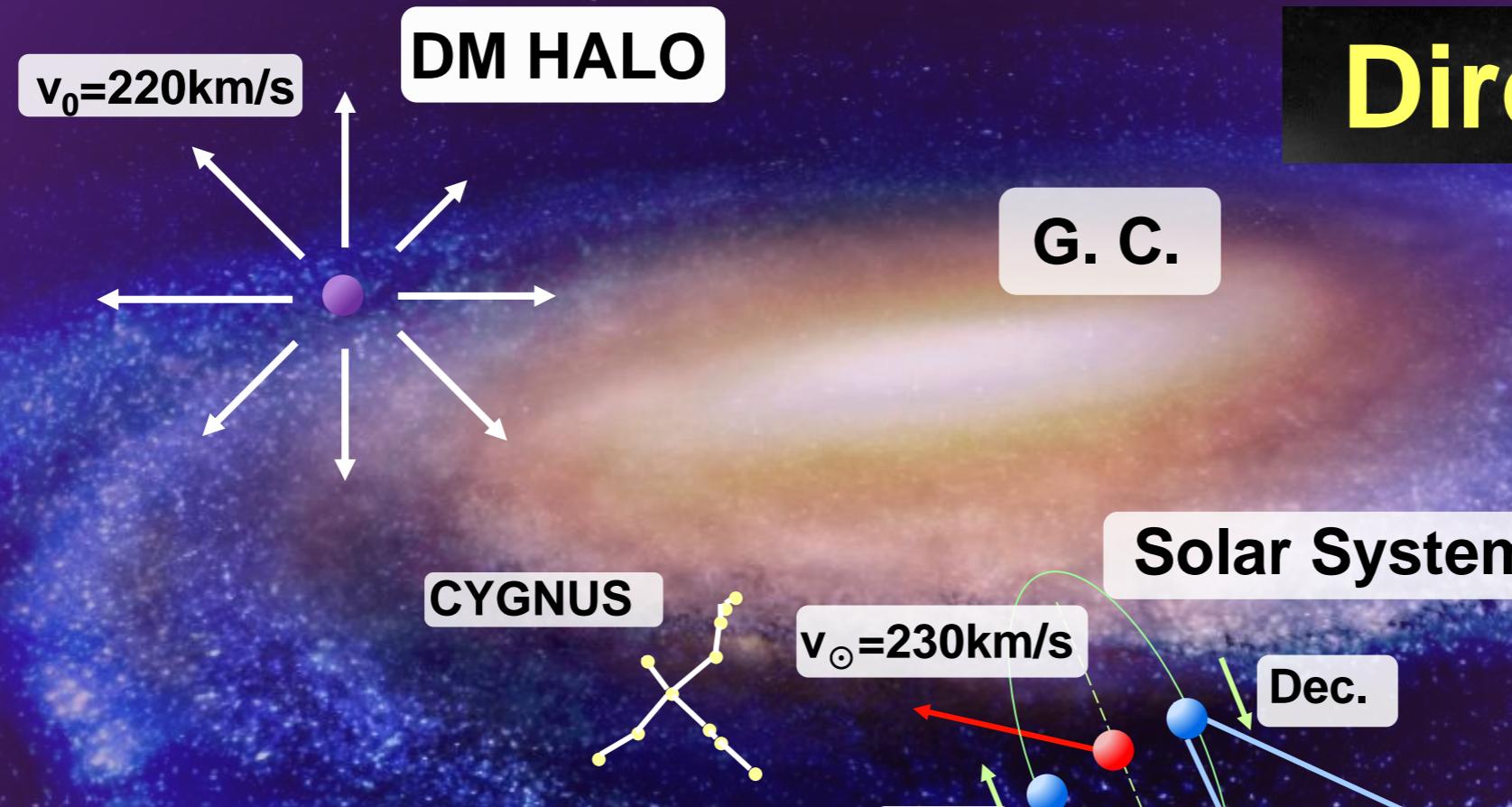
- **WIMP signal**

- nuclear recoil: elastic scattering
- energy
- nucleus dependence
- seasonal modulation
- direction

PPP2023



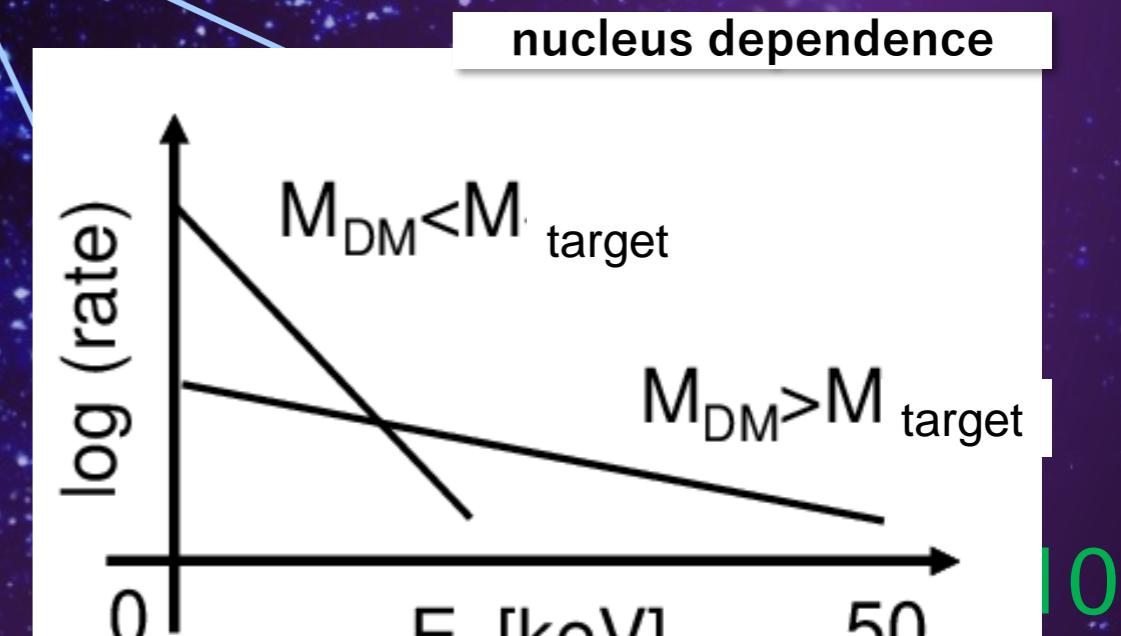
# Direct Detection



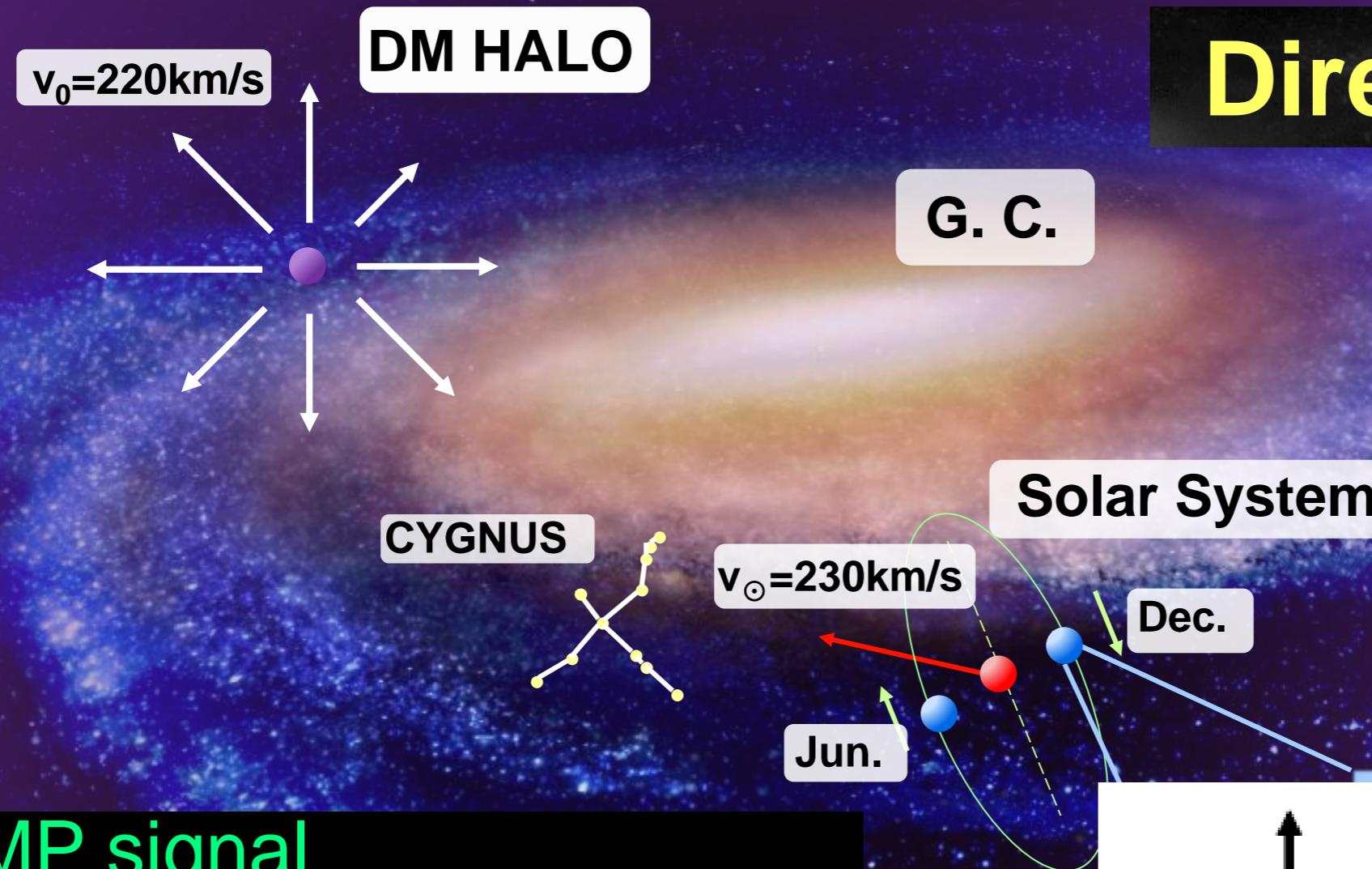
- **WIMP signal**

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PPP2023

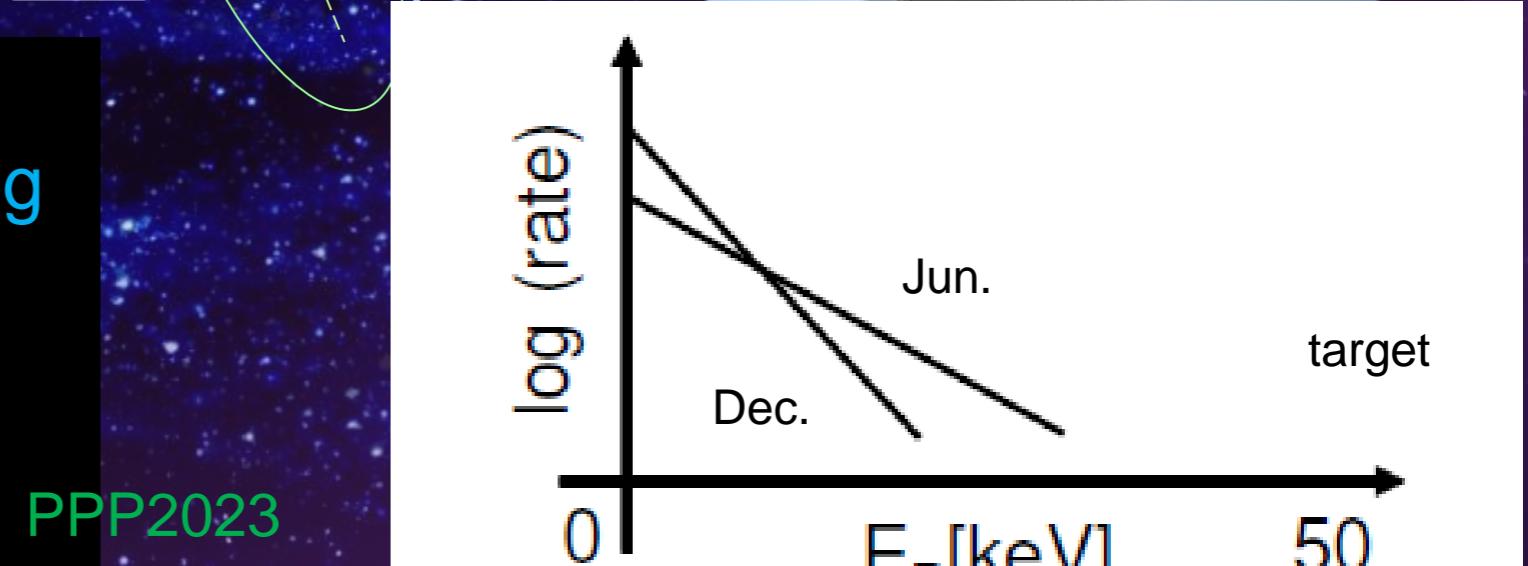


# Direct Detection

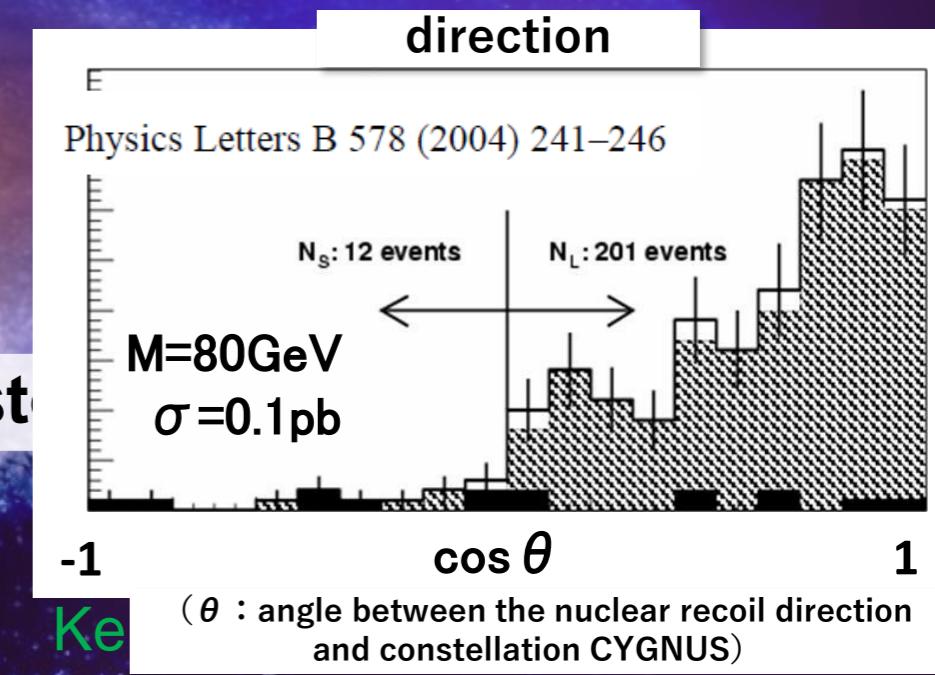
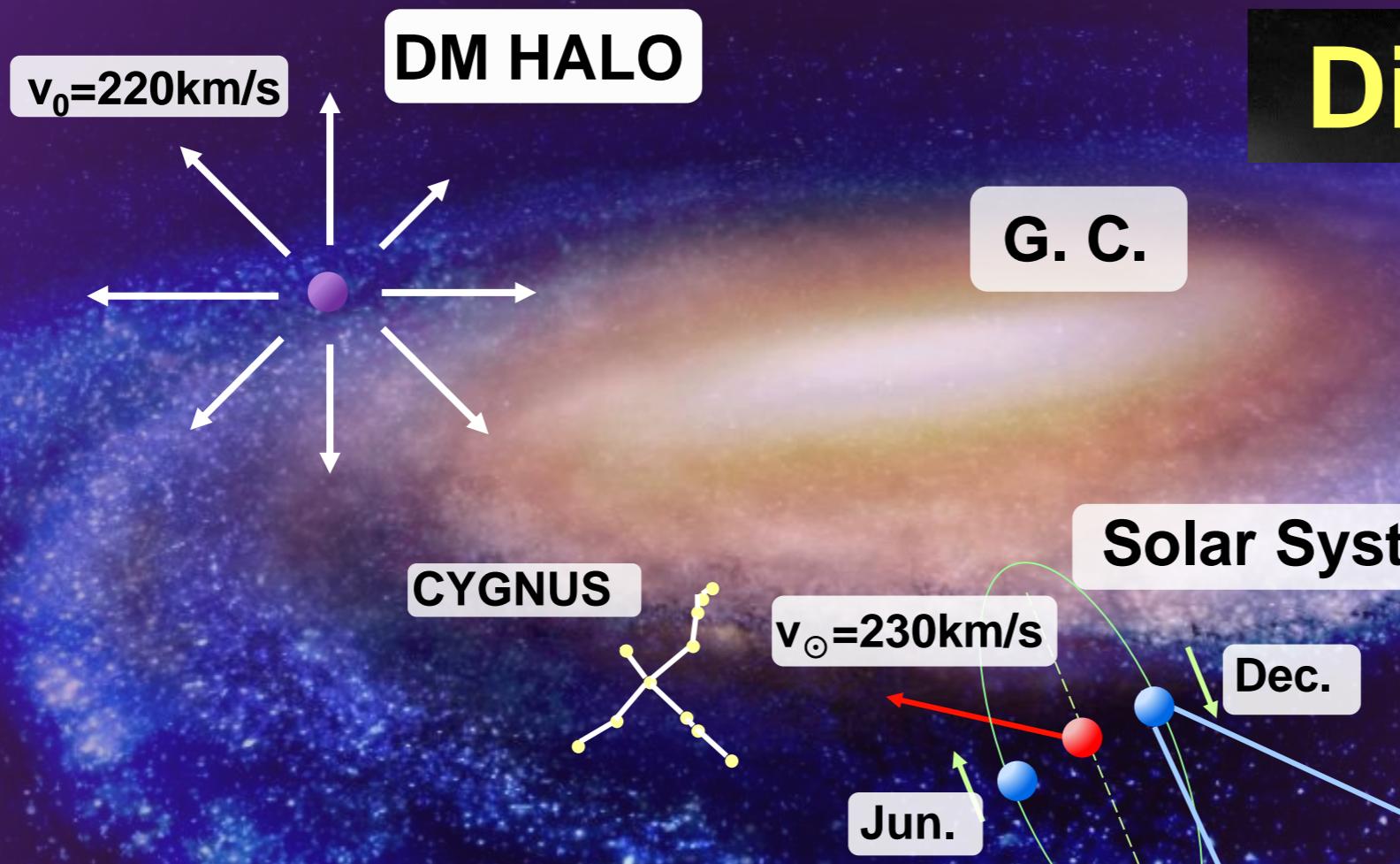


- **WIMP signal**

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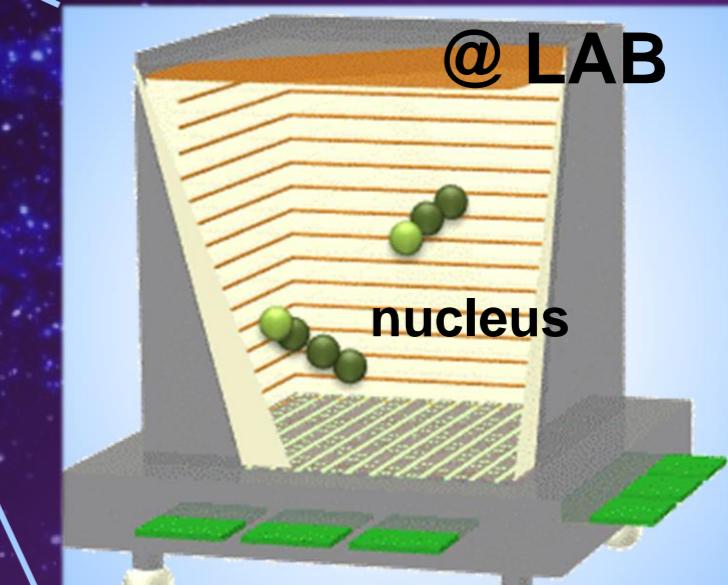
# Direct Detection



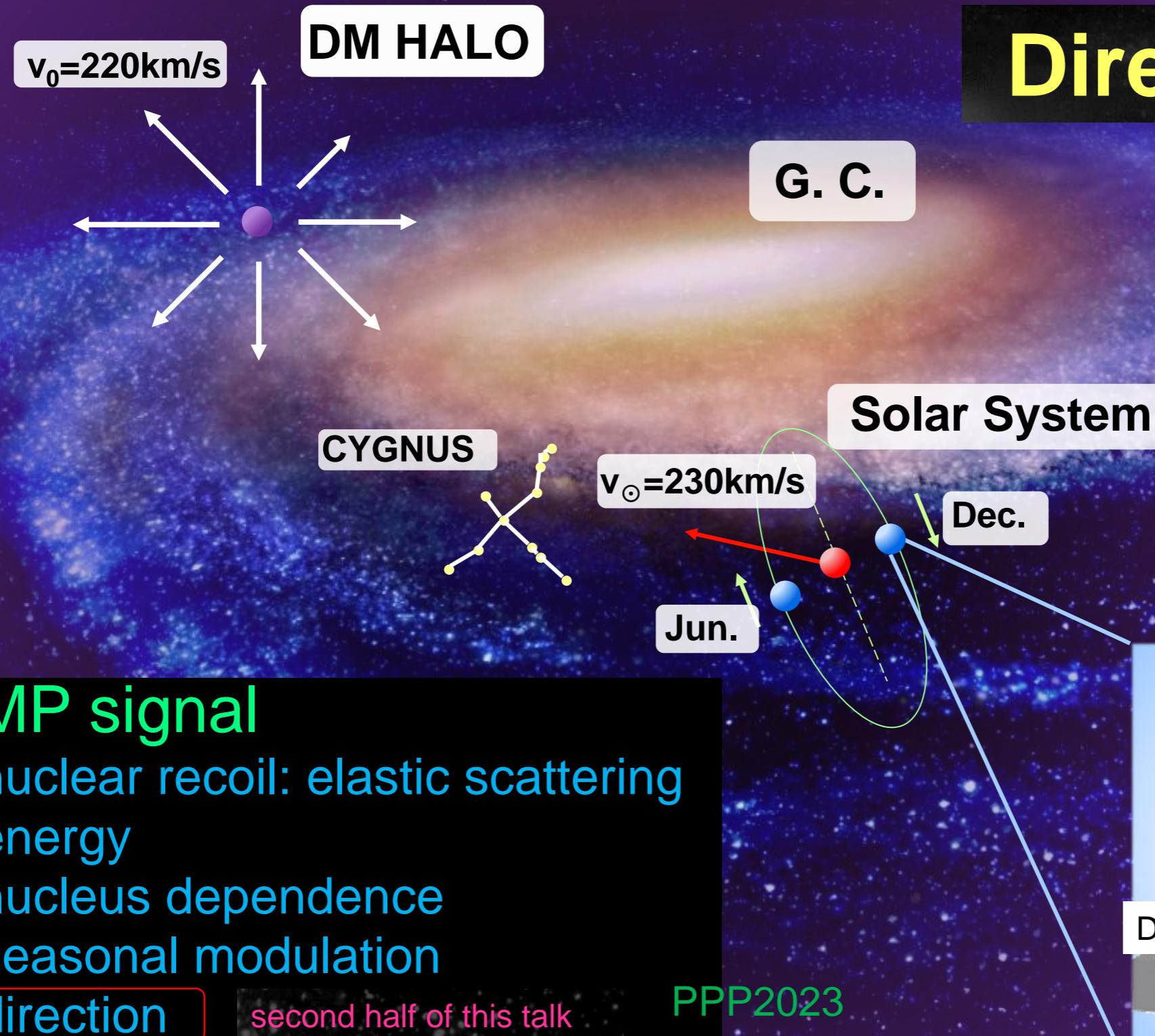
## • WIMP signal

- nuclear recoil: elastic scattering
- energy
- nucleus dependence
- seasonal modulation
- direction

PPP2023



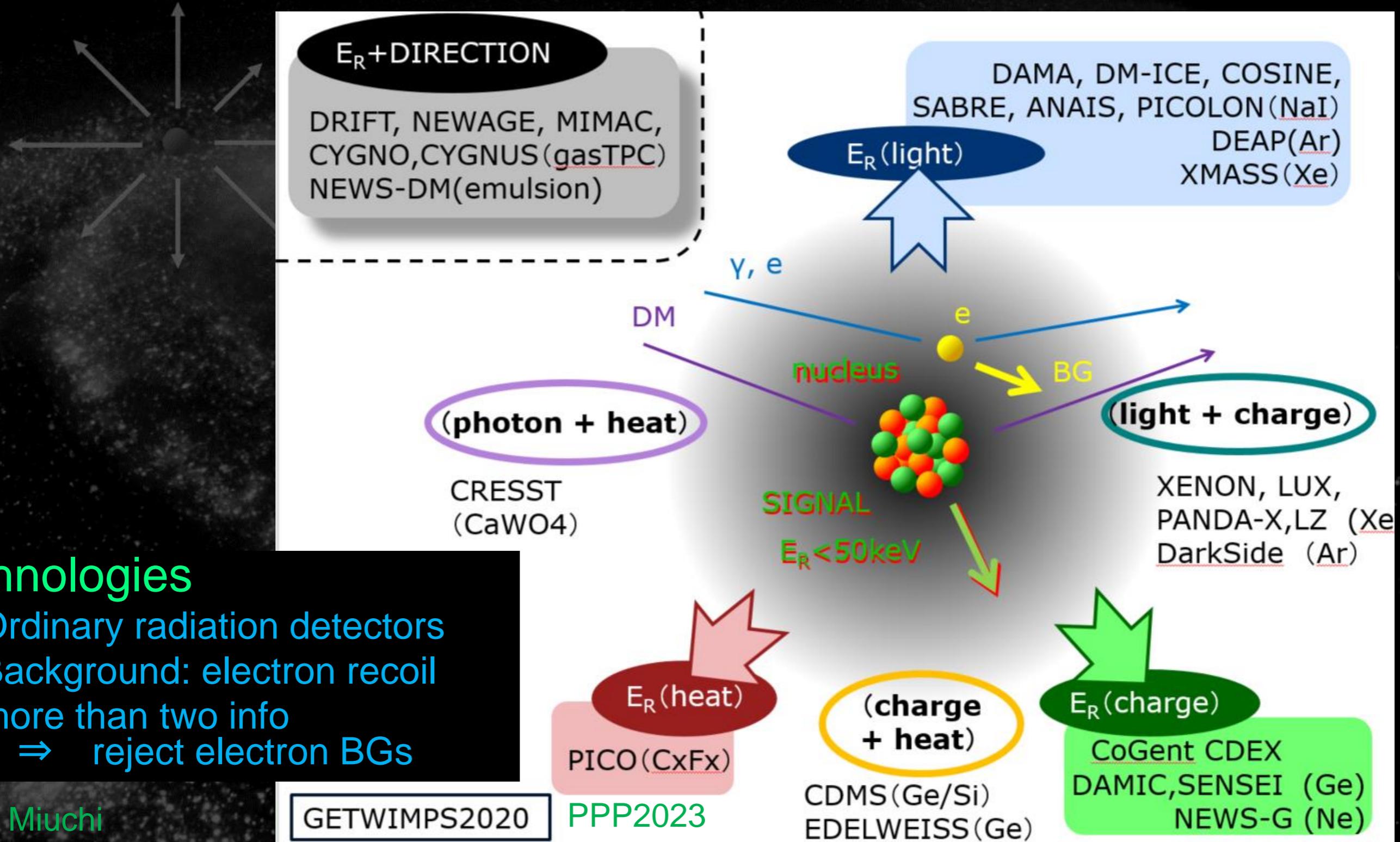
# Direct Detection



- **WIMP signal**

- nuclear recoil: elastic scattering
- energy
- nucleus dependence
- seasonal modulation
- direction

second half of this talk

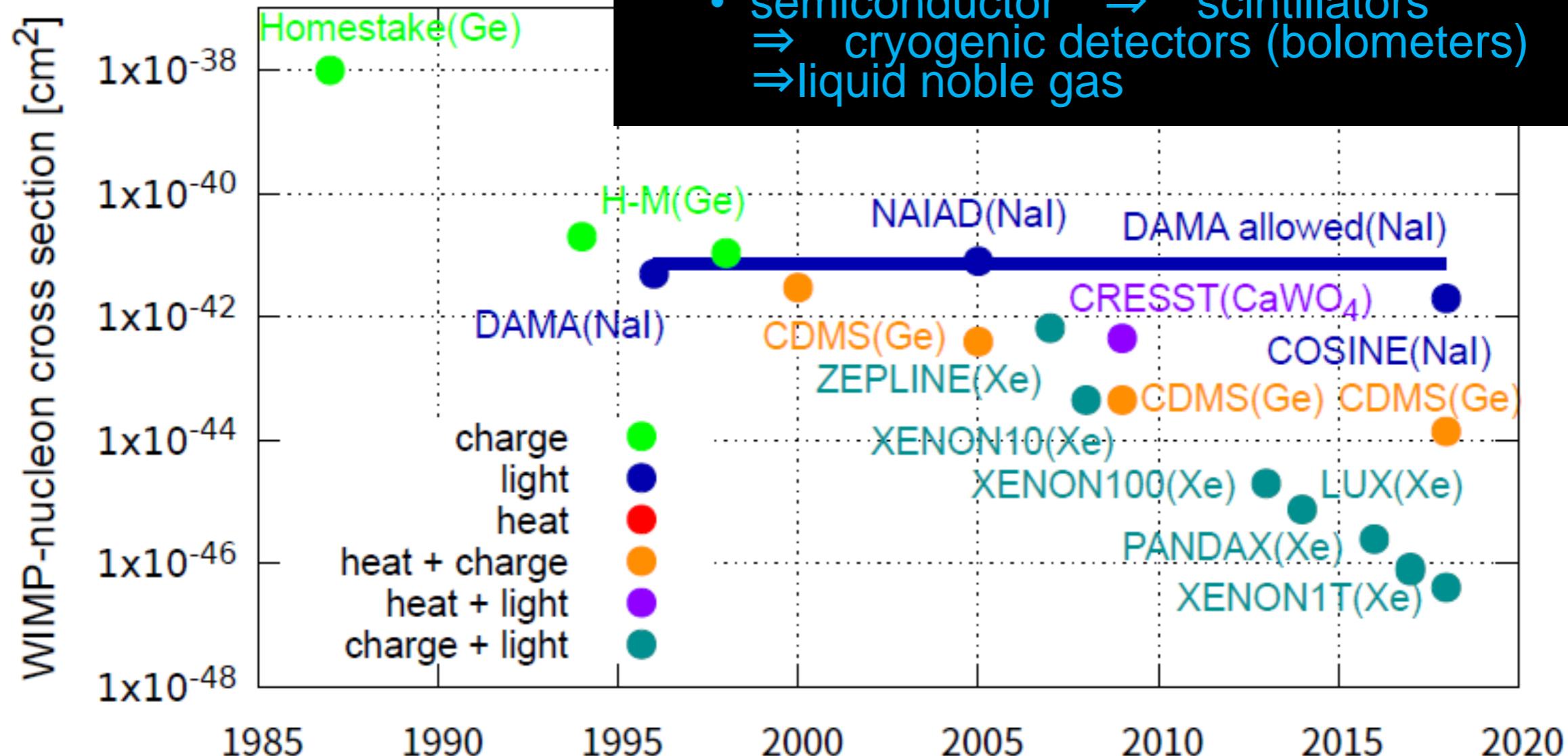


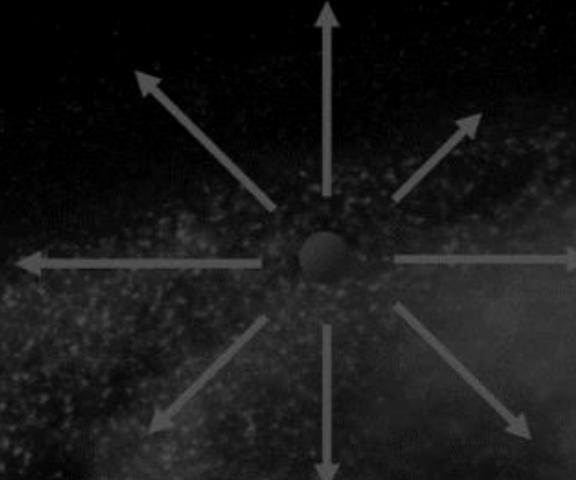
## • Technologies

- Ordinary radiation detectors
- Background: electron recoil
- more than two info  
⇒ reject electron BGs

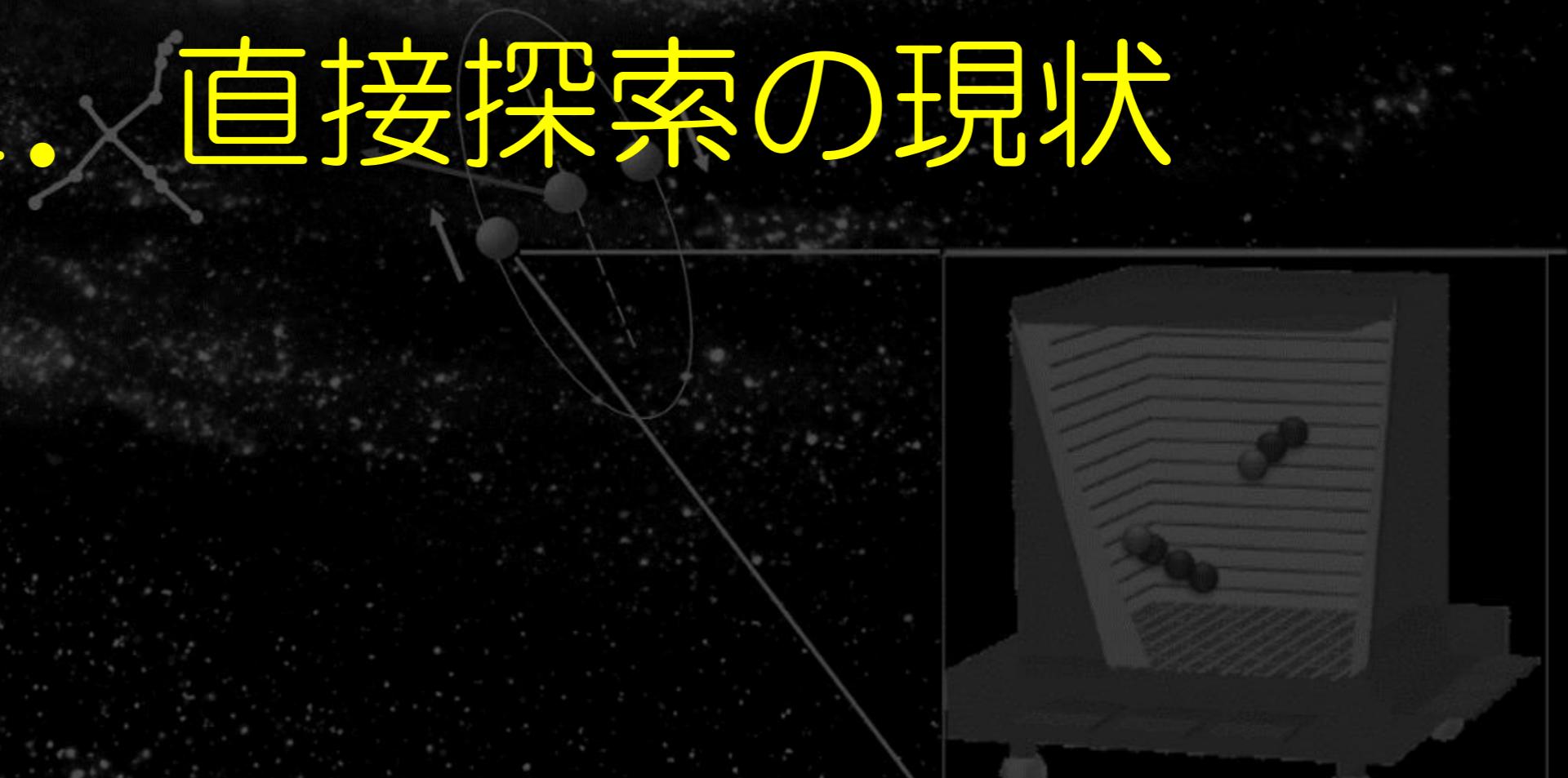
# History

Direct search history





## 2. 直接探索の現状



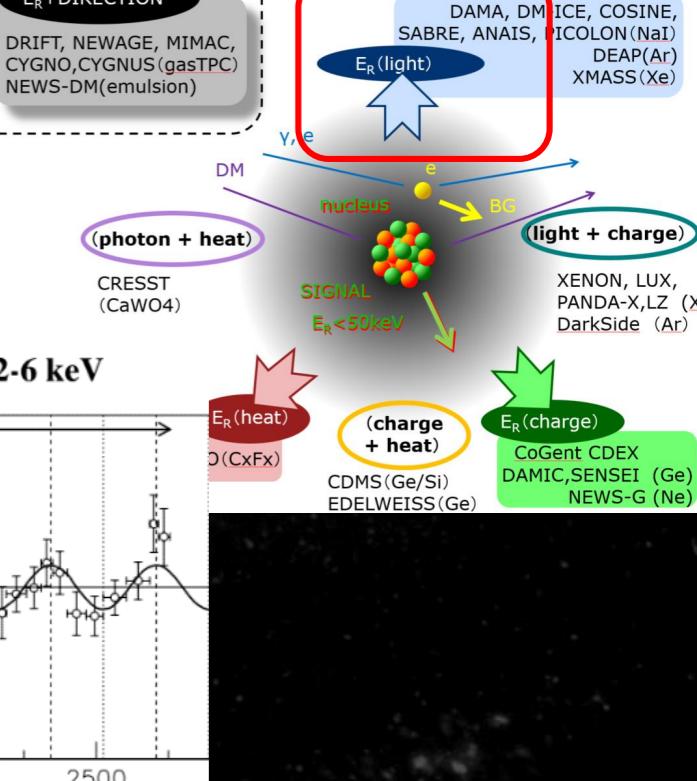
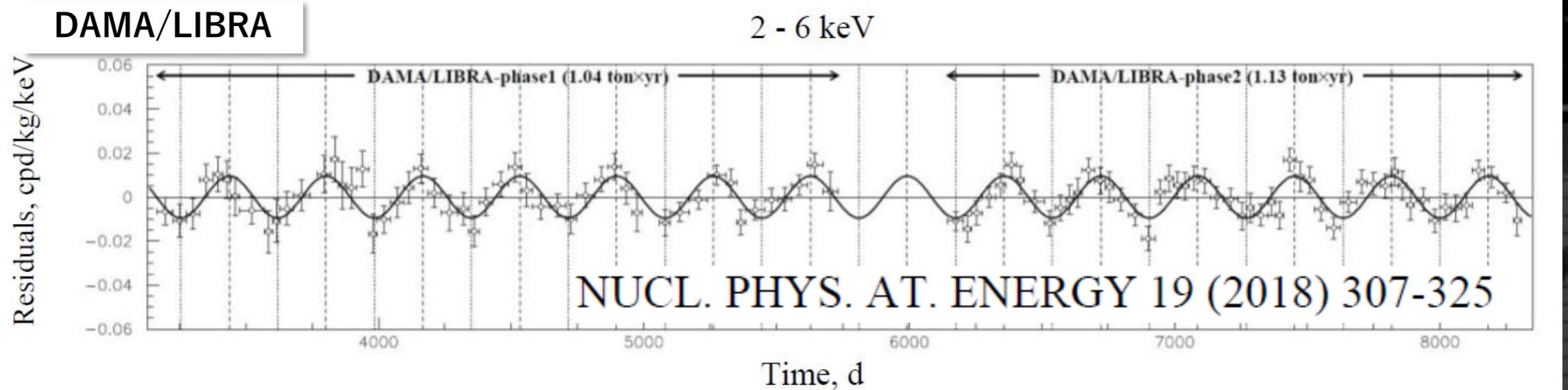
# Direct Search Review

1. Mainstream: Large Detectors

# • DAMA (NaI)

- 250kg NaI scintillators
- Annual modulation were reported : 1998～
- Latest 2.46 ton year  $12.9\sigma$
- SOMETHING is detected

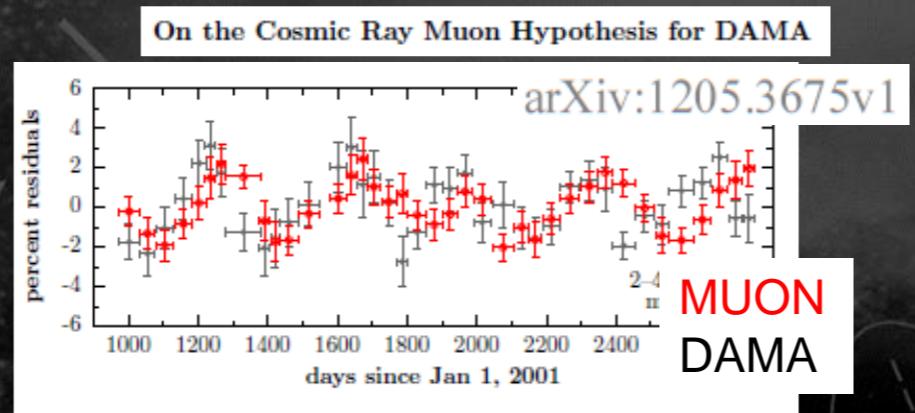
Eur. Phys. J. C (2008) 56: 333–355  
DOI 10.1140/epjc/s10052-008-0662-y



No BG explains this modulation  
No natural DM model explains, either...

- Explaining DAMA with BG
- Long discussion on BG modulation
- Muon?

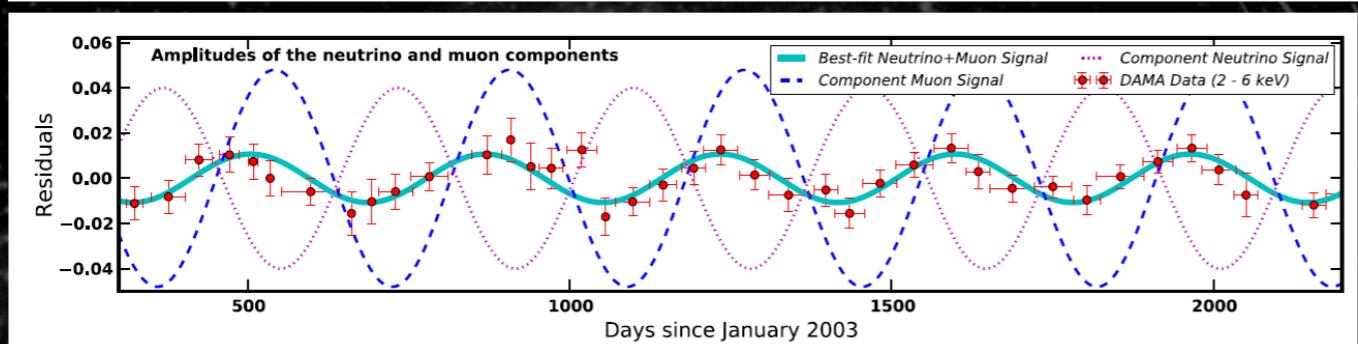
Eur. Phys. J. C (2012) 72:2064



- No, muon comes later

- Muon & neutrinos PRL 113, 081302 (2014)
  - Solar neutrino has largest flux in winter. (Sun closer.)

#### Fitting the Annual Modulation in DAMA with Neutrons from Muons and Neutrinos



- No, not enough neutrinos  
Eur. Phys. J. C (2014) 74:3196
  - None worked so far ...
  - So the right way is to ...

## • Other NaI detectors

- COSINE ( $\sim 100\text{kg}$ ):

- 3 years' measurement completed
- Consistent with null and DAMA.
- upgrading (low threshold, mass  $\times 2$ )

- ANAIS (112kg)

- 3 years' measurement
- incompatible with DAMA
- 2 more years to test by  $5\sigma$

- SABRE

- North and South in preparation

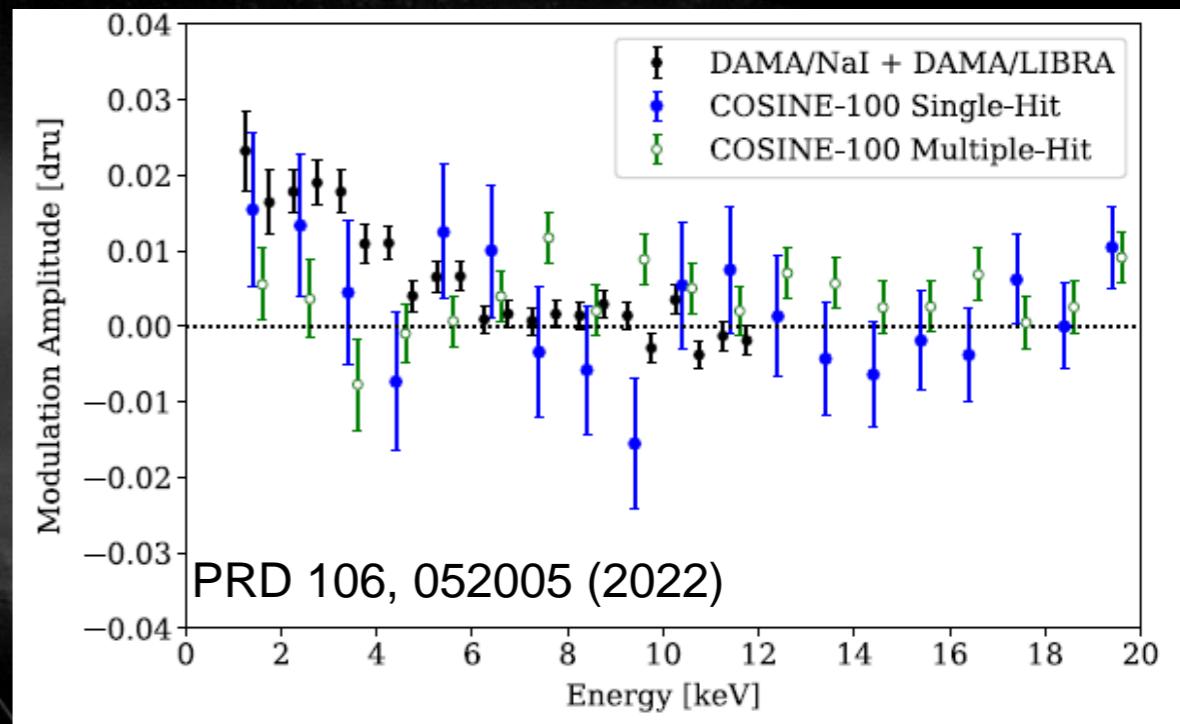
- PICOLON

- Pure crystal

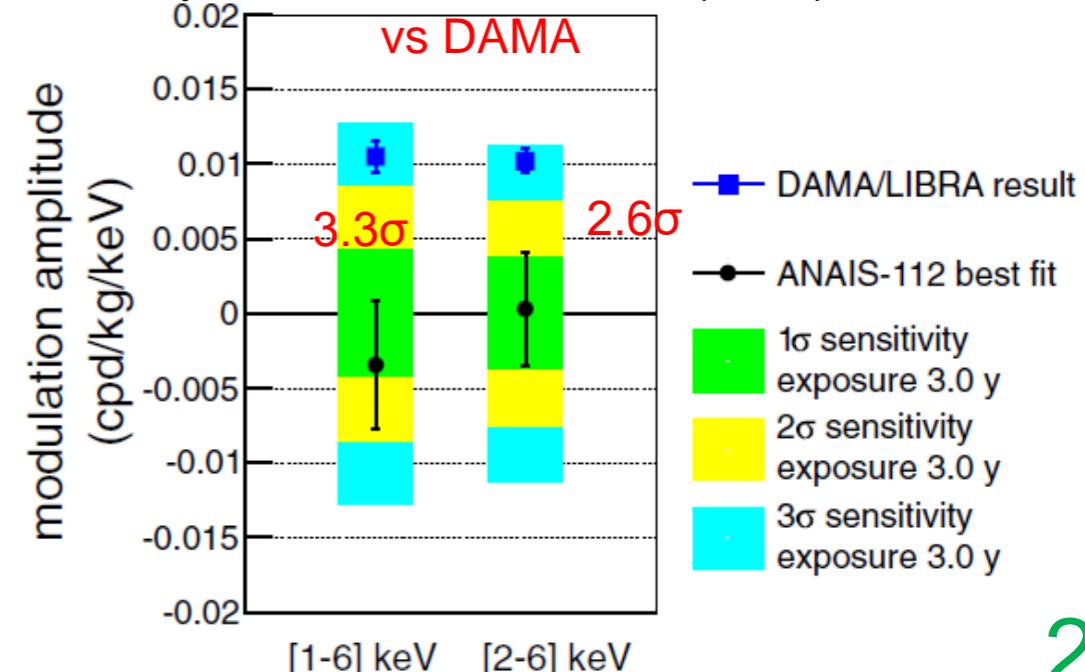
- COSINUS

- bolometer technique

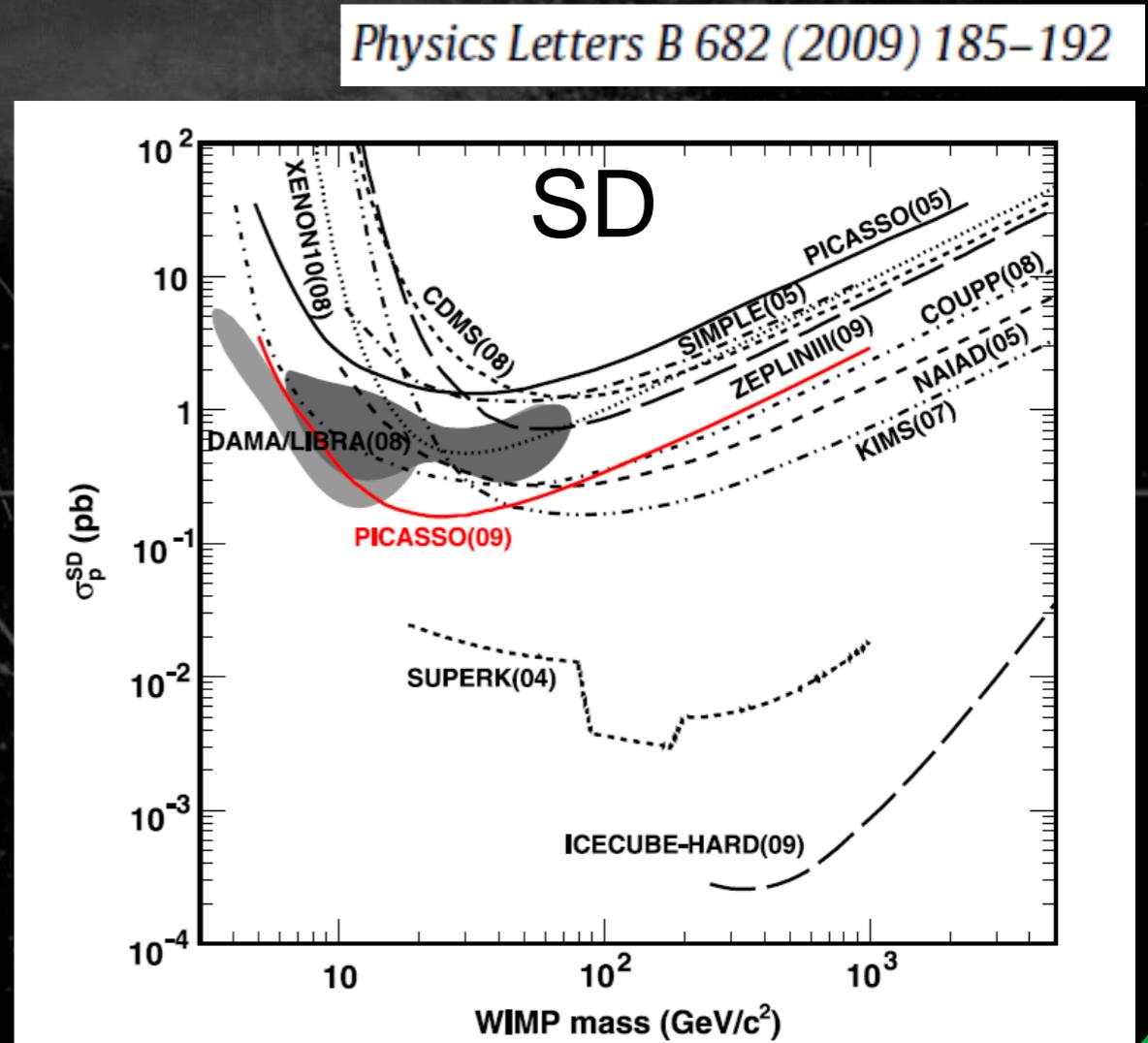
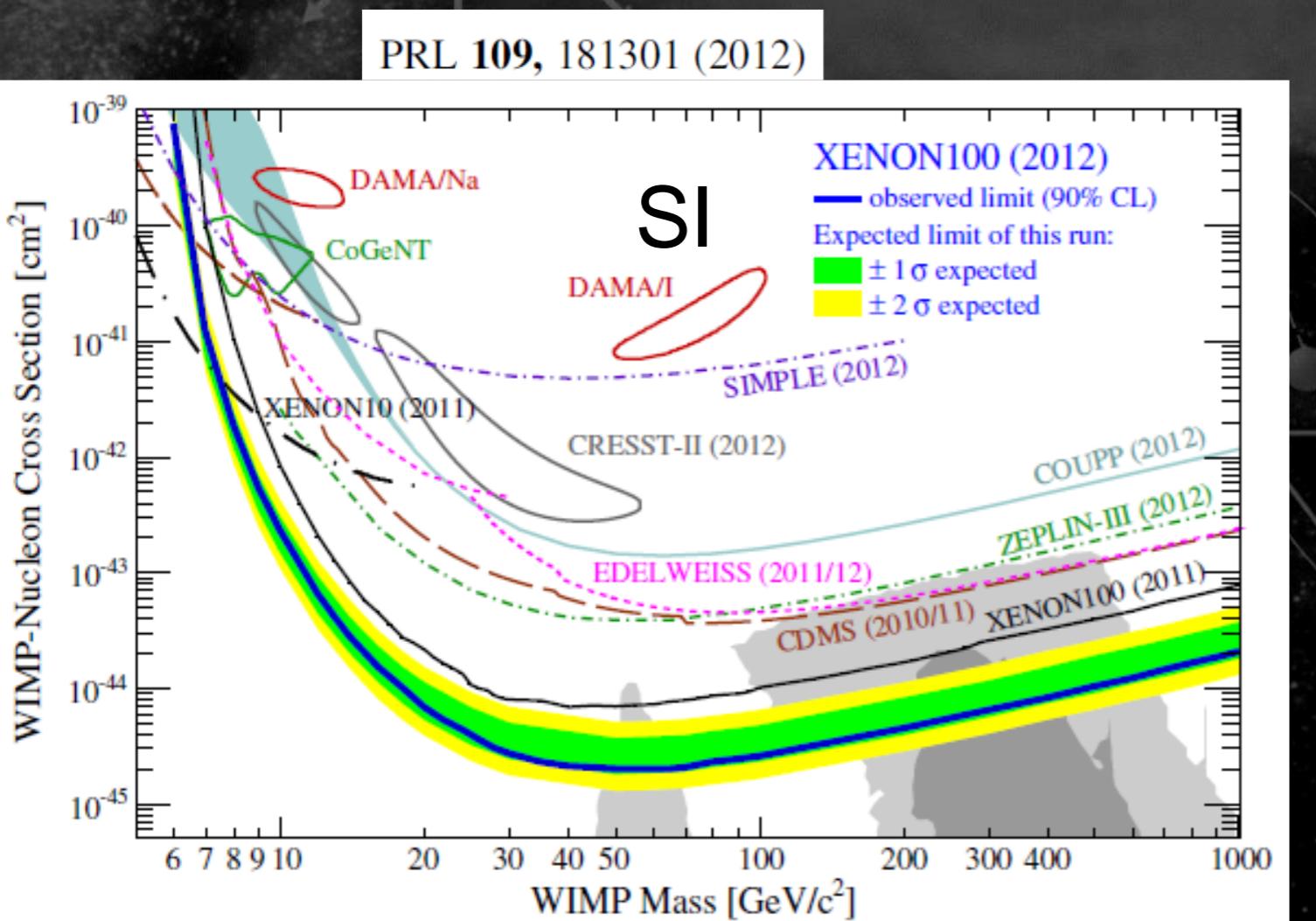
Need to be stay tuned.



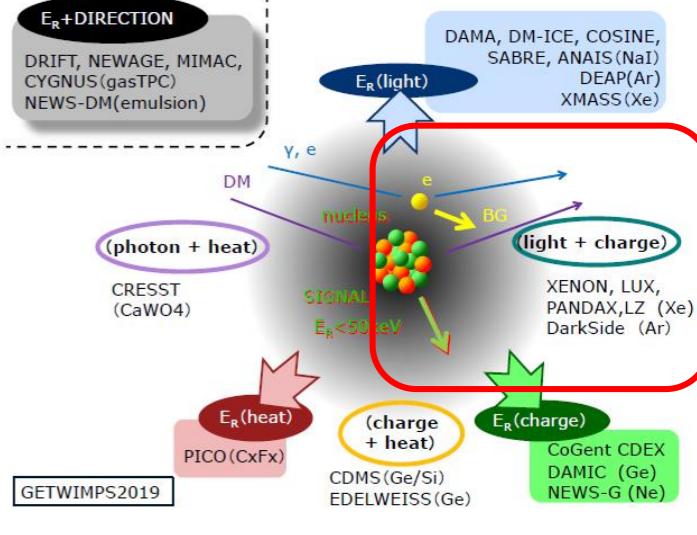
Phys. Rev. D 103, 102005 (2021)



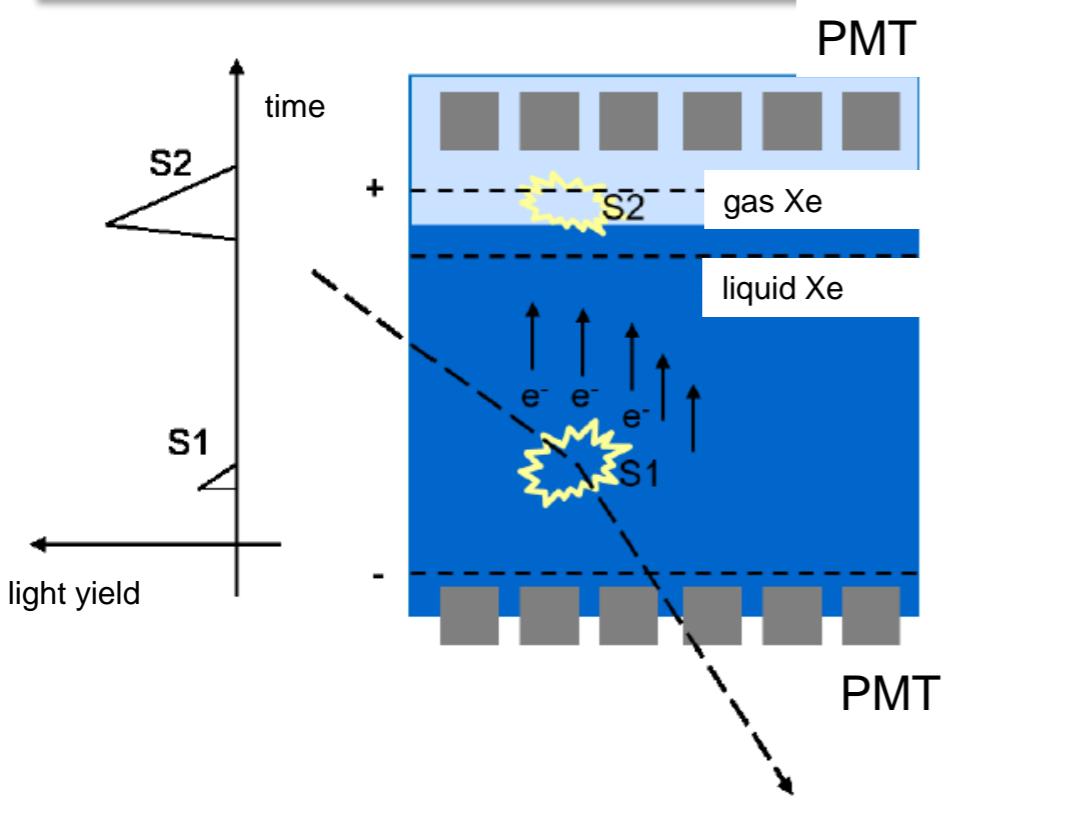
- DAMA : Strong tension with other nuclei
  - Recent papers don't show DAMA's area.
  - It doesn't mean DAMA signal is gone...



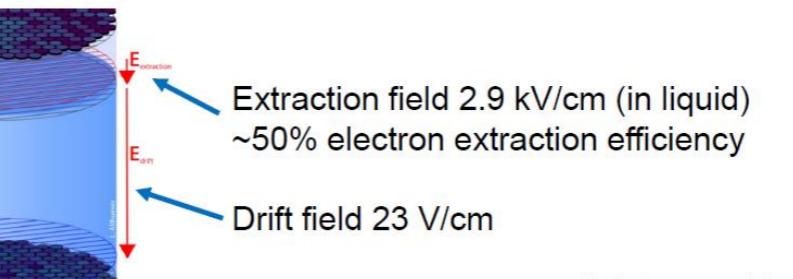
- Liquid Xe/Ar : double-phase (liquid+gas)
  - XENONnT, LZ, PandaX-II (Xe) , DARKSIDE(Ar)
  - Several 100kg  $\sim$  1ton
  - z position can be known
  - Electron background can be discriminated



### Double phase detector principle



### Time projection chamber

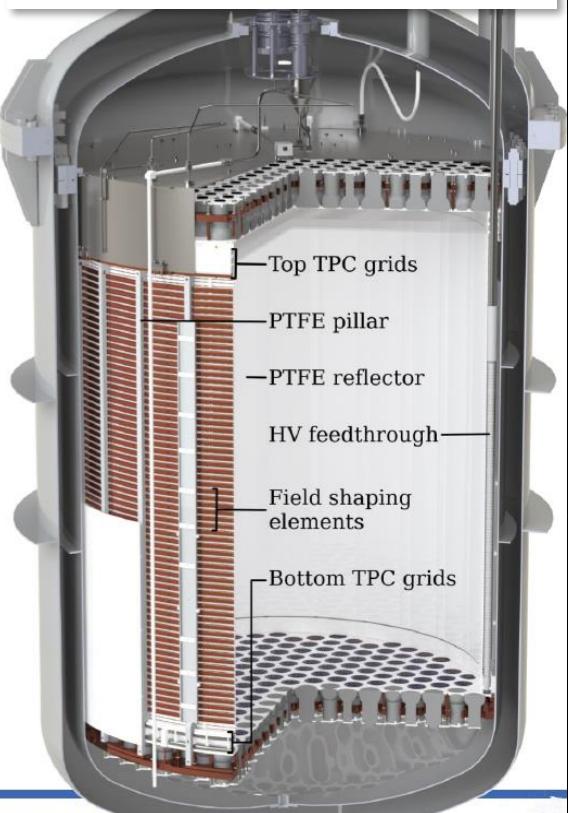


5.9 tonnes Xe in TPC  
8.5 t total

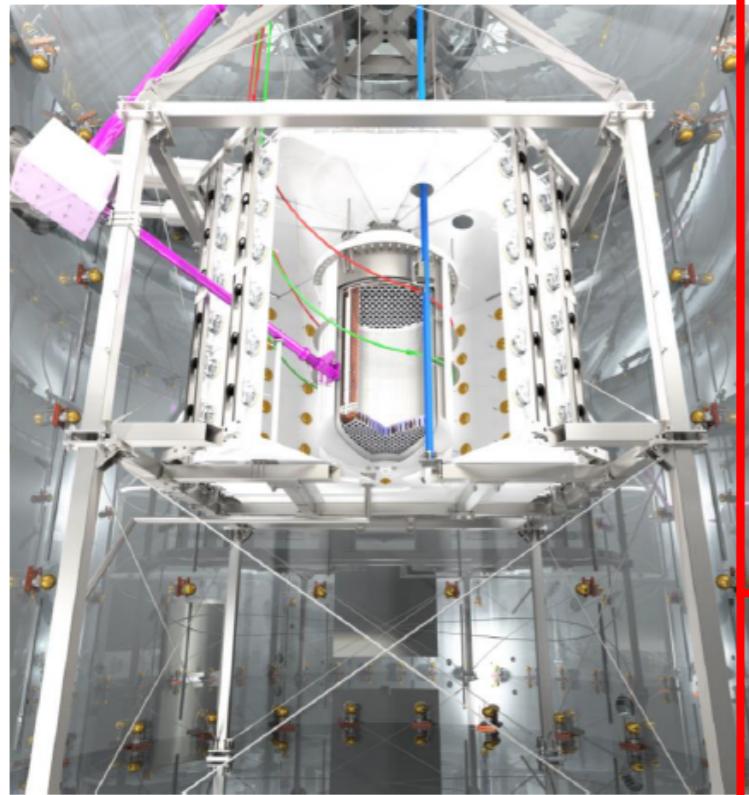
Hamamatsu R11410-21  
3-inch photomultiplier tubes (PMTs)

477 out of 494 PMTs operational

### XENON nT detector



# From XENON1T to XENONnT: main upgrades



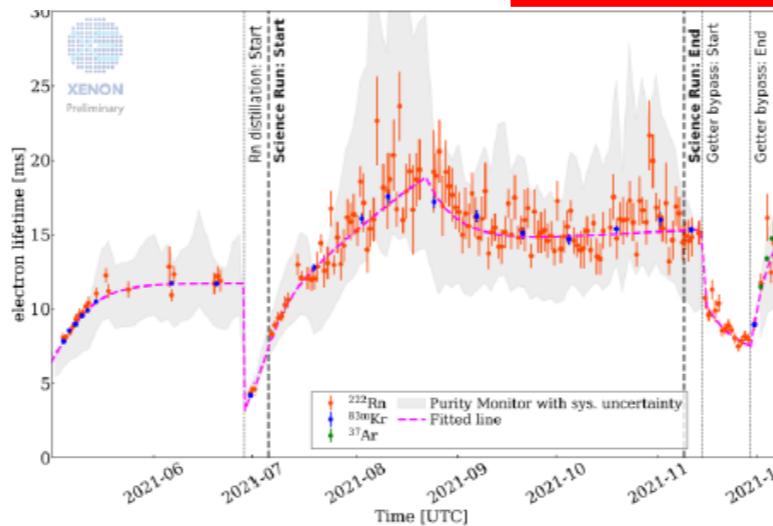
## Triggerless DAQ

All signals of photoelectron size or bigger saved  
Improves low-energy sensitivity  
2212.11032

## Neutron veto

Built inside existing muon veto  
120 PMTs observe  
2.2 MeV n-capture gamma  
 $(53 \pm 3)\%$  tagging efficiency  
(250  $\mu$ s window) with life time loss of 1.6%  
Gd will improve efficiency to 87% (150  $\mu$ s window)

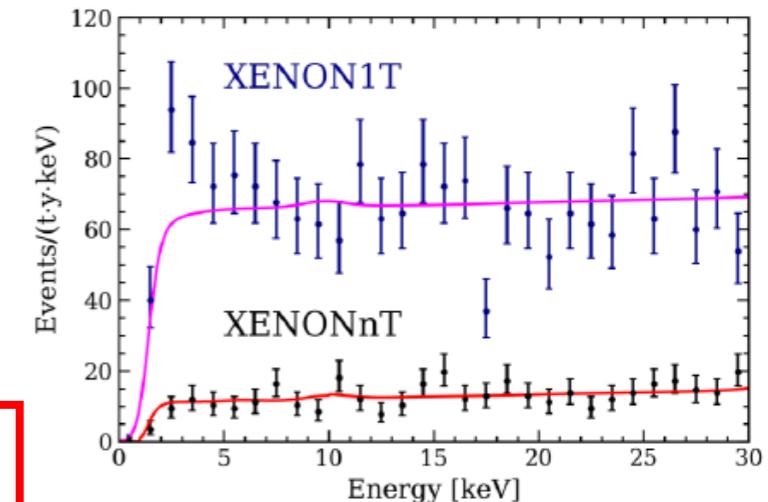
日本グループの貢献



## Radon distillation column

Continuous radon removal

Activity 1.8  $\mu$ Bq/kg for these results  
See poster H. Schulze Eißing (PDM1-3)  
EPJC 82, 1104 (2022), 2205.11492

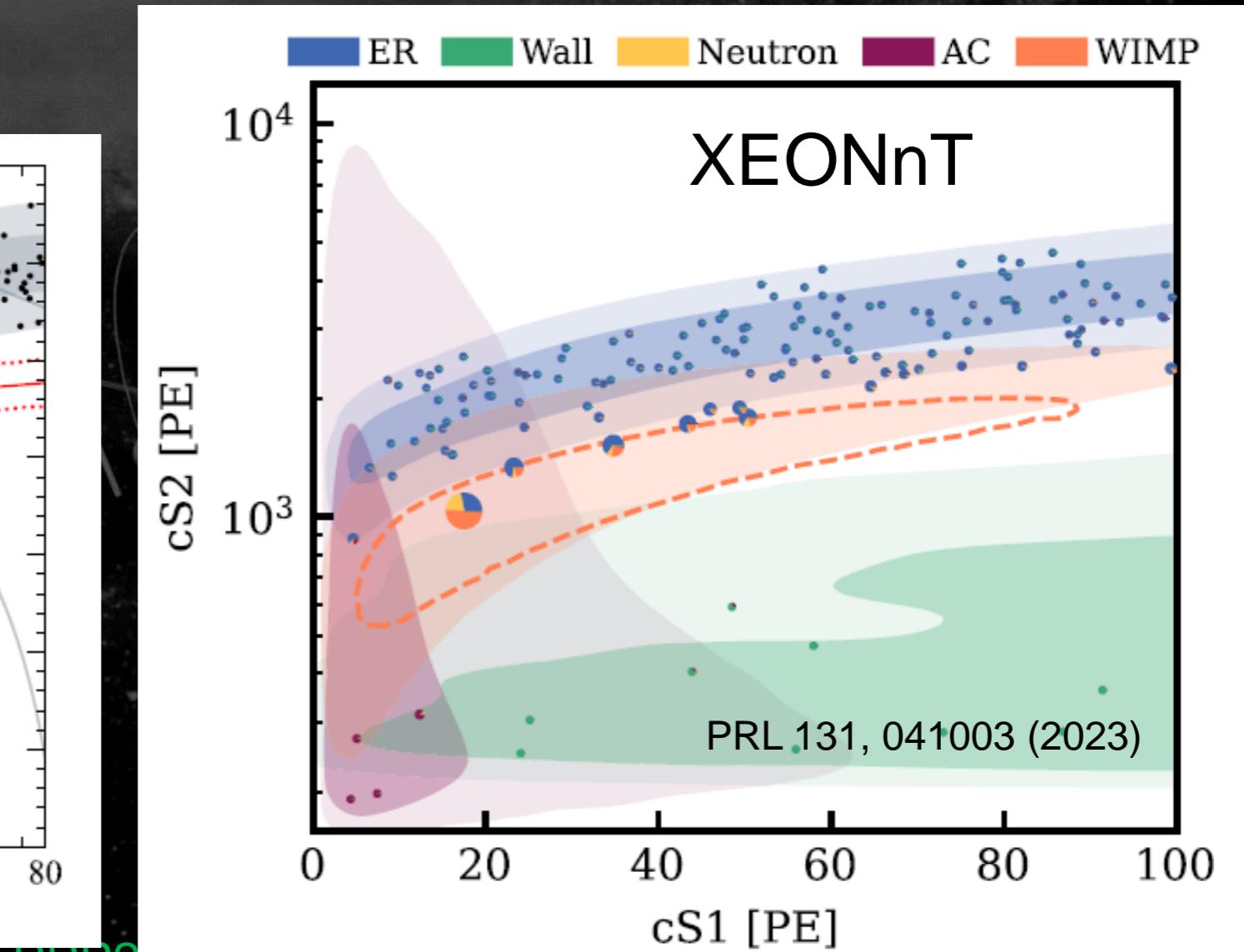
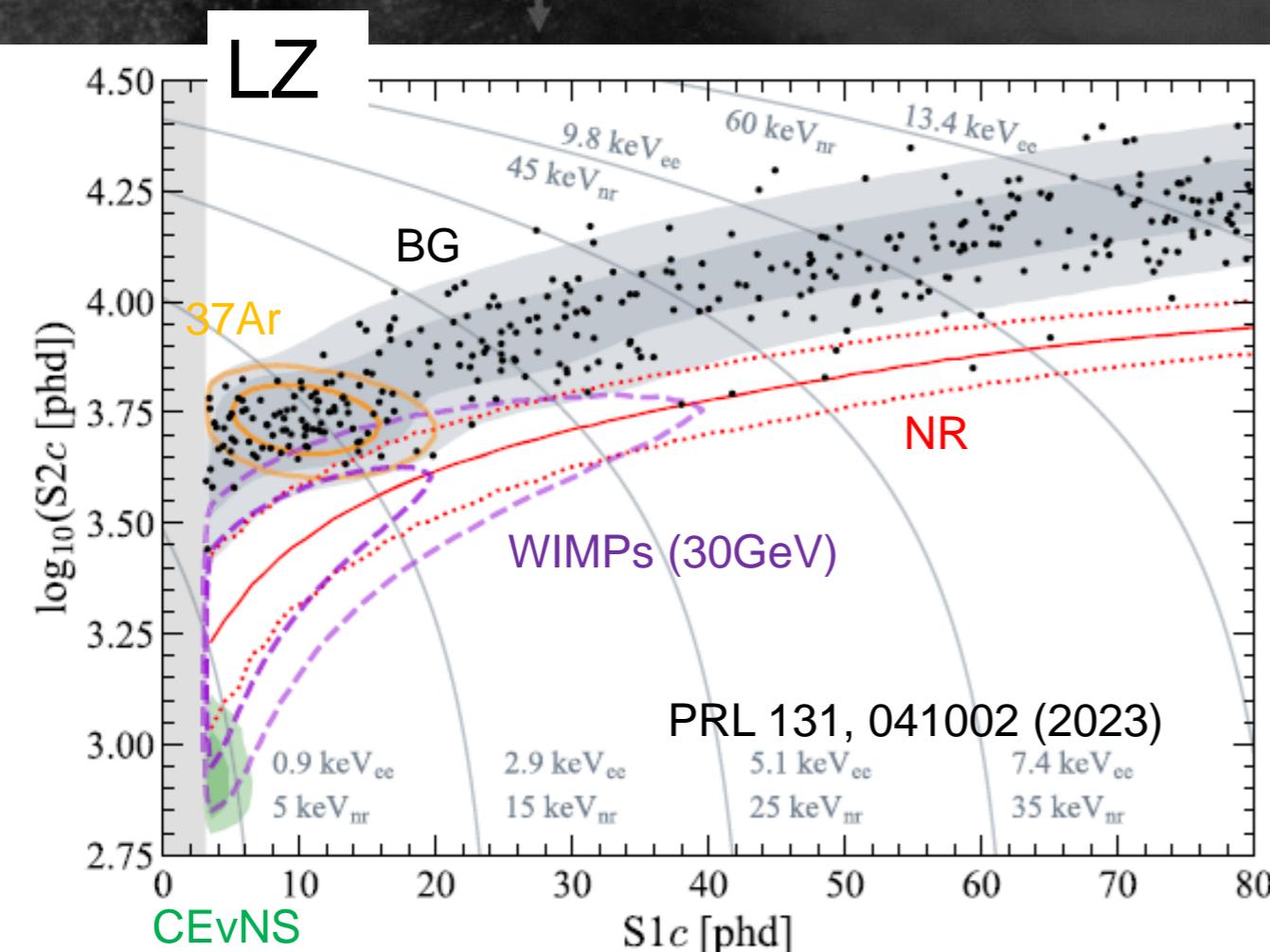


## Liquid xenon purification

Clean 2 l liquid Xe per minute (full 8.5 t in 18 hours)  
Lifetime > 15 ms achieved  
See poster M. Kobayashi (PDM1-2)  
EPJC 82, 860 (2022), 2205.07336

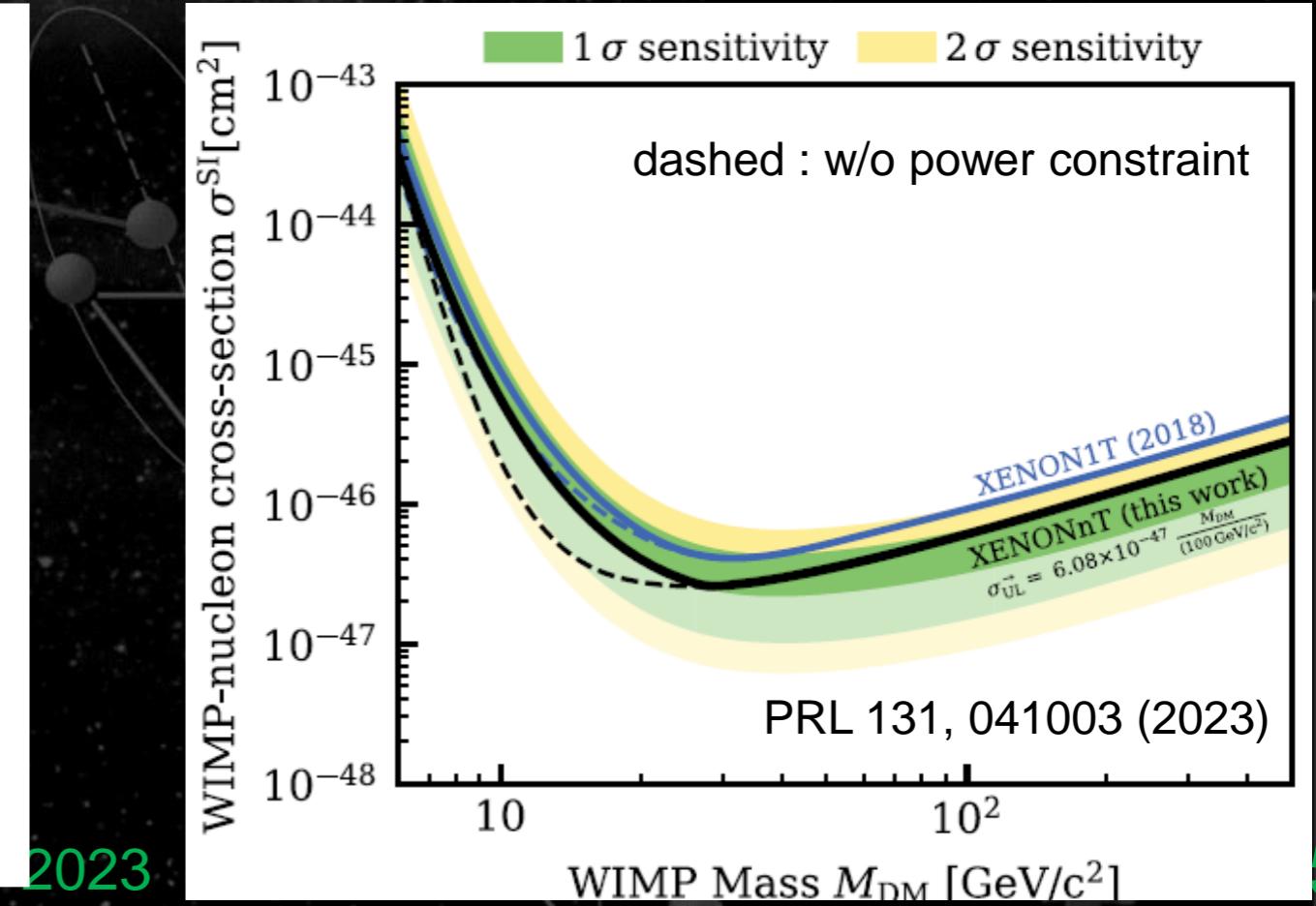
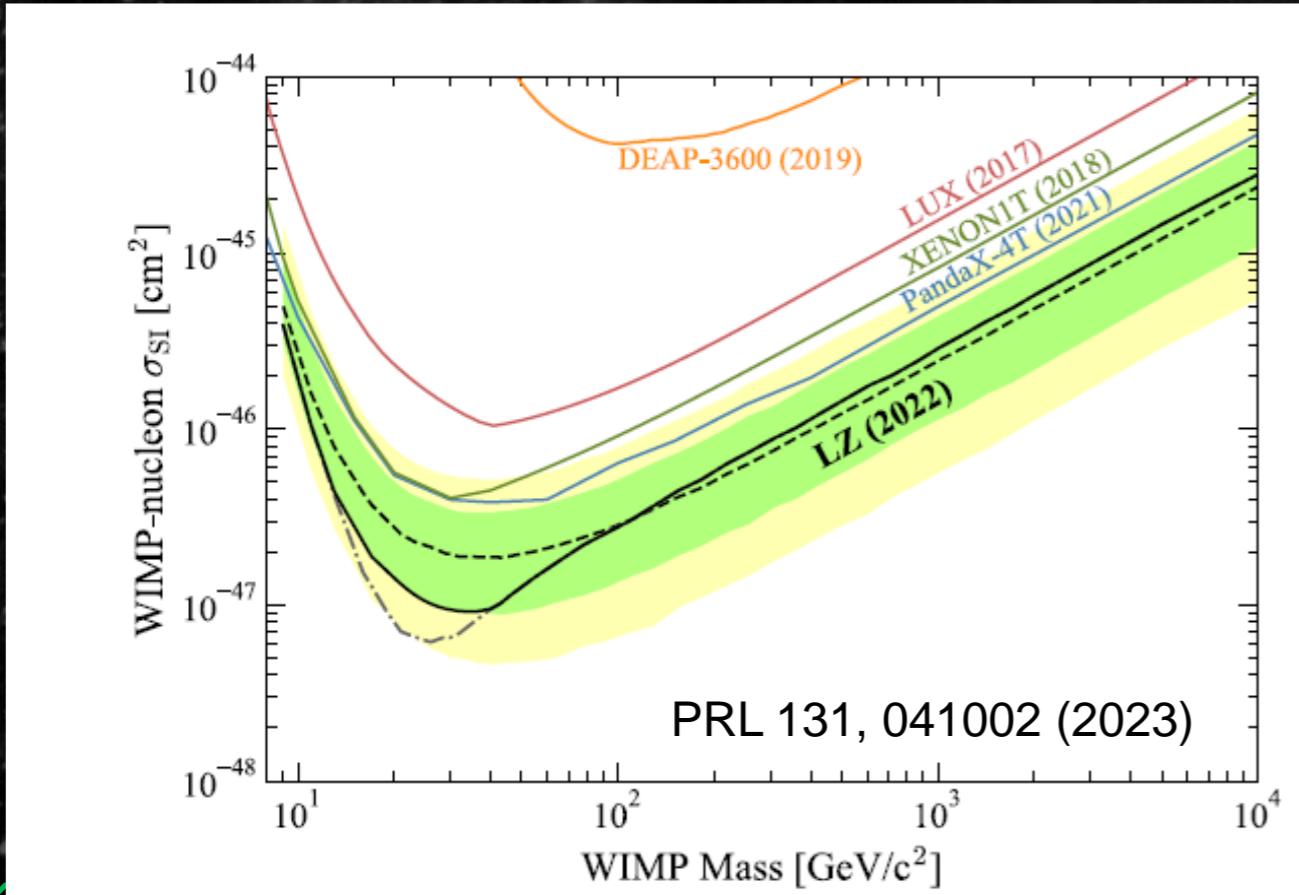
- 結果

- ER : radon neutron : neutrons from  $\alpha$  particle
- AC : accidental coincidence
- Some events in ROI consistent with BG  $\rightarrow$  upper limit



## • 最新結果

- LZ : 0.9 ton · year       $9.2 \times 10^{-48} \text{ cm}^2$  for 36 GeV WIMPs
- XENON : 1.1 ton · year     $2.6 \times 10^{-47} \text{ cm}^2$  for 28 GeV WIMPs  
(blind analysis + power constraint limit setting)



2023

5

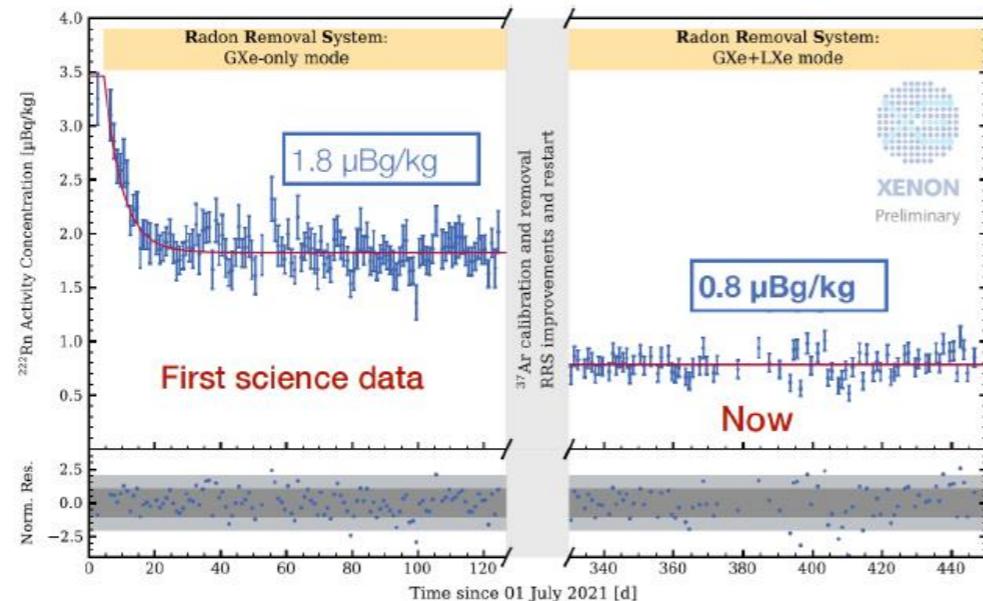
- この先
- 観測継続 & upgrade

XEONnT

## What next?

### Even lower radon level

Already achieved  $< \mu\text{Bq/kg}$  by changing flow path



### New analyses

And keep taking data!

### Neutron suppression

Adding Gd to neutron veto for 87% efficiency

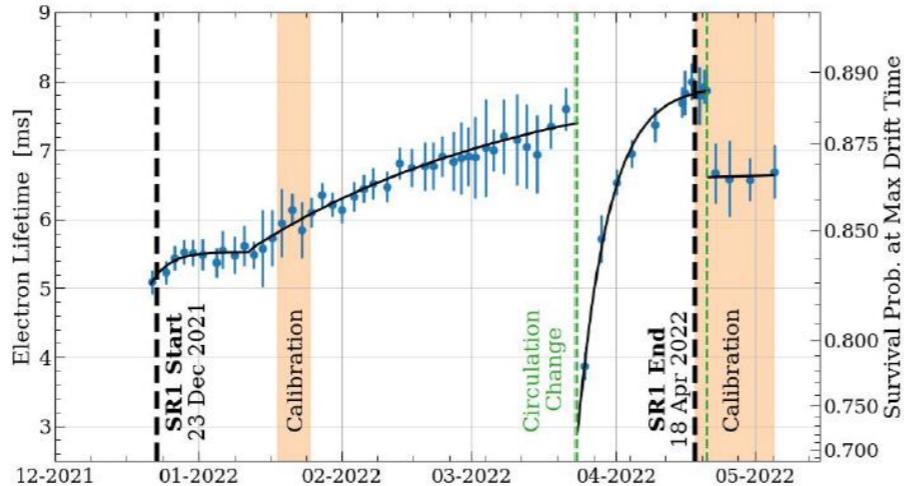


# • 論文では強調されない苦労話

- LZ

to 12 May '22, with breaks for  
and at end  
of **60 days**  
of **5-8 ms** during search  
ons:  
rational throughout run  
e: 174.1 K ( 0.02%)  
91 bar(a) (0.2%)  
**3t/day**  
**1 cm** (32 kV cathode,  
fiducial volume)  
**0.3 kV/cm** in gas  
 $\Delta V$ )

## 4ヶ月くらいデータ取得



## 半分くらいdead

interactions in the gas phase or in the liquid above the gate electrode, or drifting electrons trapped on impurities and released with  $\mathcal{O}(100 \text{ ms})$  time delay [53]. Analysis cuts to remove accidentals target individual sources of isolated S1s and S2s using the expected behavior of the S1 and S2 pulses with respect to quantities such as drift time, top-bottom asymmetry of light, pulse width, timing of PMT hits within the pulse, and hit pattern of the photons in the PMT arrays. The cuts remove > 99.5% of accidentals, measured using single-scatter-like events with unphysical ( $> 951 \mu\text{s}$ ) drift time and events generated by random matching of isolated S1 and S2 populations.

不純物の影響で  
出てくるS2を殺すためのvetoが長い。  
今後の液純化が必要  
PPP2023

- 論文では強調されない苦労話
  - XENONnT

sagging. Two additional parallel-wire screening electrodes are used to shield the PMT arrays from the electric fields. After two months of commissioning at a drift field of 100 V/cm, a short between the bottom screening and cathode electrodes limited the applied drift field to 23 V/cm, corresponding to a maximum drift time of 2.2 ms. The extraction field was set to 2.9 kV/cm in LXe to reduce localized, intermittent bursts of single electron S2 signals. Despite the lower-than-designed drift and extraction fields, the energy and position resolution, as well as the energy threshold, are comparable to those achieved with XENON1T.

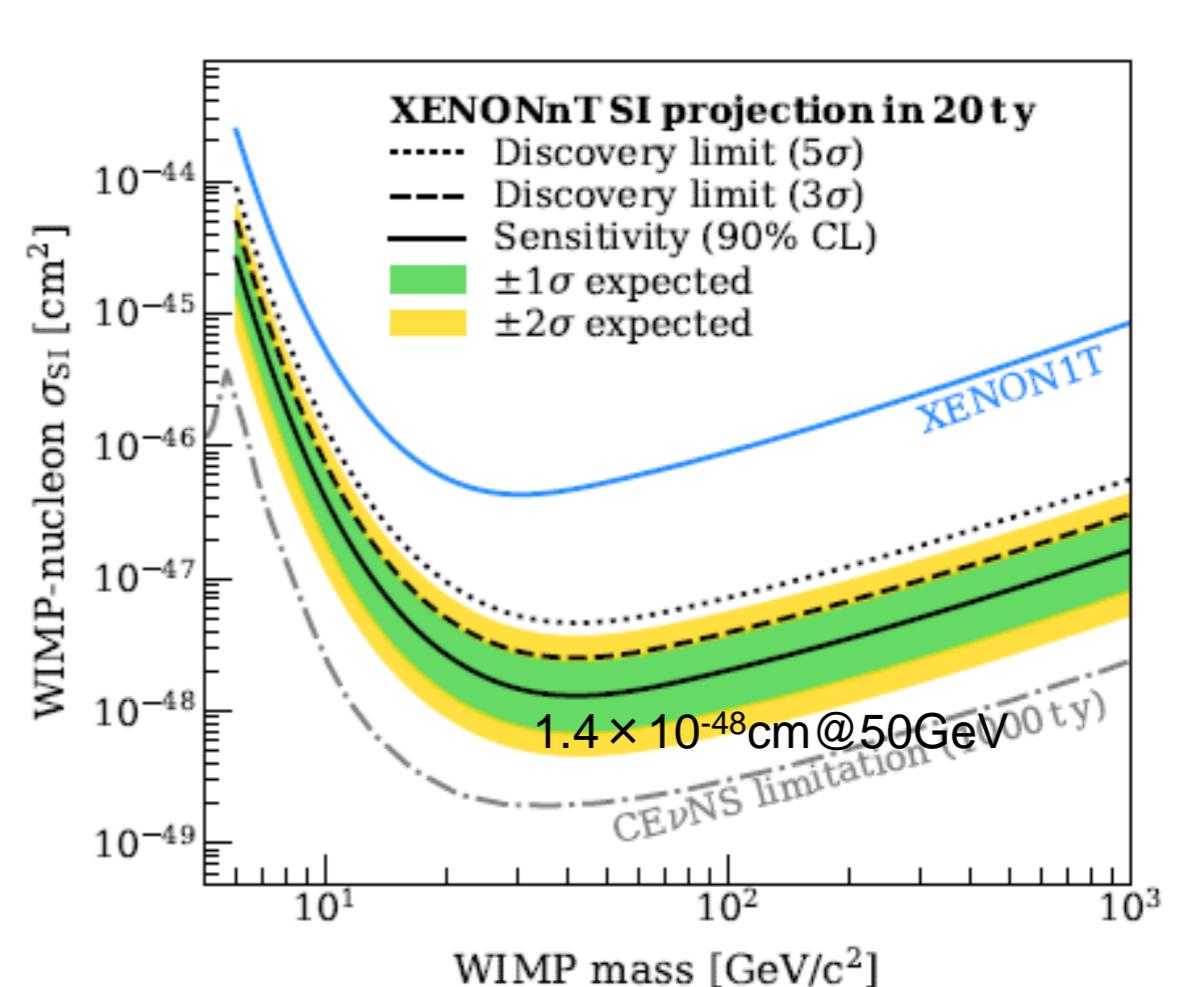
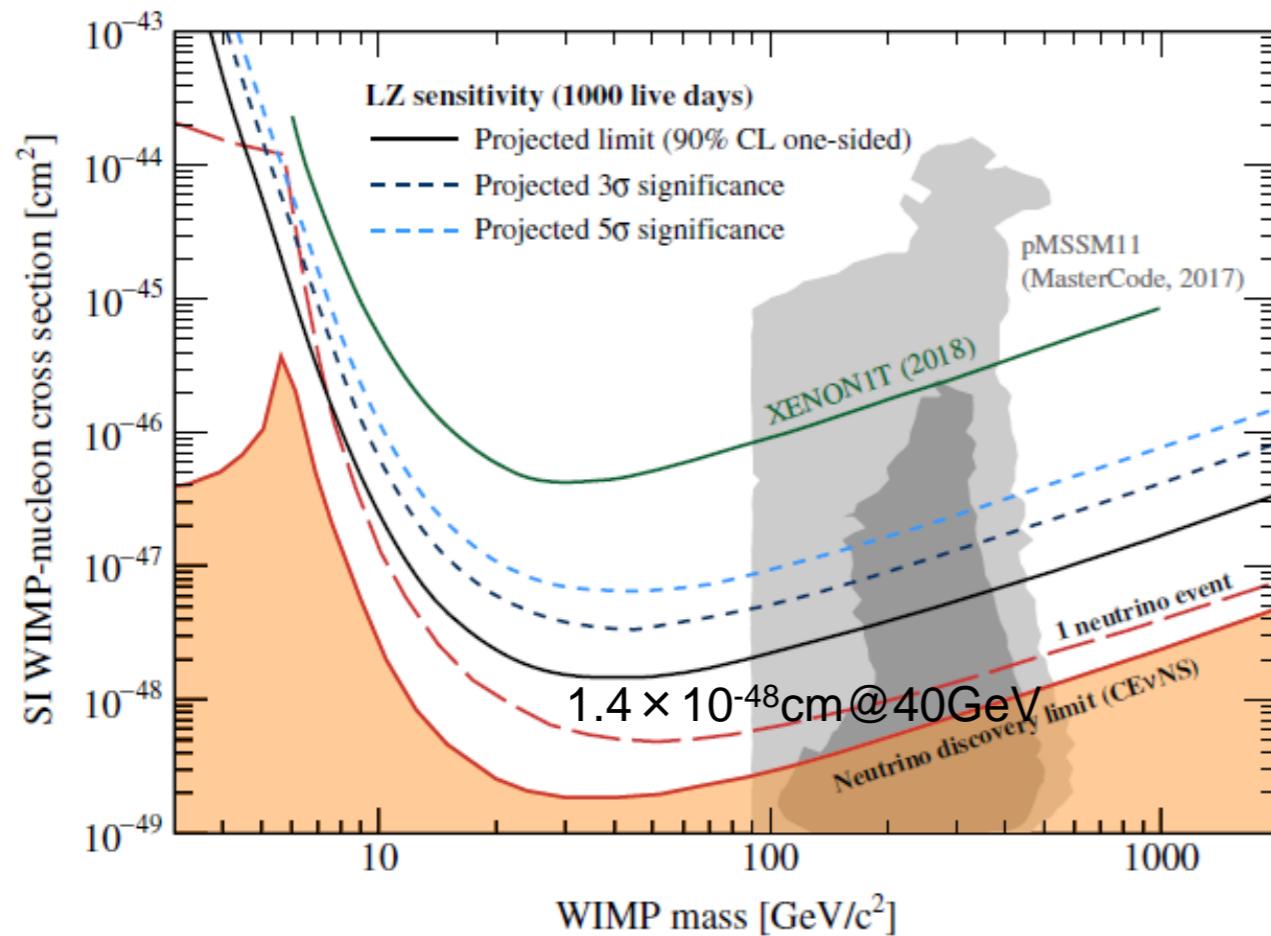
電極切れて電場が  
デザイン通りには作れない。

やや影響はあるが、  
観測継続

- 今後
  - 5年程度の観測
  - その後 DARWINなどさらに大型化

PHYS. REV. D 101, 052002 (2020)

arXiv:2007.08796v1

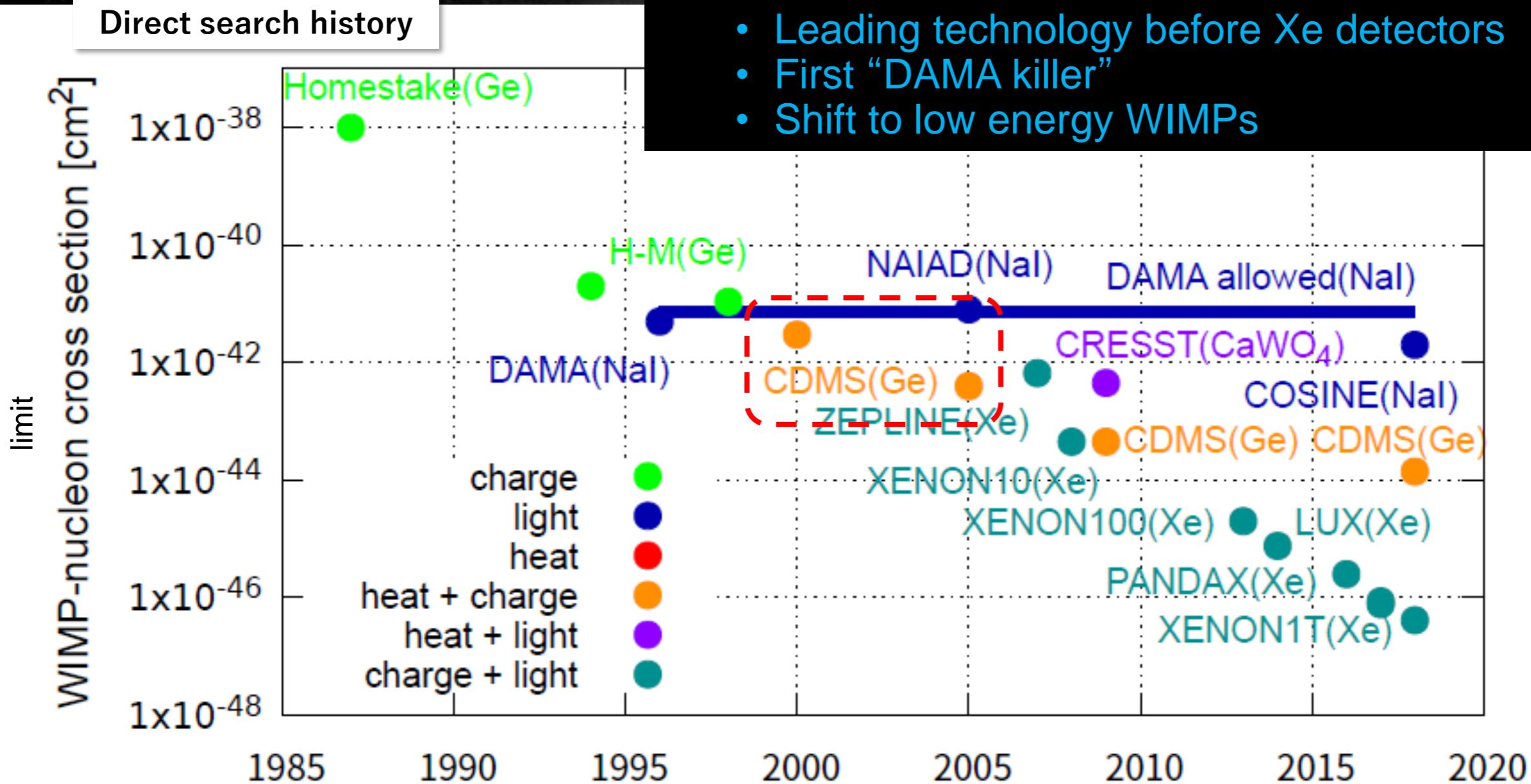


# Direct Search Review

2. New Trend : Low Mass DM

## • Bolometers

- Leading technology before Xe detectors
- First “DAMA killer”
- Shift to low energy WIMPs



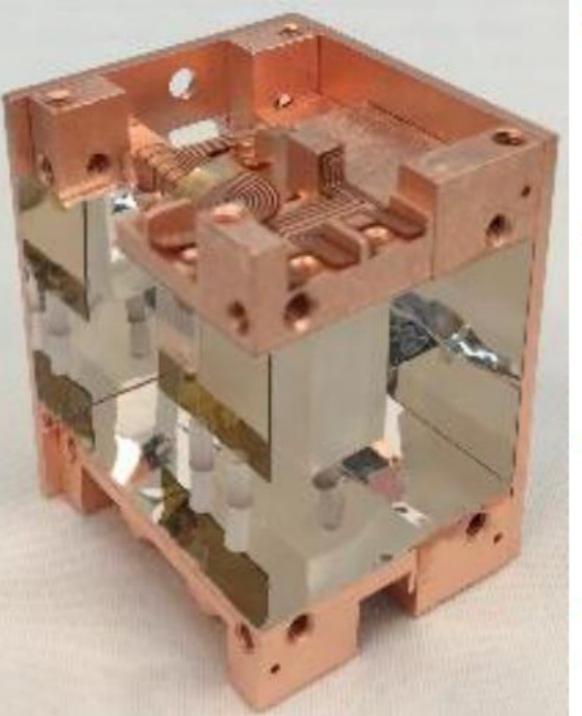
# • Bolometers

- Low energy threshold  $\Rightarrow$  low mass DM

## Latest results of CRESST-III's search for sub-GeV/c<sup>2</sup> dark matter

Holger Kluck  
on behalf of the CRESST collaboration

16th International Conference on Topics in Astroparticle and Underground Physics (TAUP2019)

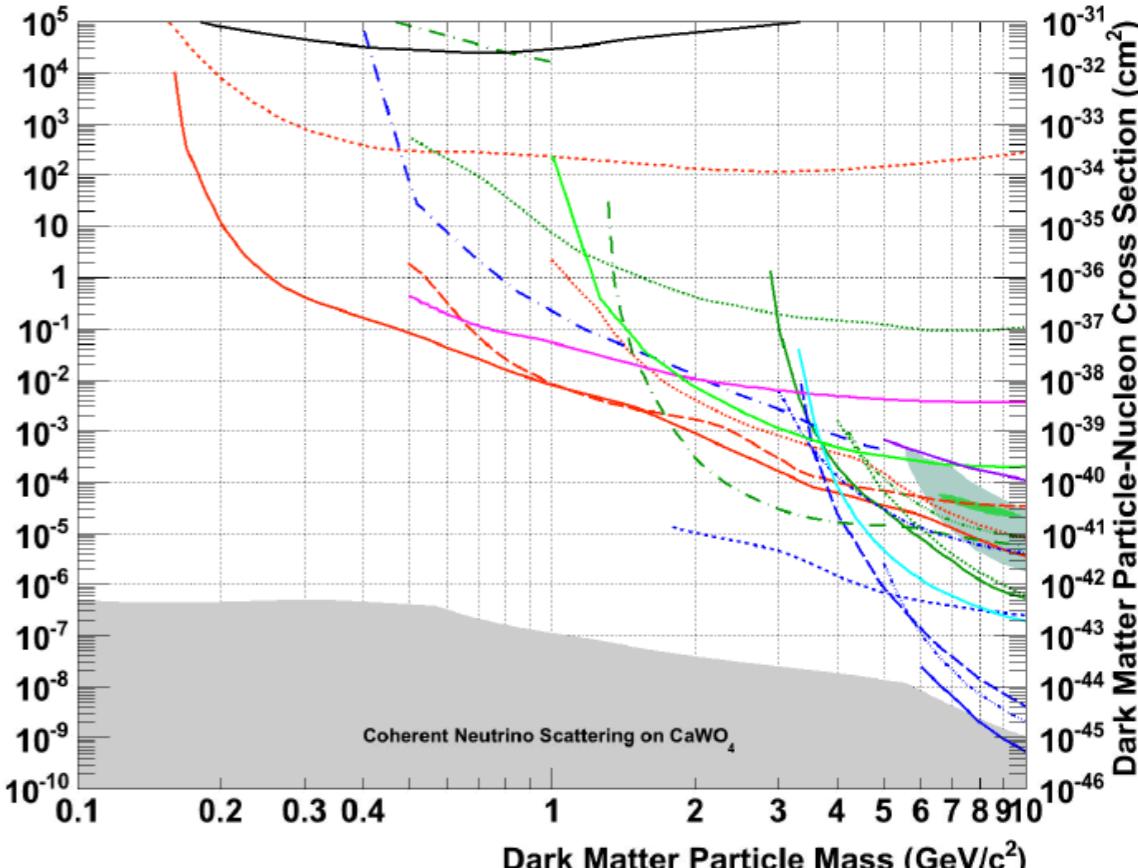
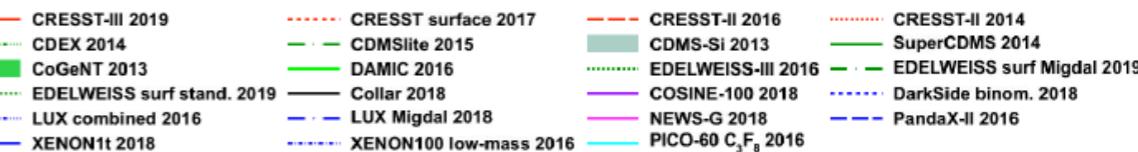


- May 2016:  
10 CRESST-III modules installed
- Jul 2016 – Feb 2018:  
data taking (80% blinded,  
20% training set)
- Detector A  
 $\rightarrow$  lowest nuclear recoil threshold so far:  
**30.1 eV**
- Target crystal mass: **23.6g**
- Gross exposure: **5.6 kg d**
- [arXiv:1904.00498],  
accepted by Phys.Rev.D  
 $\rightarrow$  this talk

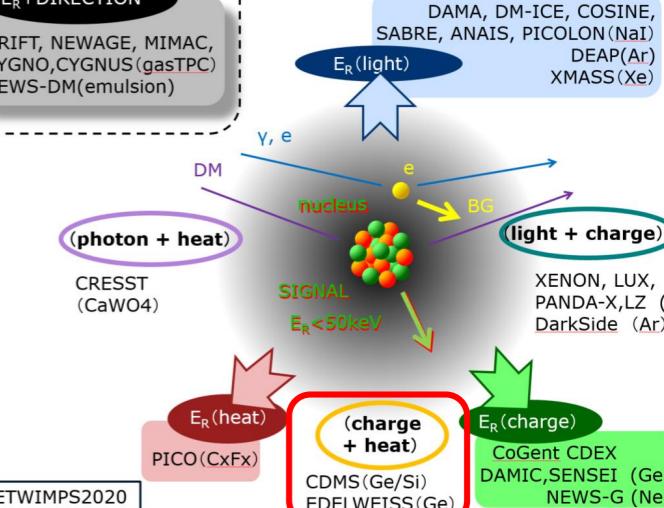
## CRESST-III detector

## CRESST-III result

September 10, 2019



PPP2023



# • CCD

## • DAMIC

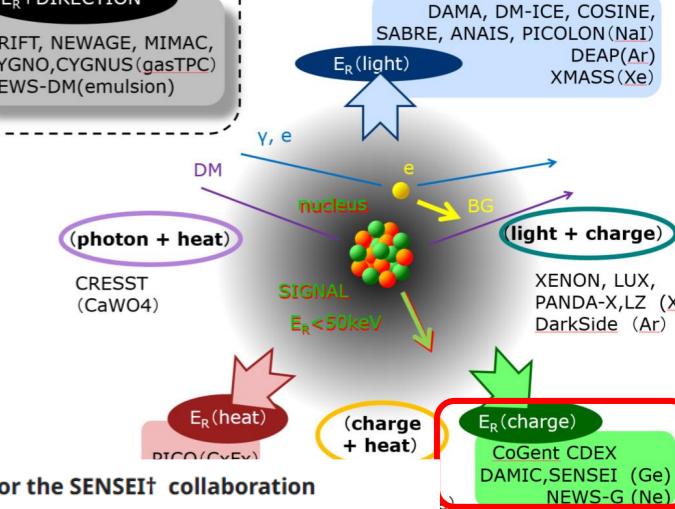
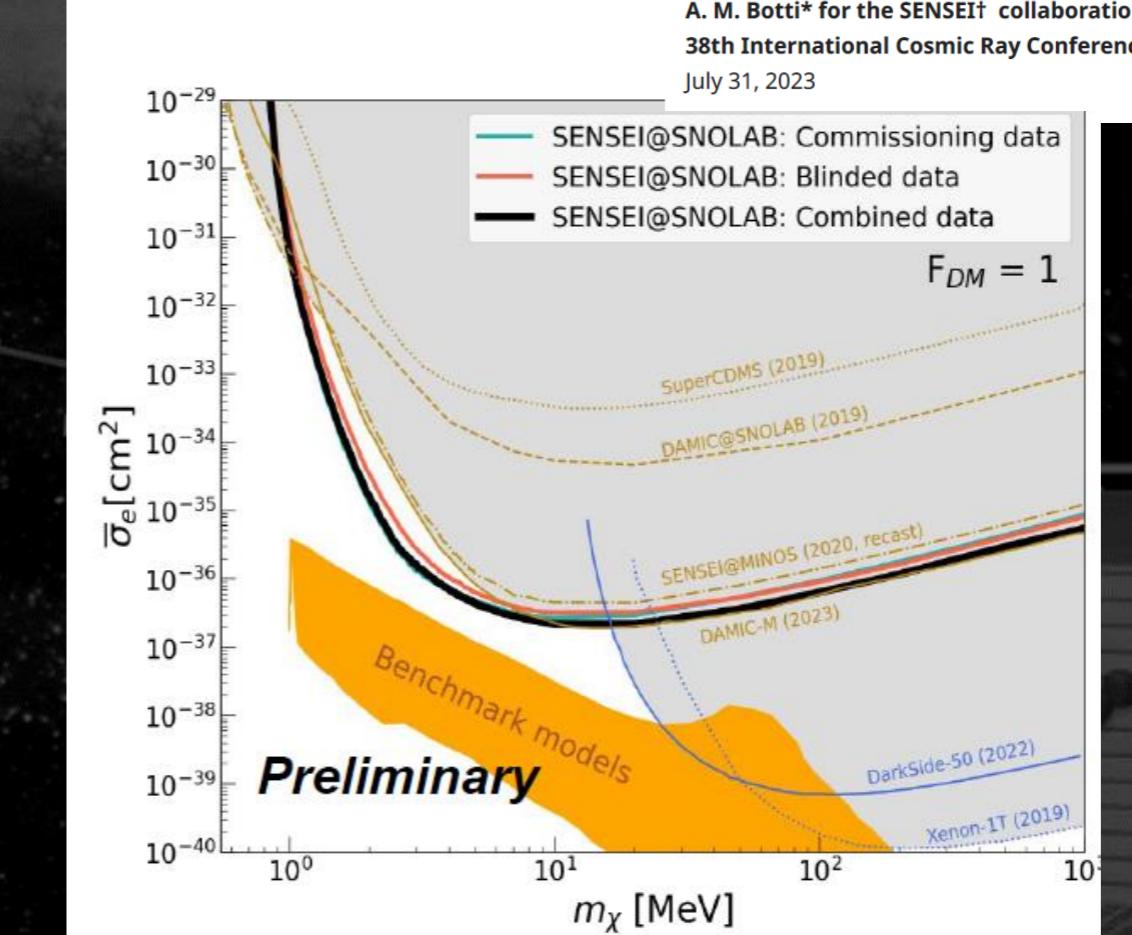
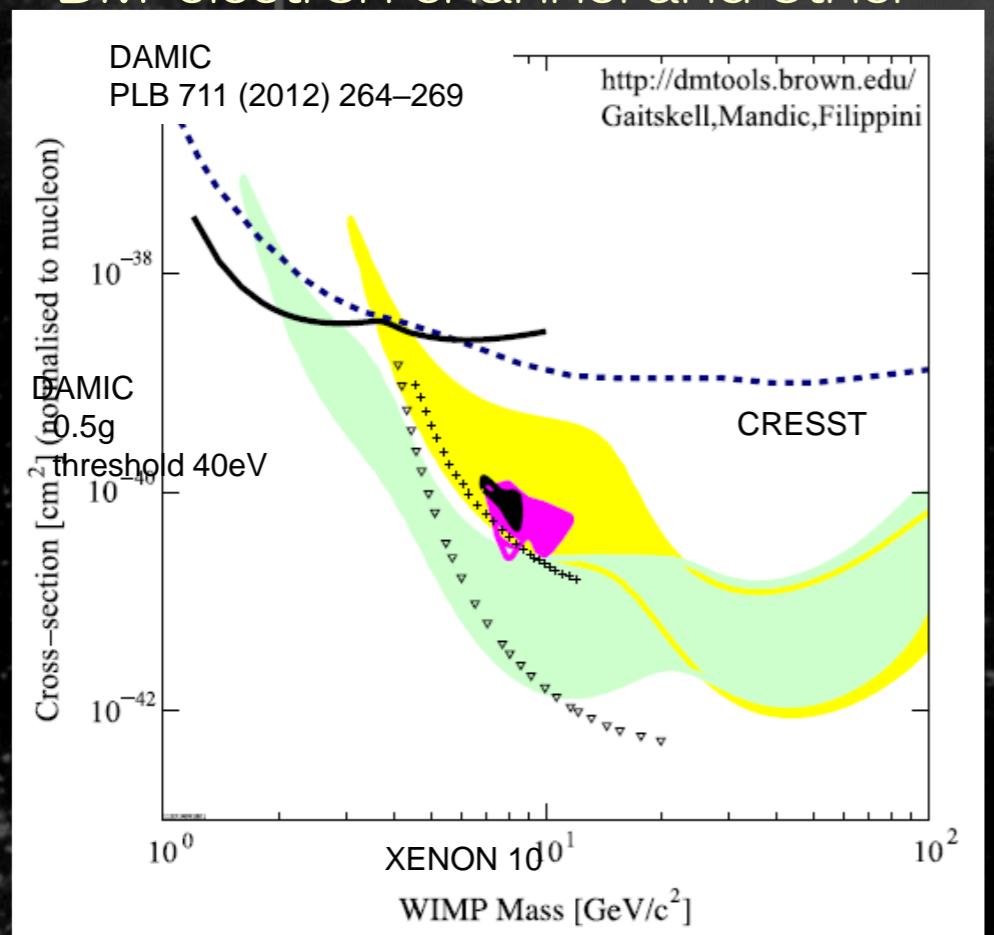
arXiv:2007.15622v1

- pioneer of low threshold

## • SENSEI

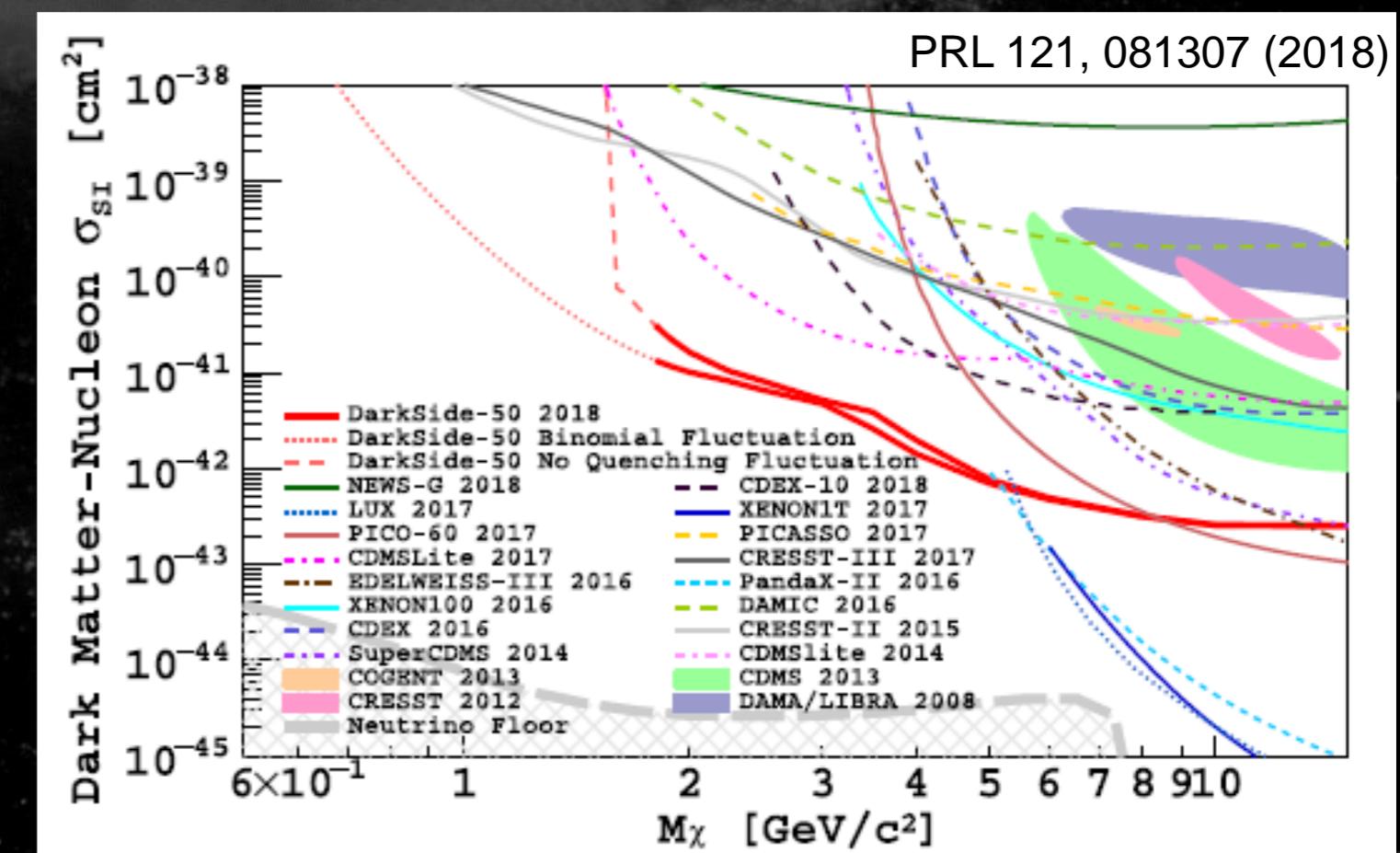
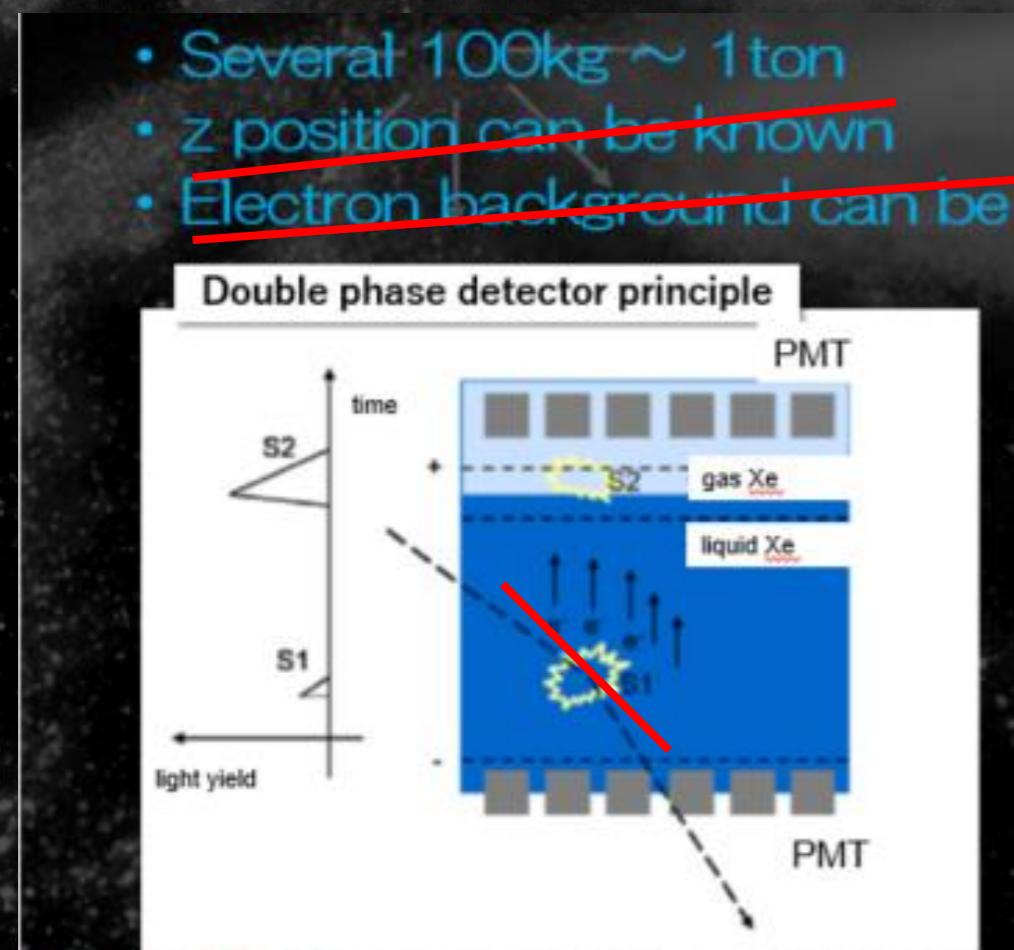
PRL 125, 171802 (2020)

- skipper CCD
- sensitive to single electron
- DM-electron channel and other



# • Liq. noble gas: S2 only analysis

- can lower threshold  $\Rightarrow$  low mass WIMPs
- DARKSIDE (Ar) PRL 121, 081307 (2018)

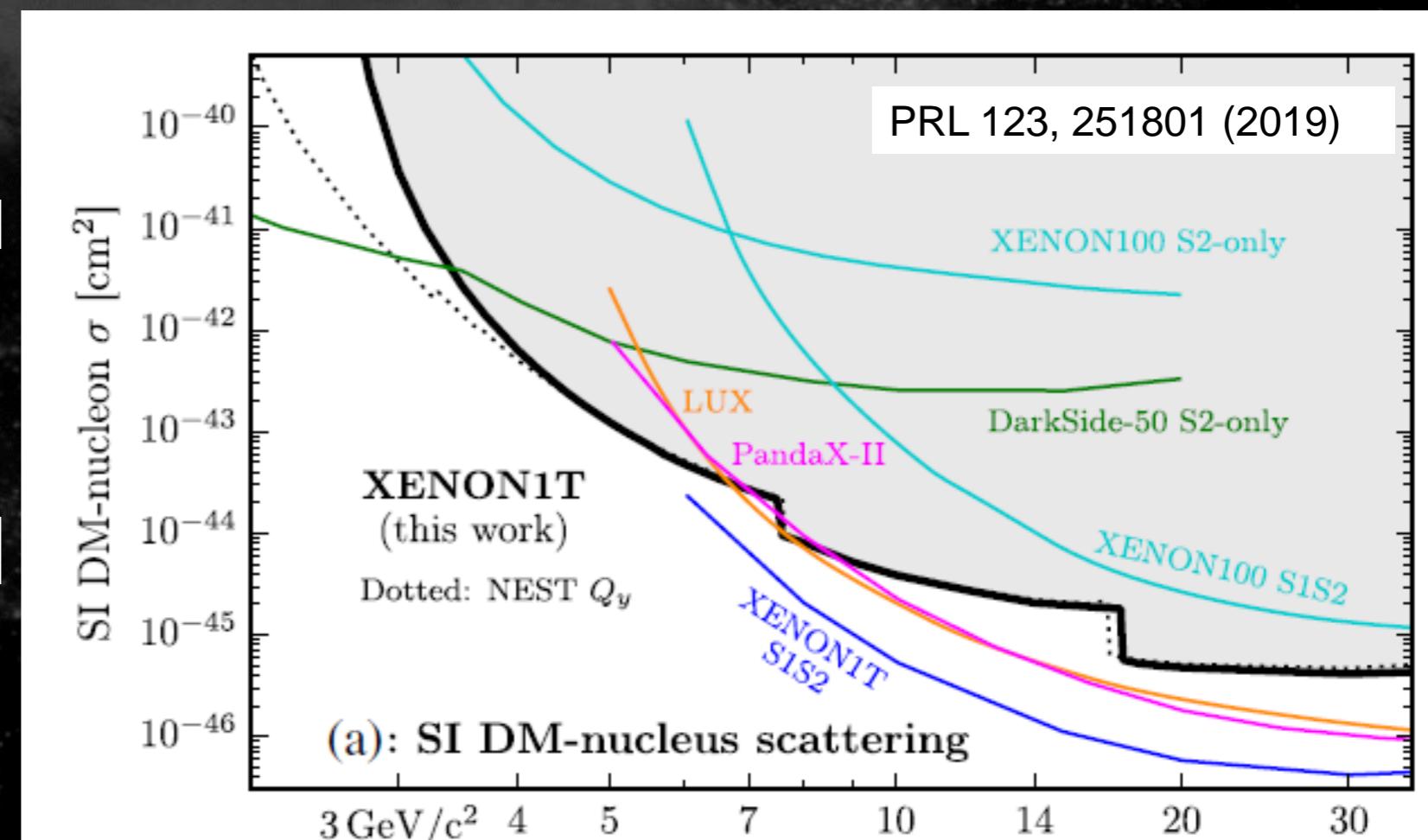
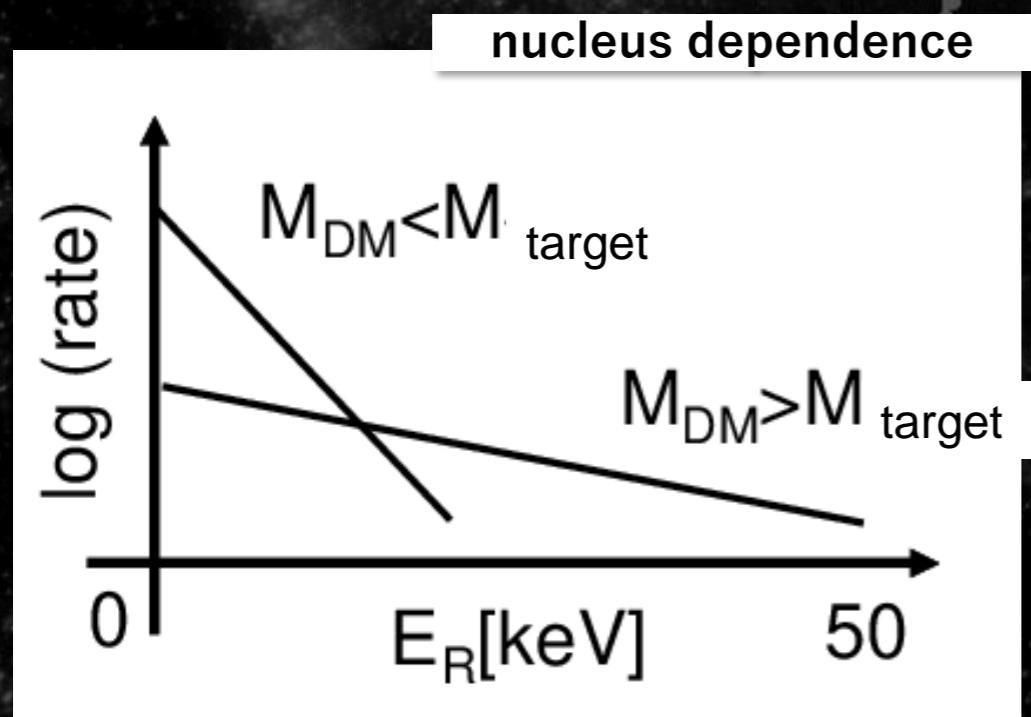


- XENON S2 only

PRL 123, 251801 (2019)

- Improved 4-7 GeV limits

- note: lighter nucleus (Ar) is better for low mass WIMPs



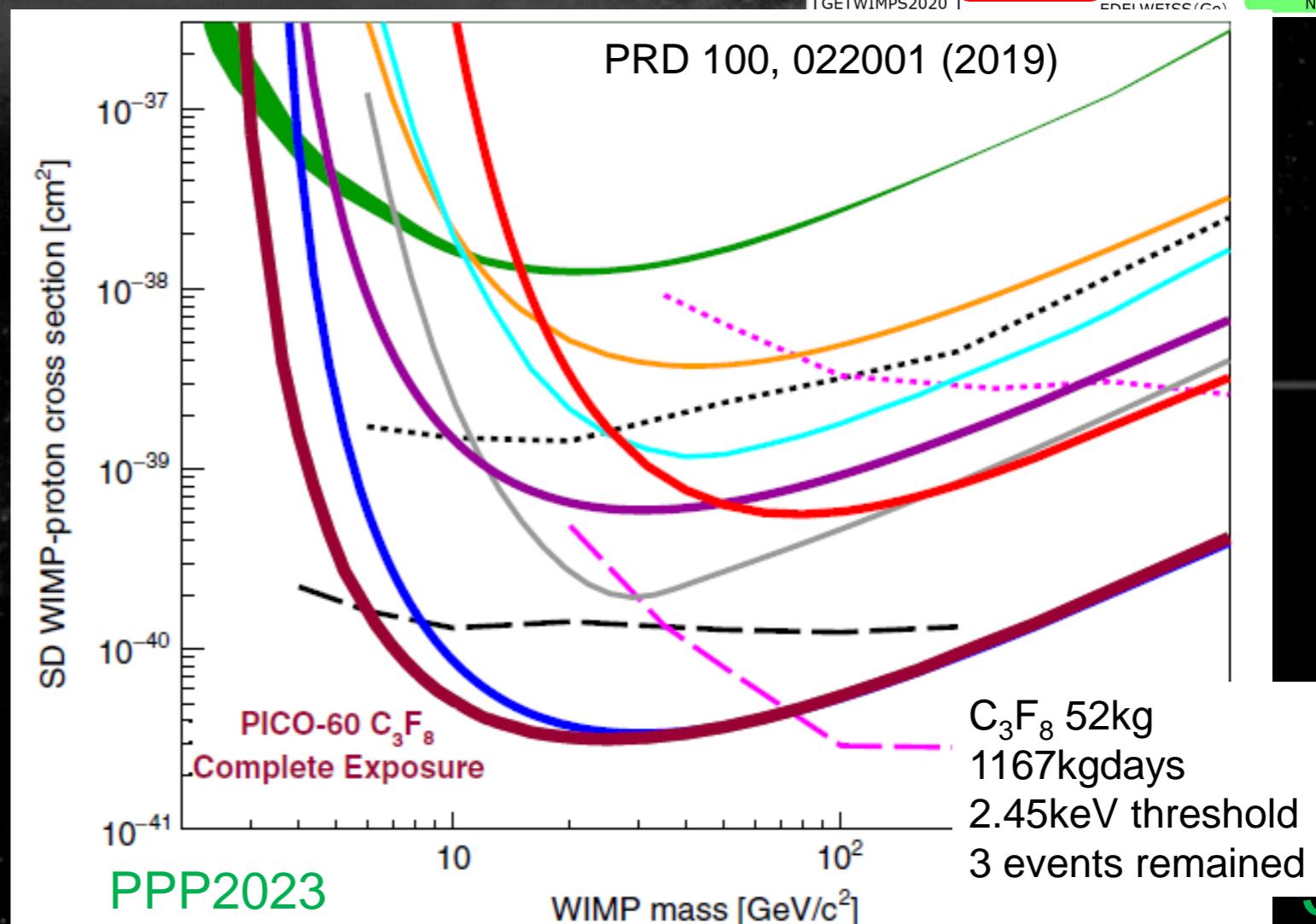
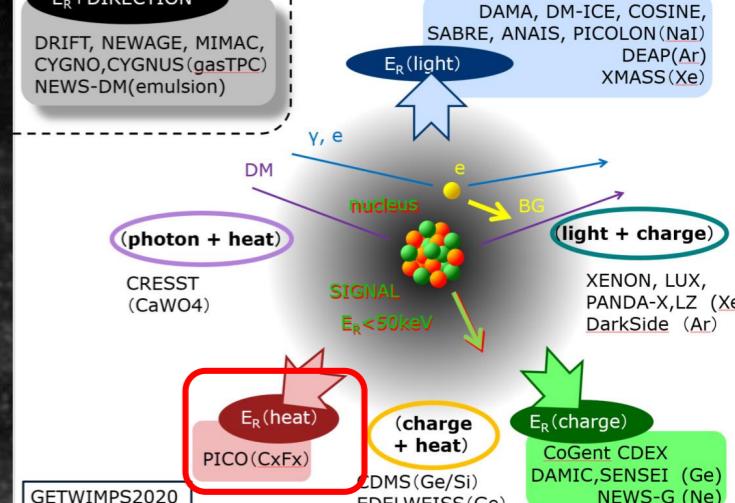
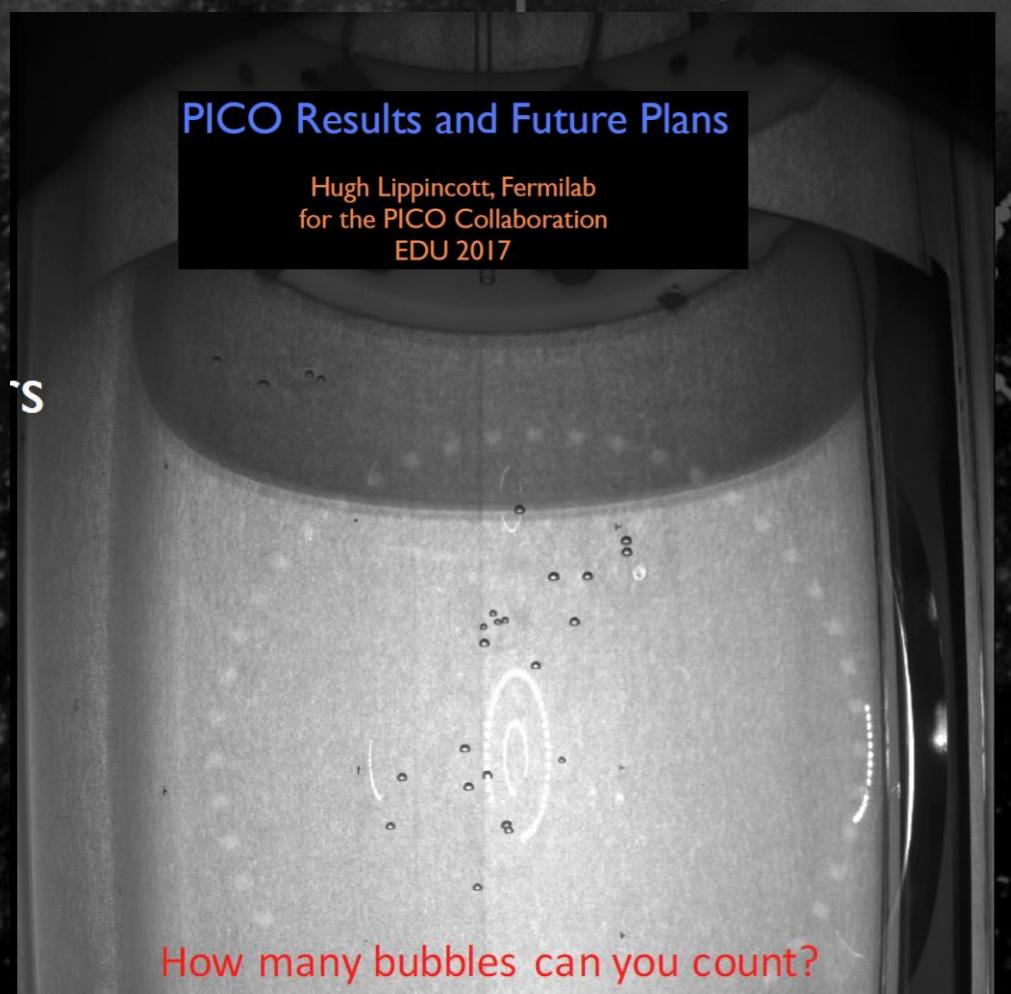
# Direct Search Review

3. Others

# • Bubble chamber

## • PICO

- Superheated chamber
- Threshold-type detector
- Best SD sensitivity



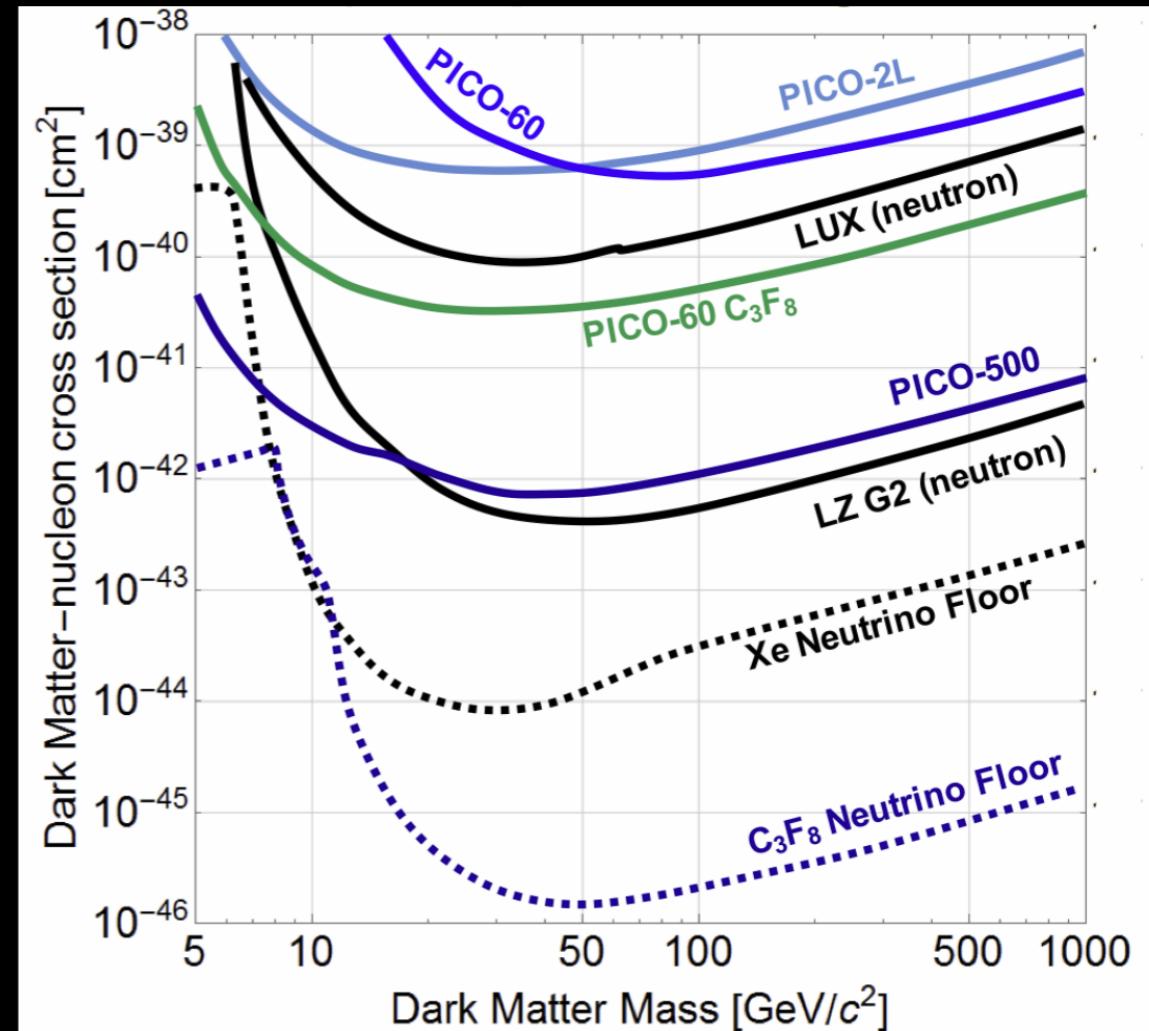
# PICO Results and Future Plans

Hugh Lippincott, Fermilab  
for the PICO Collaboration  
EDU 2017

- Fluorine advantage
  - SD search
  - different “Neutrino floor” from xenon

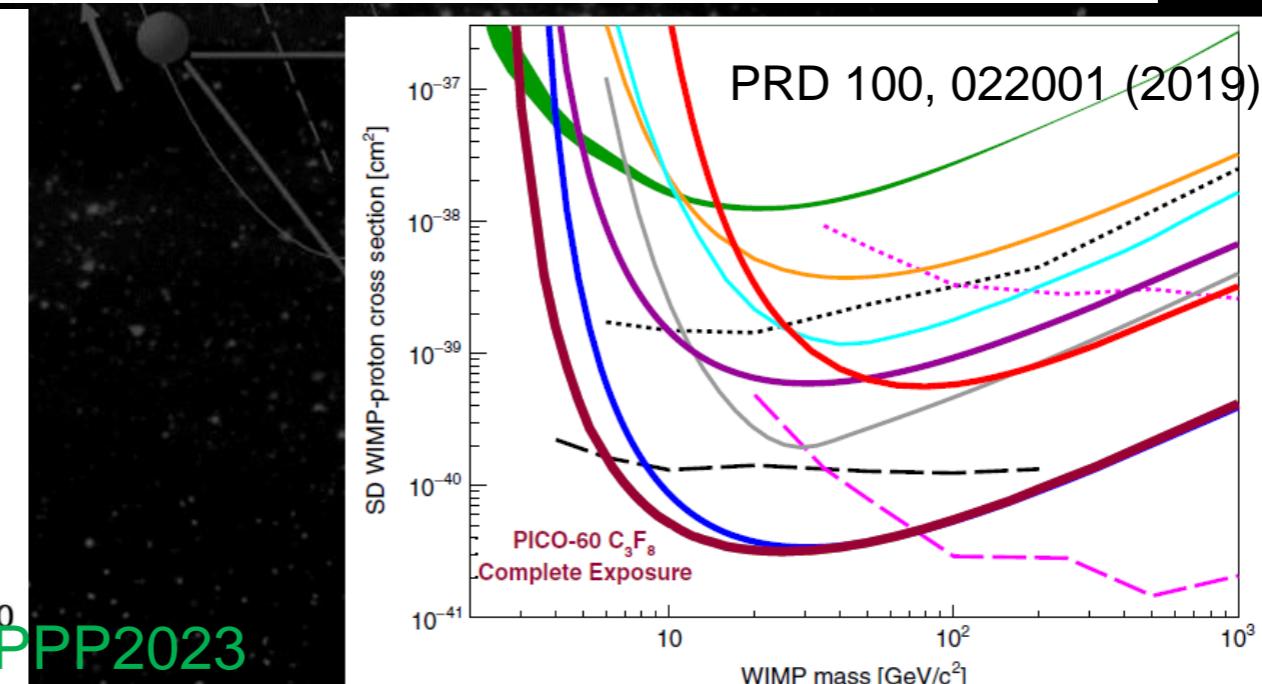
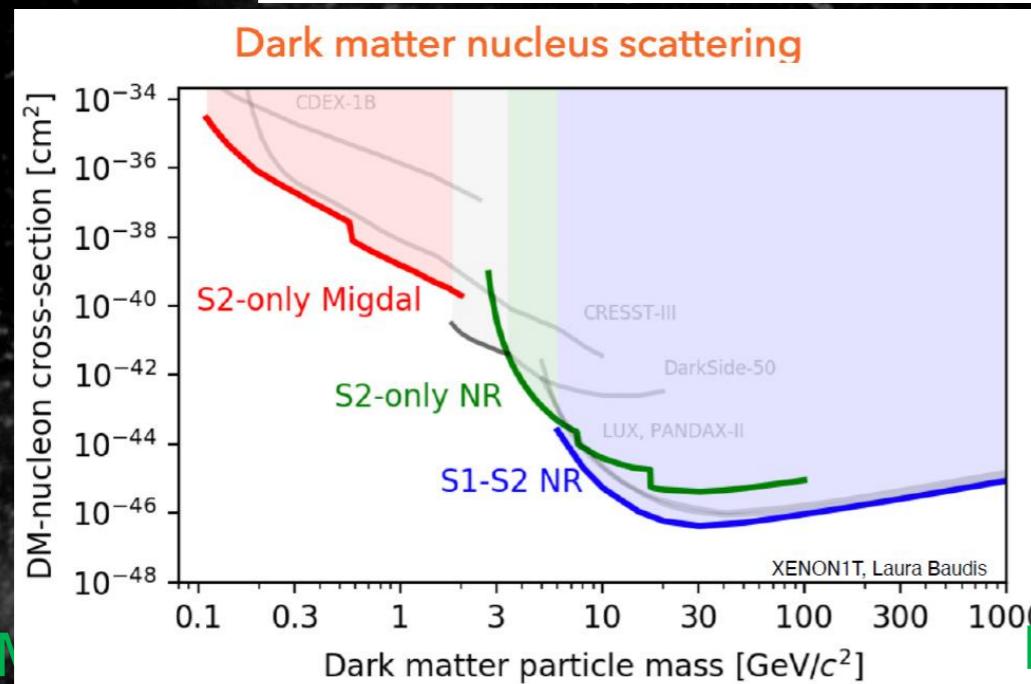
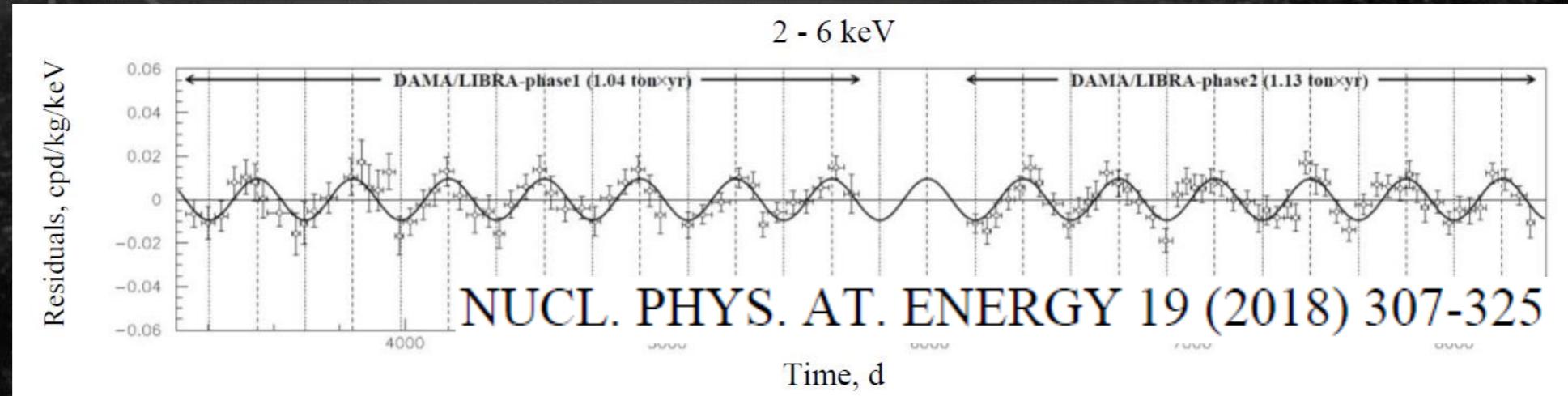
Isotope	$J$	Abundance(%)	$\mu_{\text{mag}}$	$\lambda^2 J(J+1)$	unpaired nucleon
$^1\text{H}$	1/2	100	2.793	0.750	proton
$^7\text{Li}$	3/2	92.5	3.256	0.244	proton
$^{11}\text{B}$	3/2	80.1	2.689	0.112	proton
$^{15}\text{N}$	1/2	0.4	-0.283	0.087	proton
$^{19}\text{F}$	1/2	100	2.629	0.647	proton
$^{23}\text{Na}$	3/2	100	2.218	0.041	proton
$^{127}\text{I}$	5/2	100	2.813	0.007	proton
$^{133}\text{Cs}$	7/2	100	2.582	0.052	proton
$^3\text{He}$	1/2	$1.0 \times 10^{-4}$	-2.128	0.928	neutron
$^{17}\text{O}$	5/2	0.0	-1.890	0.342	neutron
$^{29}\text{Si}$	1/2	4.7	-0.555	0.063	neutron
$^{73}\text{Ge}$	9/2	7.8	-0.879	0.065	neutron
$^{129}\text{Xe}$	1/2	26.4	-0.778	0.124	neutron
$^{131}\text{Xe}$	3/2	21.2	0.692	0.055	neutron
$^{183}\text{W}$	1/2	14.3	0.118	0.003	neutron

## Scaling to PICO-500

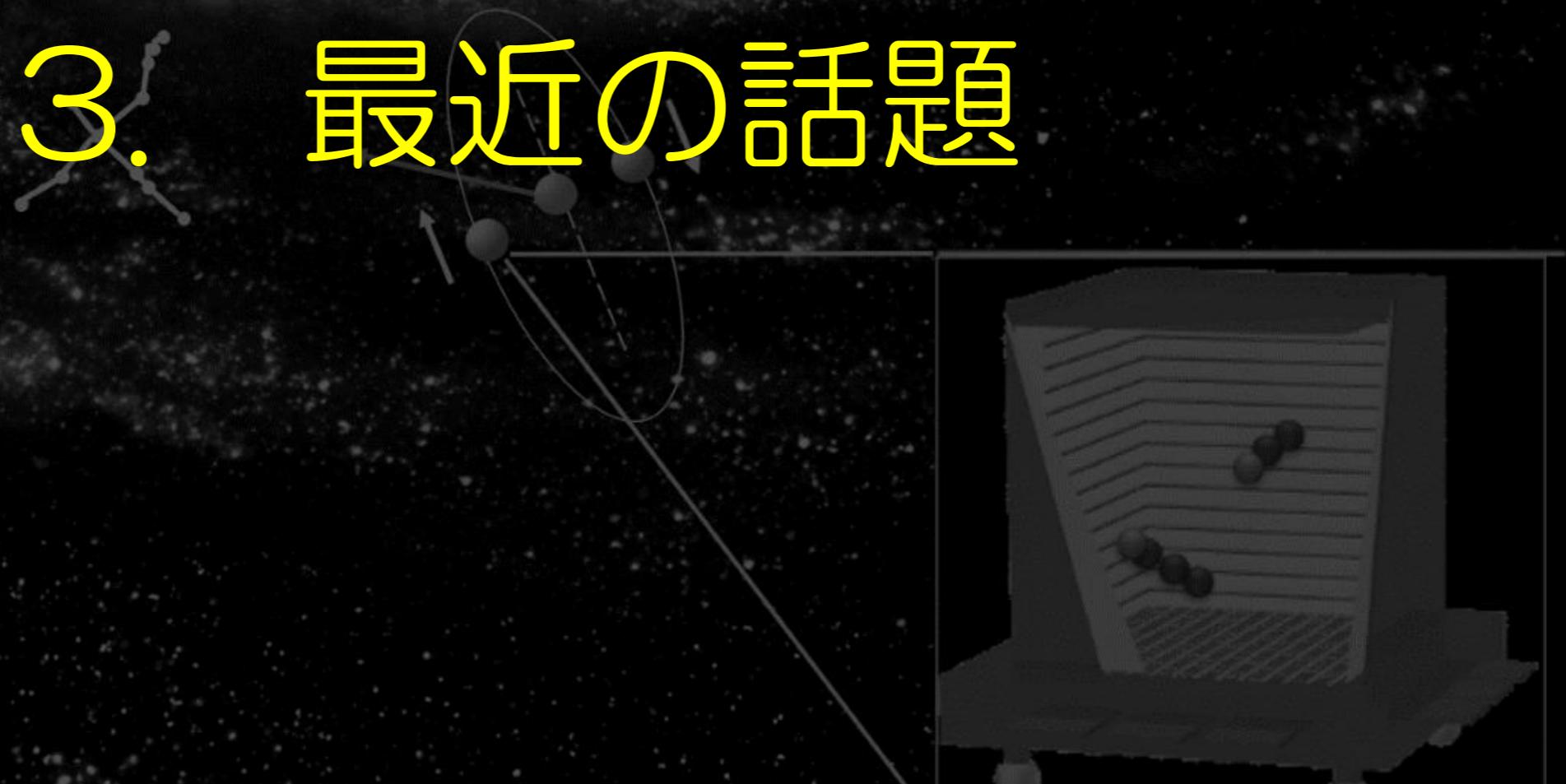
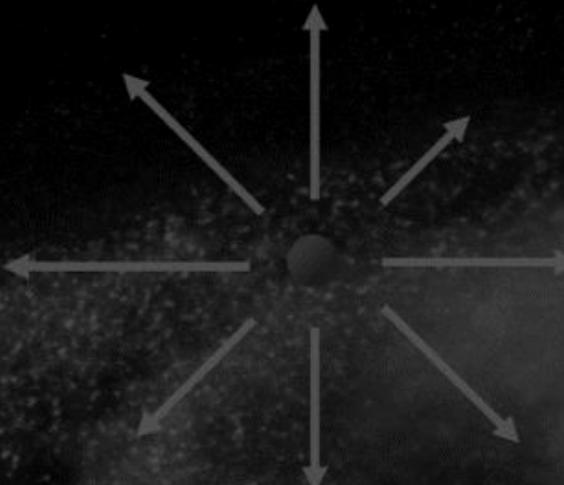


# 直接探索の現状

- DAMA, Xenon(SI), Fluorine (SD)

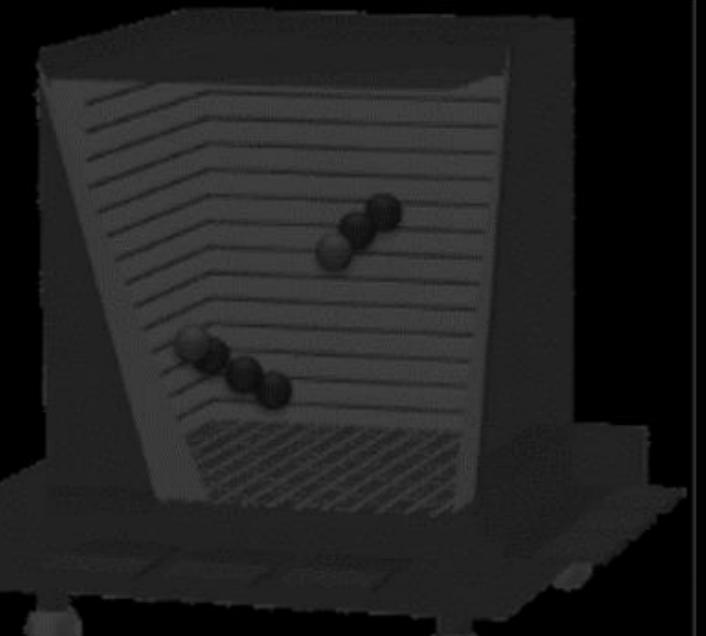
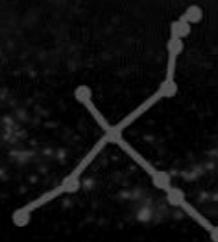
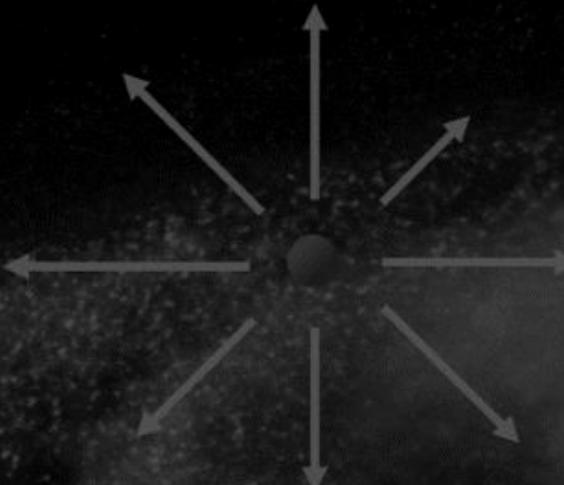


### 3. 最近の話題



# Topics

## 1. MIGDAL

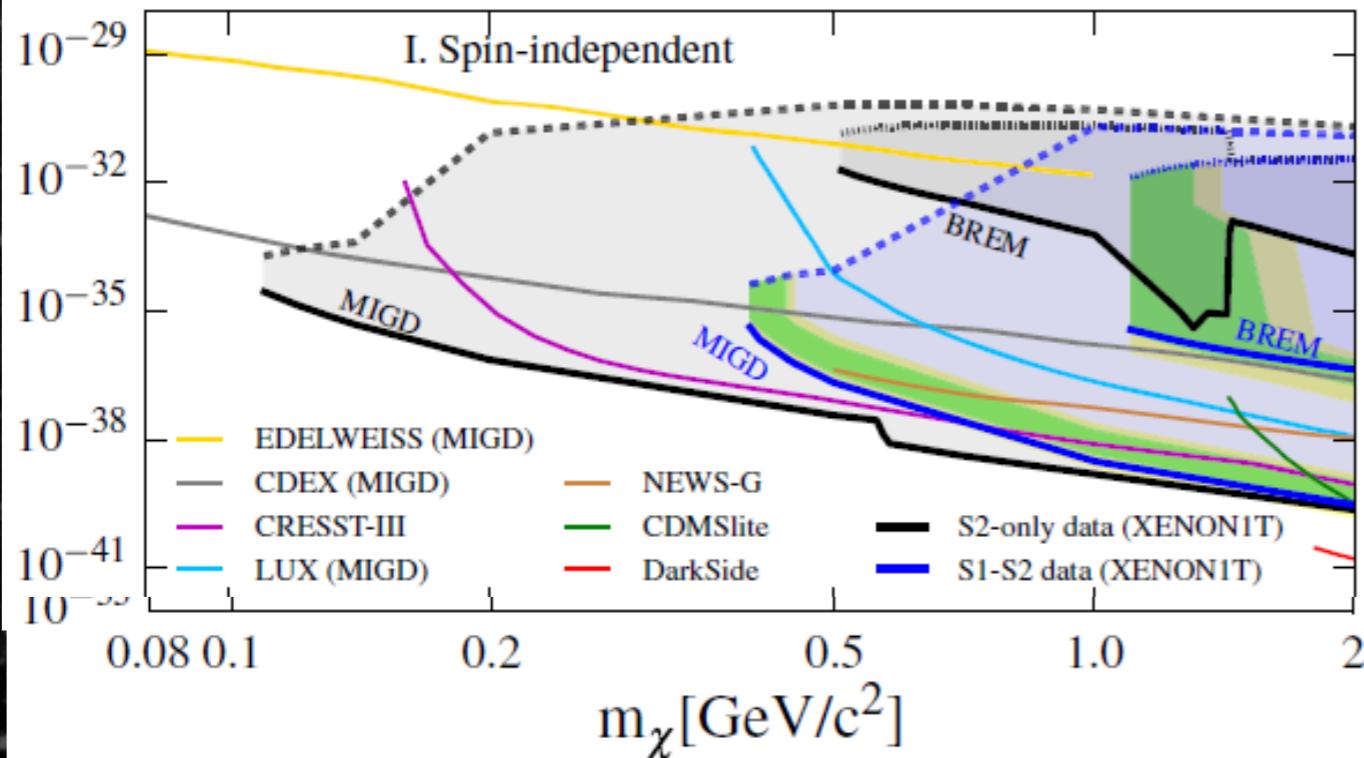


# • And still lower: MIGDAL

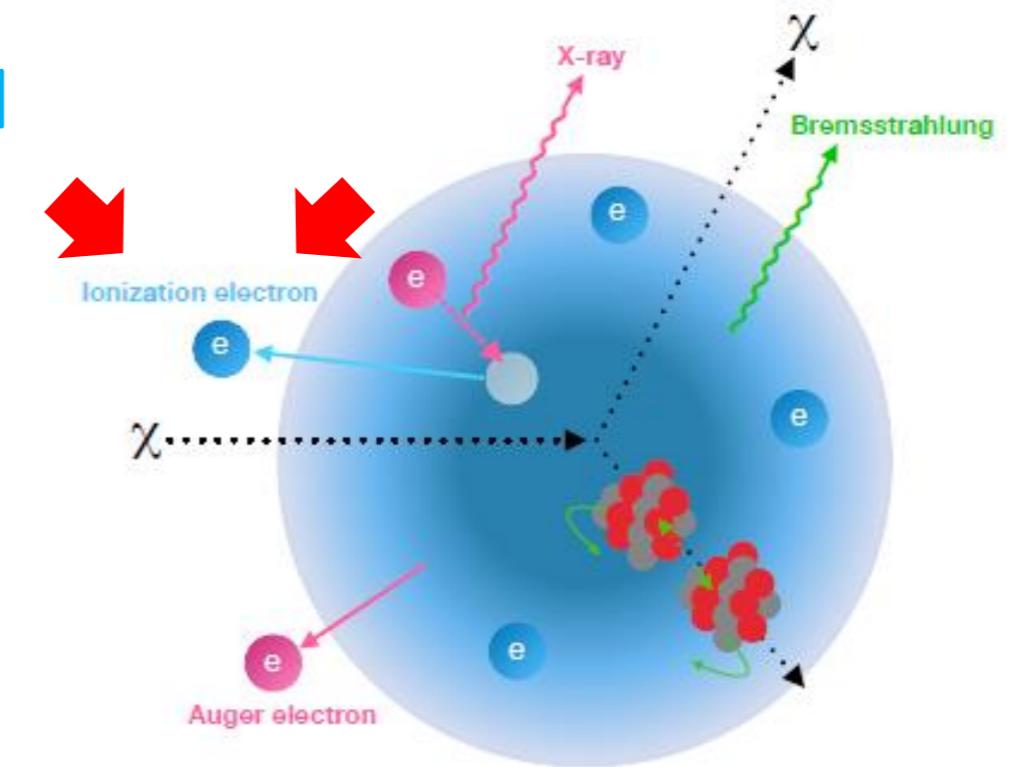
PRL123, 241803 (2019)

- Low mass search with “MIGDAL effect”
- Ordinary nuclear recoil : ionization along the track
- Low energy recoil : ionization efficiency is low  
⇒ cannot be detected
- Very rare case electrons are emitted

PRL123, 241803 (2019)



PPP2023



PRL123, 241803 (2019)

FIG. 1. Illustration of the ER signal production from BREM (green) and Migdal processes (pink) after elastic scattering between DM ( $\chi$ ) and a xenon nucleus.

# • MIGDAL effect ?

- A. B. Migdal J. Phys. USSR 4(1941)449

- calculated (predicted)
- nuclear recoil  $\Rightarrow$  excitation / ionization
- caused by a sudden change of the nuclear velocity
- small probability

- Ibe et. al. 2018

JHEP03 (2018) 194

- reformulated
  - energy momentum conservation
  - probability conservation
- can be used for DM search

## Migdal effect in dark matter direct detection experiments

Masahiro Ibe,<sup>a,b</sup> Wakutaka Nakano,<sup>a</sup> Yutaro Shoji<sup>a</sup> and Kazumine Suzuki<sup>a</sup>

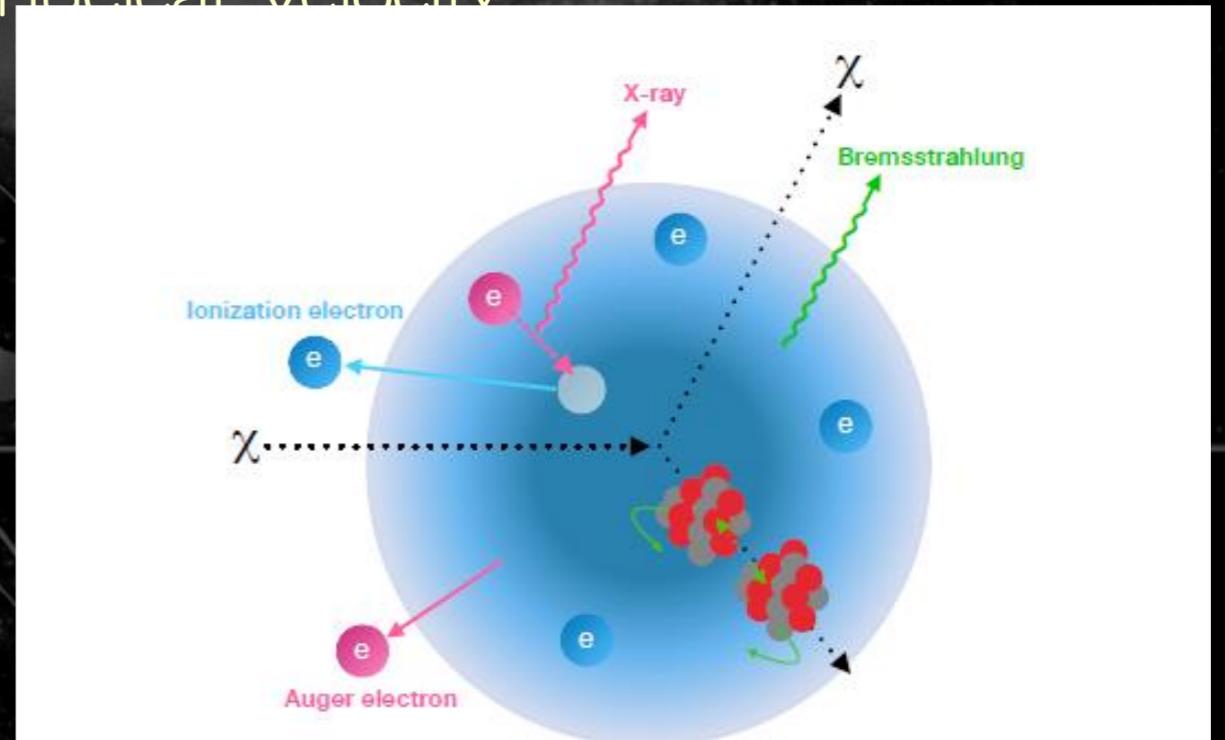


FIG. 1. Illustration of the ER signal production from BREM (green) and Migdal processes (pink) after elastic scattering between DM ( $\chi$ ) and a xenon nucleus.

# • Low mass WIMP search by MIGDAL effect

LUX: PRL 122(2019)131301

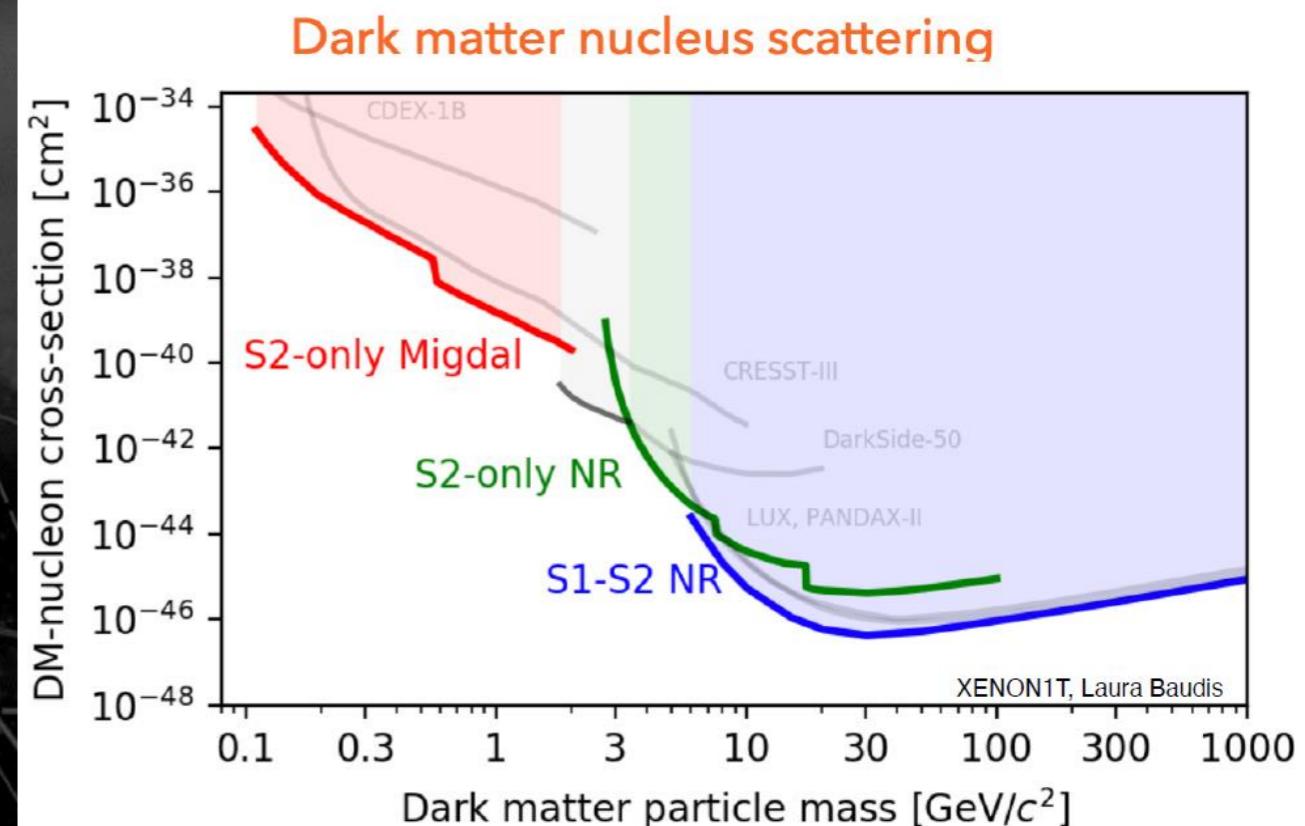
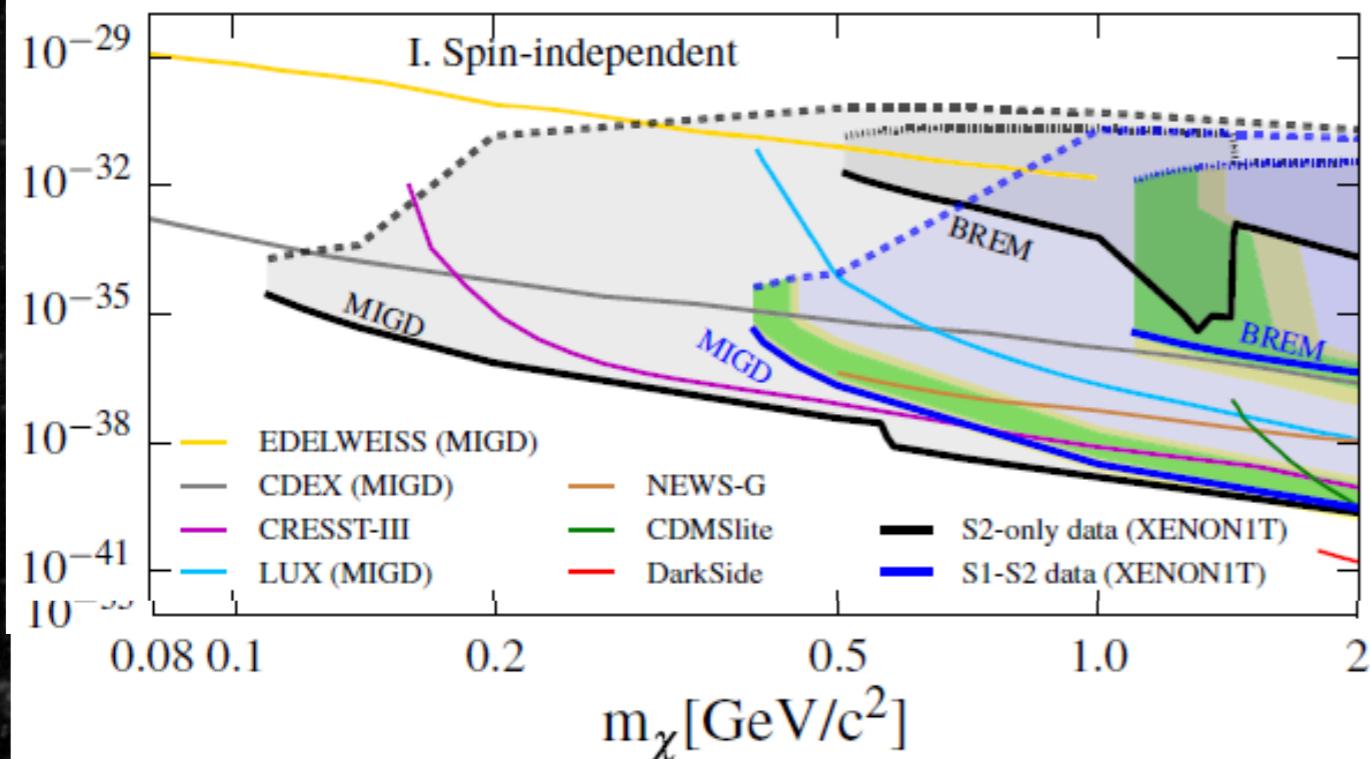
EDELWEISS: PRD 99(2019)082003

CDEX: PRL 123 (2019) 161301

XENON: PRL 123 (2019) 241803

SENSEI: arXiv:2004.11378v1

PRL123, 241803 (2019)

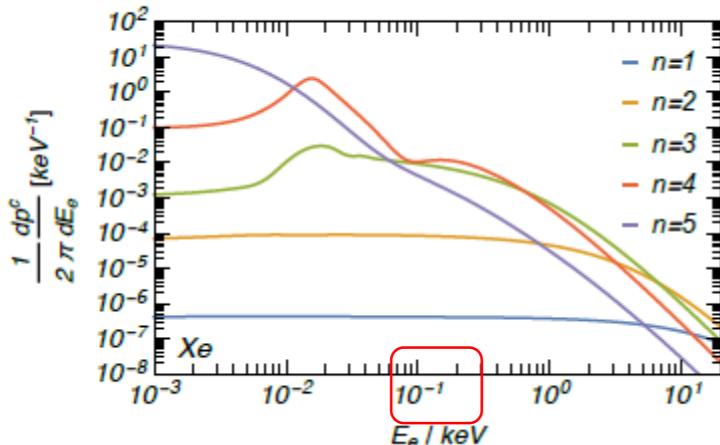


Standard WIMP detector down to 100MeV  
CAVEAT: Migdal effect itself is yet to be observed.  
loose 3orders of magnitude if we use Bremsstrahlung only.

# • Why MIGDAL observation is difficult?

- Neutron beam for nuclear recoil
- Standard elastic scattering (Nuclear Recoil): huge background
- Signal: NR + electron track  $\sim 0.1$  keV
  - $\ll$  energy resolution
  - $\ll$  spatial resolution

JHEP03(2018)194



JHEP03(2018)194  
Xe ( $q_e = m_e \times 10^{-3}$ )

$(n, \ell)$	$\mathcal{P}_{\rightarrow 4f}$	$\mathcal{P}_{\rightarrow 5d}$	$\mathcal{P}_{\rightarrow 6s}$	$\mathcal{P}_{\rightarrow 6p}$	$E_{n\ell}$ [eV]	$\frac{1}{2\pi} \int dE_e \frac{dp^c}{dE_e}$
1s	–	–	–	$7.3 \times 10^{-10}$	$3.5 \times 10^4$	$4.6 \times 10^{-6}$
2s	–	–	–	$1.8 \times 10^{-8}$	$5.4 \times 10^3$	$2.9 \times 10^{-5}$
2p	–	$3.0 \times 10^{-8}$	$6.5 \times 10^{-9}$	–	$4.9 \times 10^3$	$1.3 \times 10^{-4}$
3s	–	–	–	$2.7 \times 10^{-7}$	$1.1 \times 10^3$	$8.7 \times 10^{-5}$
3p	–	$3.4 \times 10^{-7}$	$4.0 \times 10^{-7}$	–	$9.3 \times 10^2$	$5.2 \times 10^{-4}$
3d	$2.3 \times 10^{-9}$	–	–	$4.3 \times 10^{-7}$	$6.6 \times 10^2$	$3.5 \times 10^{-3}$
4s	–	–	–	$3.1 \times 10^{-6}$	$2.0 \times 10^2$	$3.4 \times 10^{-4}$
4p	–	$4.1 \times 10^{-8}$	$3.0 \times 10^{-5}$	–	$1.4 \times 10^2$	$1.4 \times 10^{-3}$
4d	$7.0 \times 10^{-7}$	–	–	$1.5 \times 10^{-4}$	$6.1 \times 10$	$3.4 \times 10^{-2}$
5s	–	–	–	$1.2 \times 10^{-4}$	$2.1 \times 10$	$4.1 \times 10^{-4}$
5p	–	$3.6 \times 10^{-2}$	$2.1 \times 10^{-2}$	–	9.8	$1.0 \times 10^{-1}$

$(n, \ell)$	4f	5d	6s	6p
$E_{n\ell}$ [eV]	0.85	1.6	3.3	2.2

JHEP03(2018)194

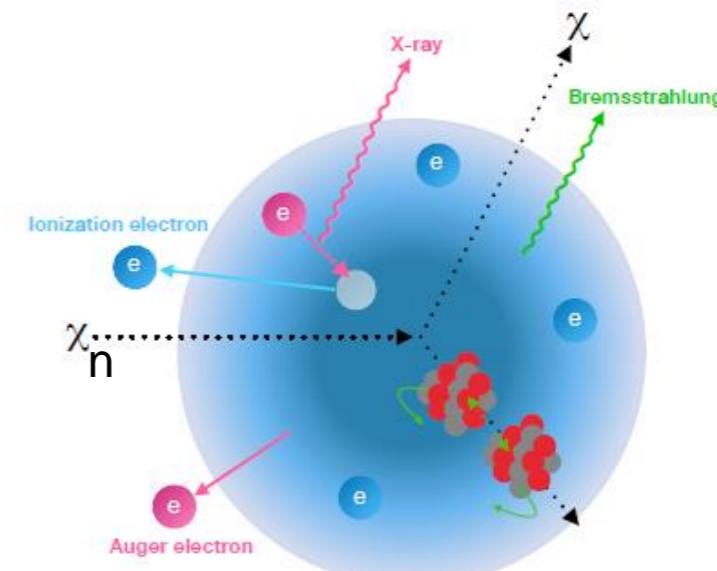


FIG. 1. Illustration of the ER signal production from BREM (green) and Migdal processes (pink) after elastic scattering between DM ( $\chi$ ) and a xenon nucleus.

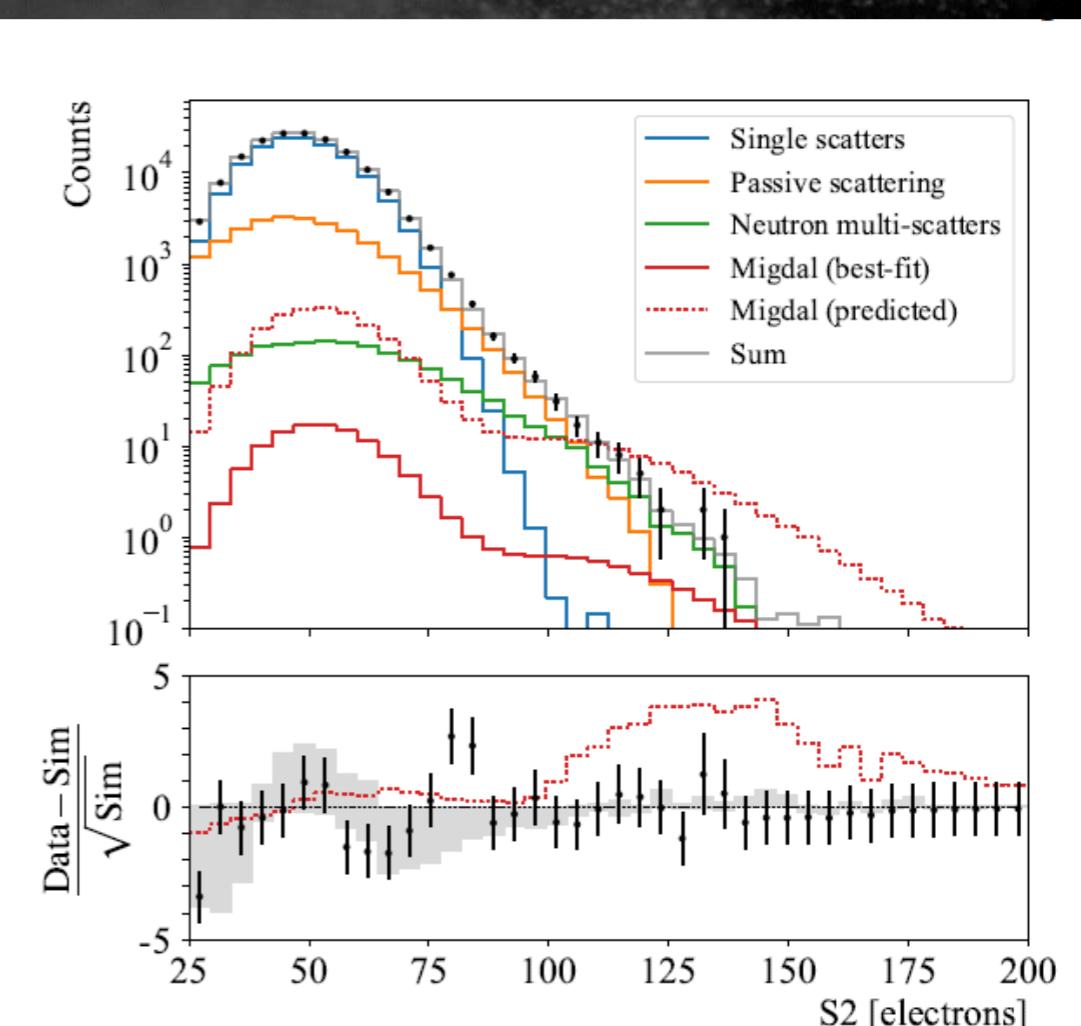
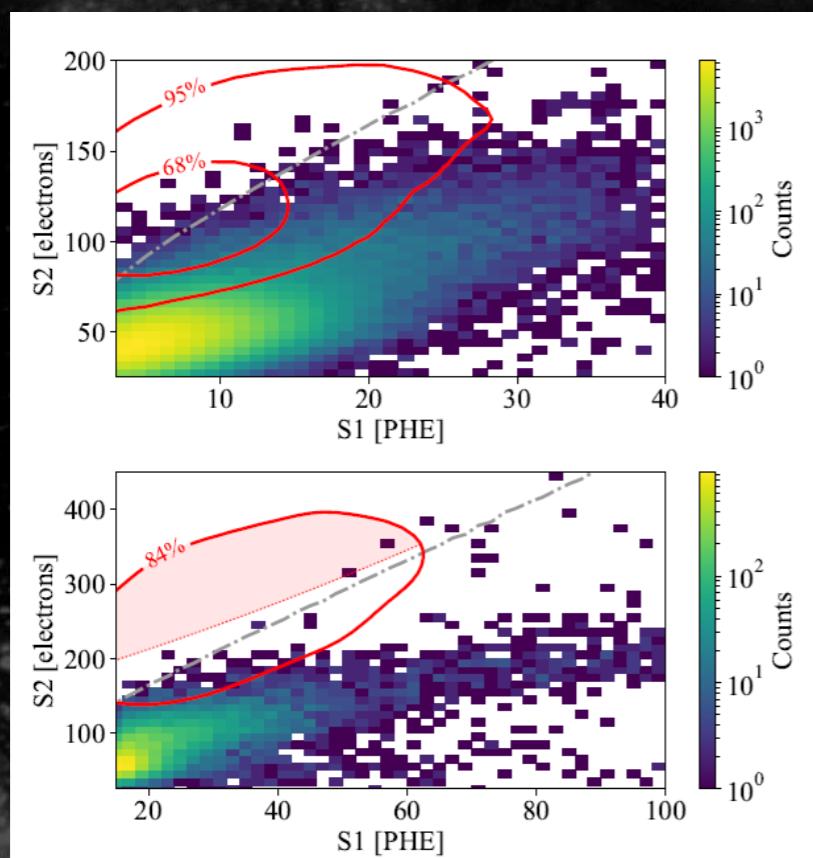
## • MIGDAL探し

- 2相式キセノン検出器
- 14MeV中性子 → 7keV nuclear recoil S2超過事象を探す
- 観測されず 原因を調査中

arXiv:2307.12952v1

Search for the Migdal effect in liquid xenon with keV-level nuclear recoils

J. Xu,<sup>1,\*</sup> D. Adams,<sup>2</sup> B. Lenardo,<sup>3,†</sup> T. Pershing,<sup>1</sup> R.L. Mannino,<sup>1</sup> E. Bernard,<sup>1</sup> J. Kingston,<sup>4,1</sup>  
E. Mizrachi,<sup>5,1</sup> J. Lin,<sup>6</sup> R. Essig,<sup>2</sup> V. Mozin,<sup>1</sup> P. Kerr,<sup>1</sup> A. Bernstein,<sup>1</sup> and M. Tripathi<sup>4</sup>



# • Migdal探し : MIGDAL実験

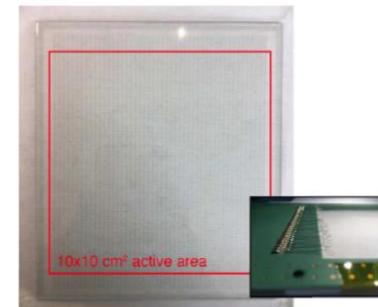
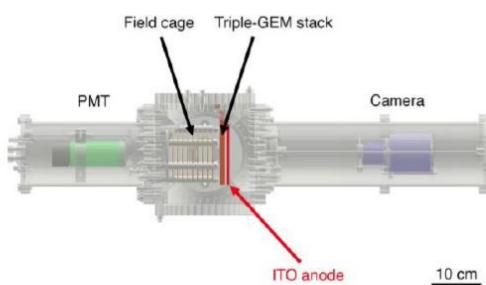
Astroparticle Physics 151 (2023) 102853

- Straightforward method
- Nuclear track +electron track with gaseous detector
- Demonstrations OK for nuclear recoil / electron recoil each.
- Hard to discriminate from standard nuclear recoil

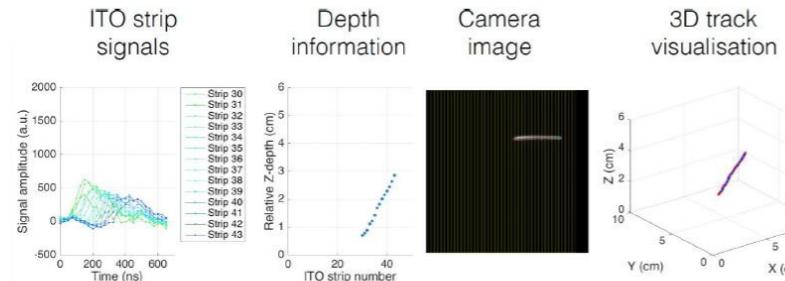
The MIGDAL experiment: Measuring a rare atomic process to aid the search for dark matter

H.M. Araújo <sup>a,\*</sup>, S.N. Balashov <sup>b</sup>, J.E. Borg <sup>a</sup>, F.M. Brunbauer <sup>c</sup>, C. Cazzaniga <sup>d</sup>, C.D. Frost <sup>d</sup>, F. Garcia <sup>e</sup>, A.C. Kaboth <sup>f</sup>, M. Kastriotou <sup>d</sup>, I. Katsioulas <sup>g</sup>, A. Khazov <sup>b</sup>, H. Kraus <sup>h</sup>, V.A. Kudryavtsev <sup>i</sup>, S. Lilley <sup>d</sup>, A. Lindote <sup>j</sup>, D. Loomba <sup>k</sup>, M.I. Lopes <sup>j</sup>, E. Lopez Asamar <sup>j,l</sup>, P. Luna Dapica <sup>d</sup>, P.A. Majewski <sup>b,\*</sup>, T. Marley <sup>a,b</sup>, C. McCabe <sup>m</sup>, A.F. Mills <sup>k</sup>, M. Nakhostin <sup>a,b</sup>, T. Neep <sup>g</sup>, F. Neves <sup>j</sup>, K. Nikolopoulos <sup>g</sup>, E. Oliveri <sup>c</sup>, L. Ropelewski <sup>c</sup>, E. Tilly <sup>k</sup>, V.N. Solovov <sup>j</sup>, T.J. Sumner <sup>a</sup>, J. Tarrant <sup>n</sup>, R. Turnley <sup>d</sup>, M.G.D. van der Grinten <sup>b</sup>, R. Veenhof <sup>c</sup>

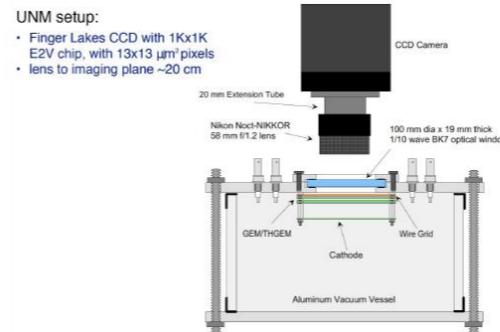
## O-TPC at CERN (from F. Brunbauer)



3D track reconstruction  
in Ar/CF<sub>4</sub> (80/20)  
at 100 Torr



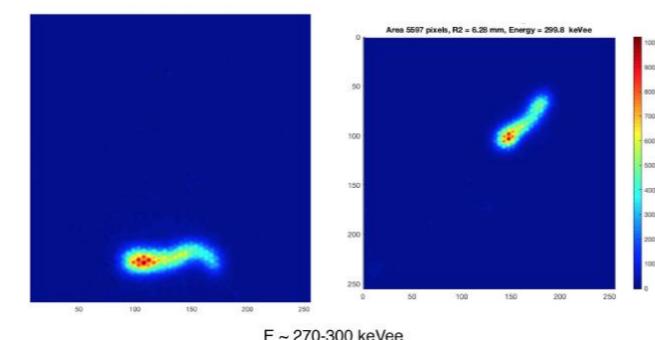
## O-TPC at UNM (from D. Loomba) 2D reconstruction



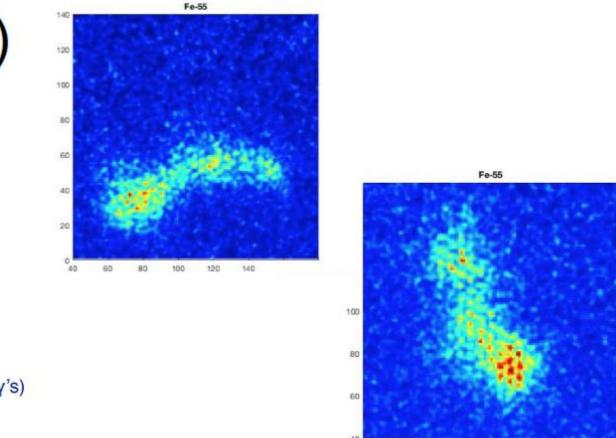
- 25-35 Torr CF4
- 2THGEMs ( $\sigma > 0.7$  mm)
- Imaging area ~1.9cm x 1.9cm
- 4x4 on-chip binning

Data acquired using following sources:

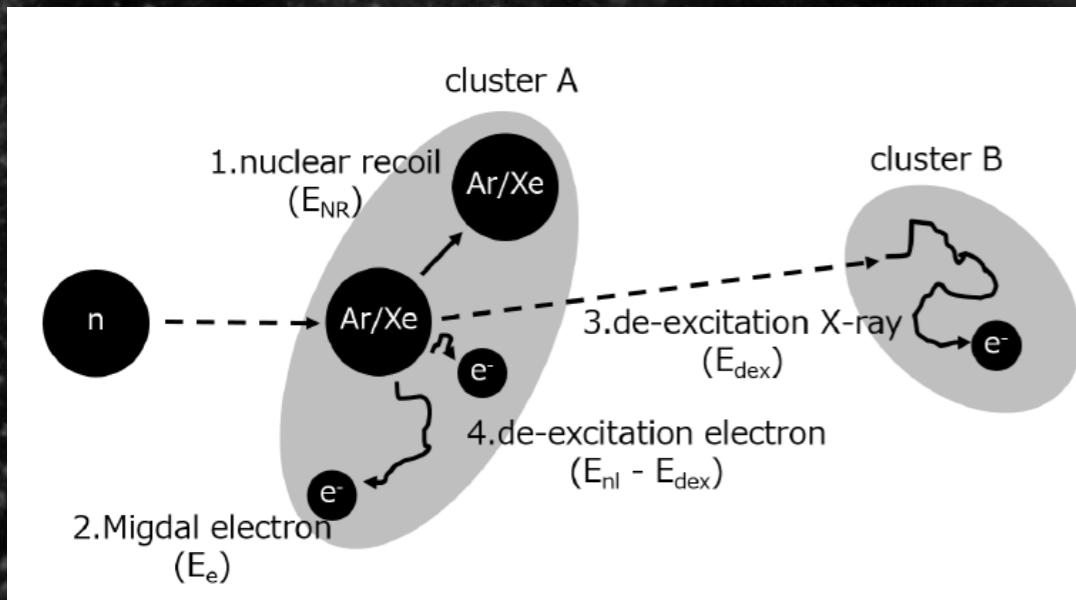
- Fe-55 (5.9 keV x-rays)
- Co-60 ( $\gamma$ 's)
- DD neutron generator (~2.2 MeV n's +  $\gamma$ 's)



$E \sim 270\text{-}300 \text{ keVee}$



- Migdal探し MIRACLUエ実験
  - Detect characteristic signal “two-cluster” events
  - Help to reduce huge background



Detection capability of Migdal effect for argon and xenon nuclei with position sensitive gaseous detectors

Kiseki D. Nakamura<sup>1</sup>, Kentaro Miuchi<sup>1</sup>, Shingo Kazama<sup>2</sup>, Yutaro Shoji<sup>3</sup>, Masahiro Ibe<sup>4,5</sup>, and Wakutaka Nakano<sup>6</sup>

PTEP(2020)ptaa162

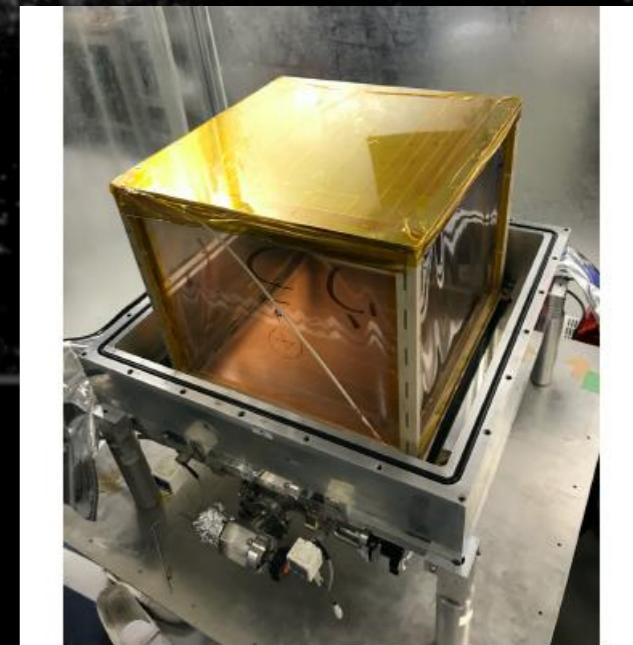
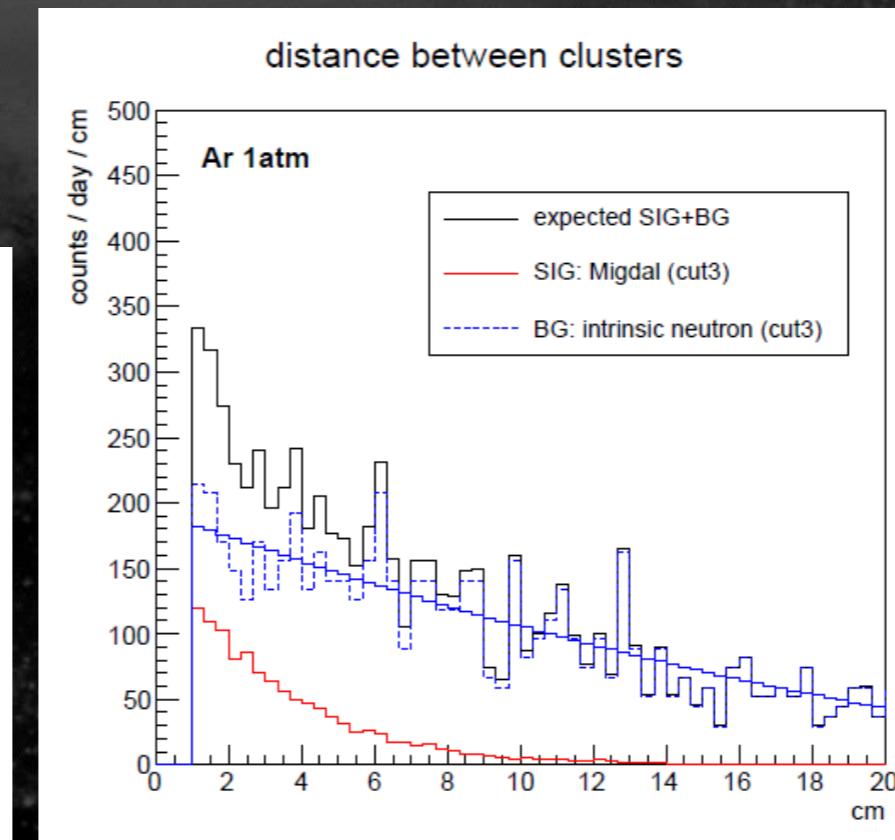
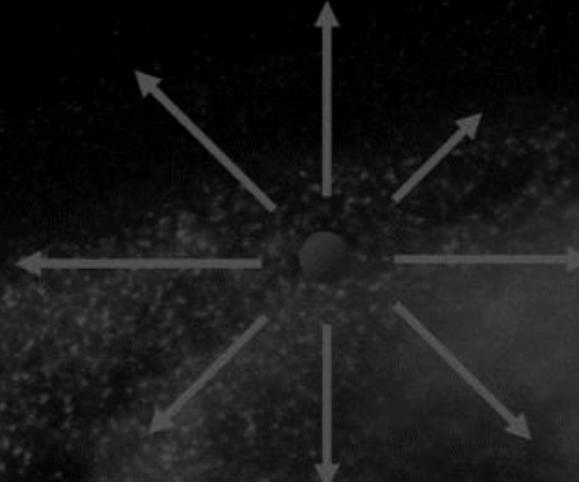


図 3.16: TPC 容器に設置したフィールドケージの様子。

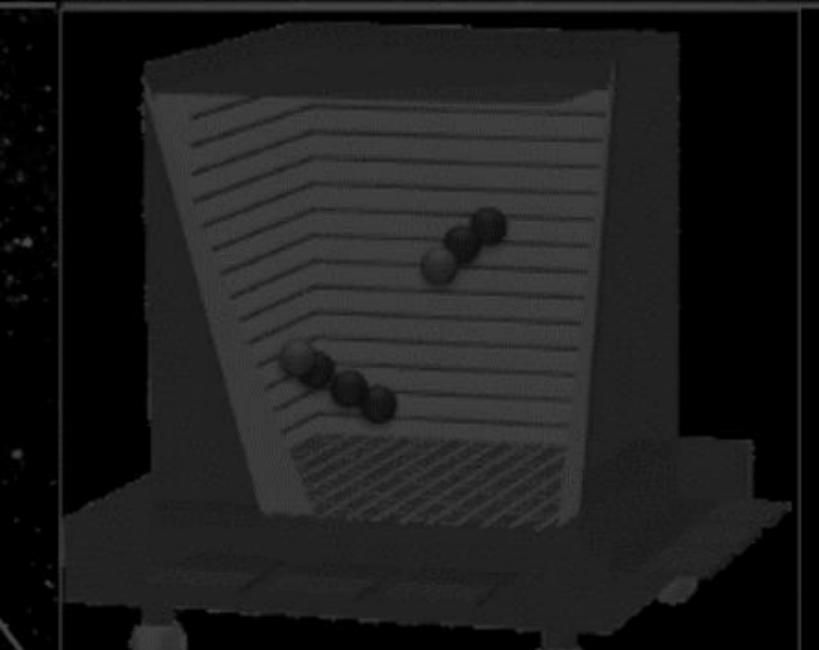
金崎奎修士論文(2023年神戸大学)

- 検出器準備中

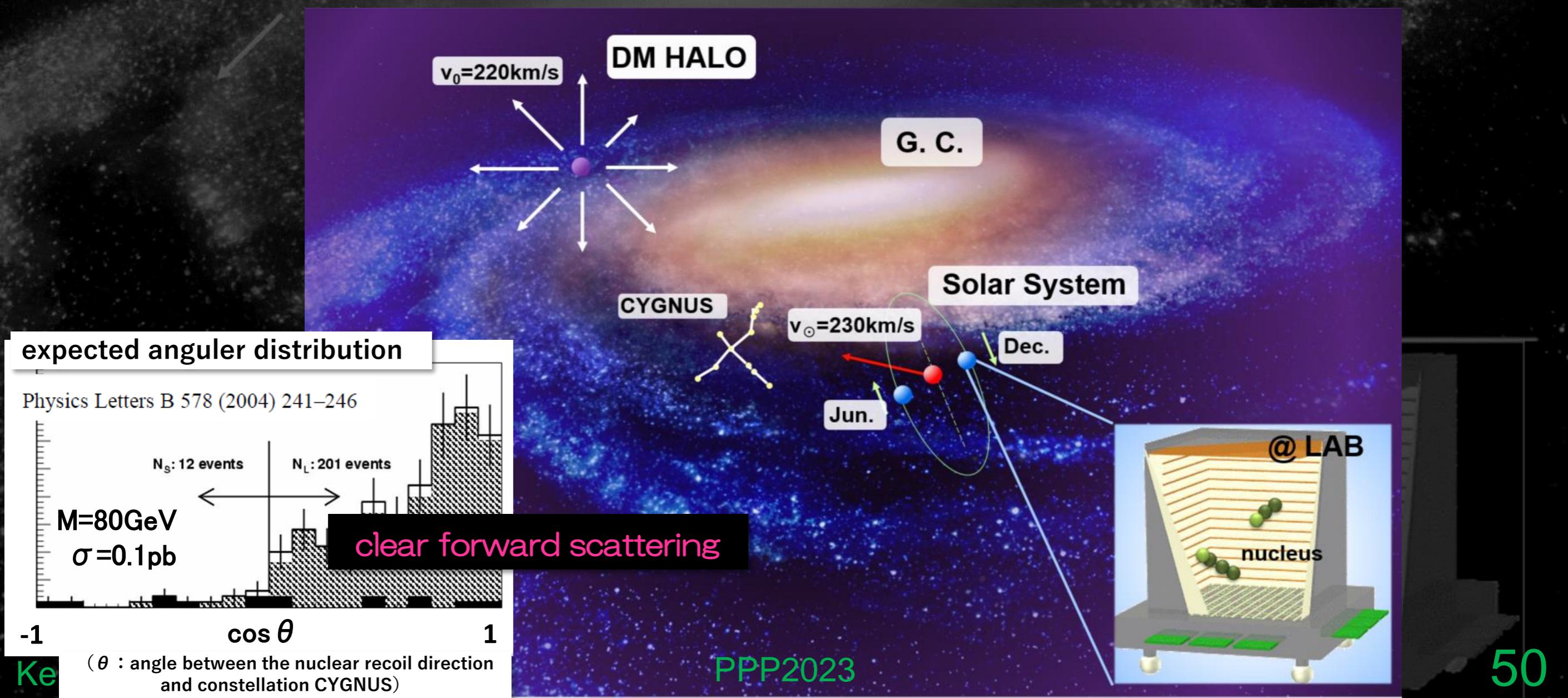


# Topics

2. Directionality

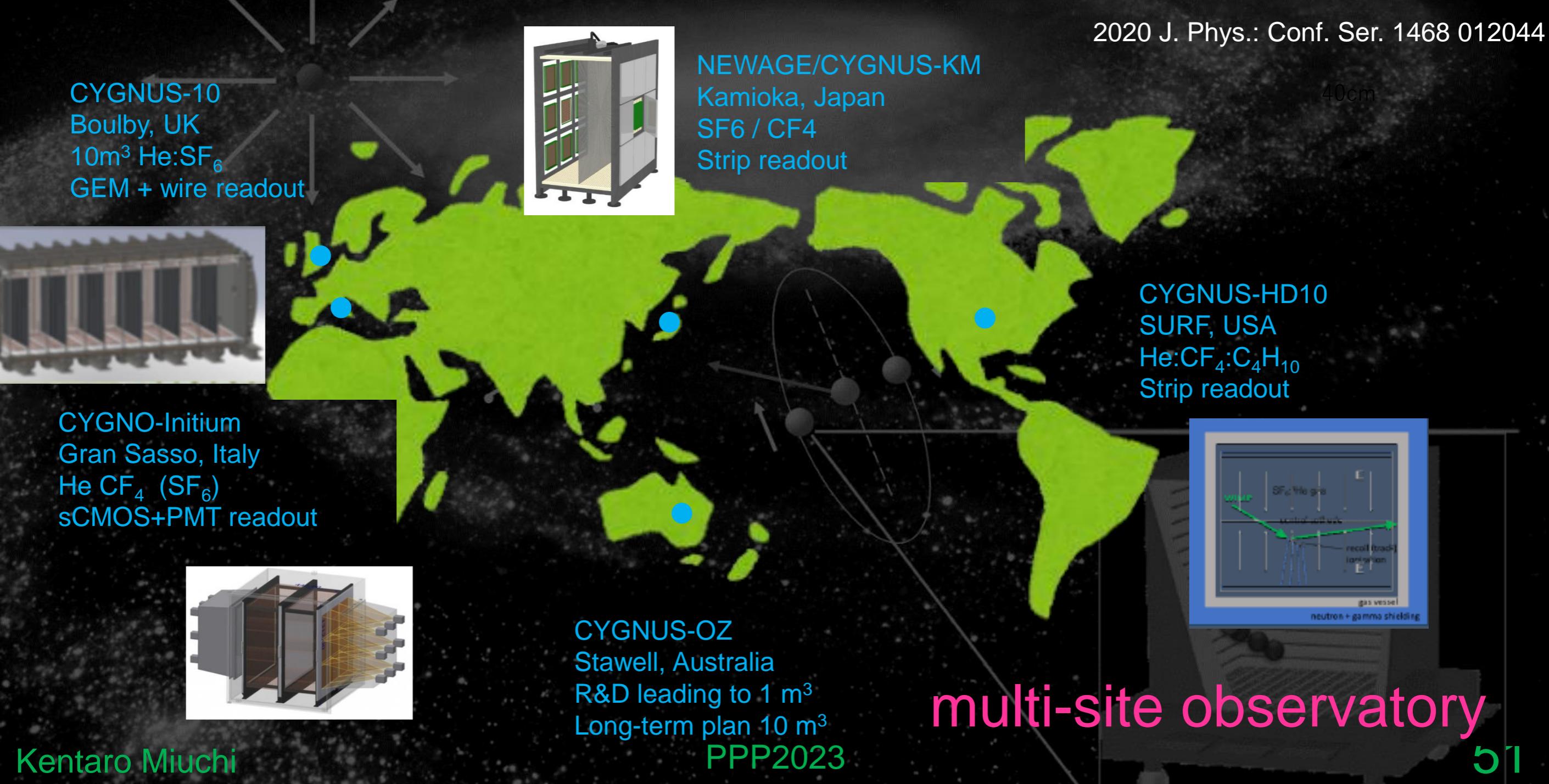


- Directional search : concept “CYGNUS”
  - More robust evidence than annual modulation
  - Study the DM nature after discovery



# World-wide CYGNUS

2020 J. Phys.: Conf. Ser. 1468 012044



- NEWAGE (Kobe+)

- 3D tracking

- $\mu$ -PIC
- SKYMAP

- $\text{CF}_4$  gas

- High spatial resolution
- Spin-Dependent search

- Proposal

PLB 578 (2004) 241

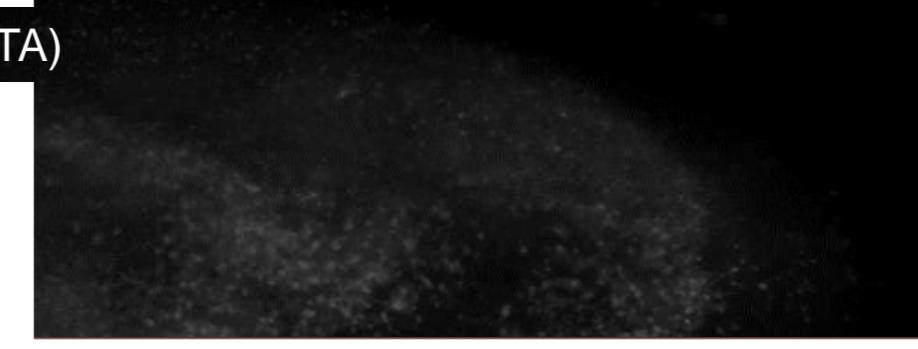
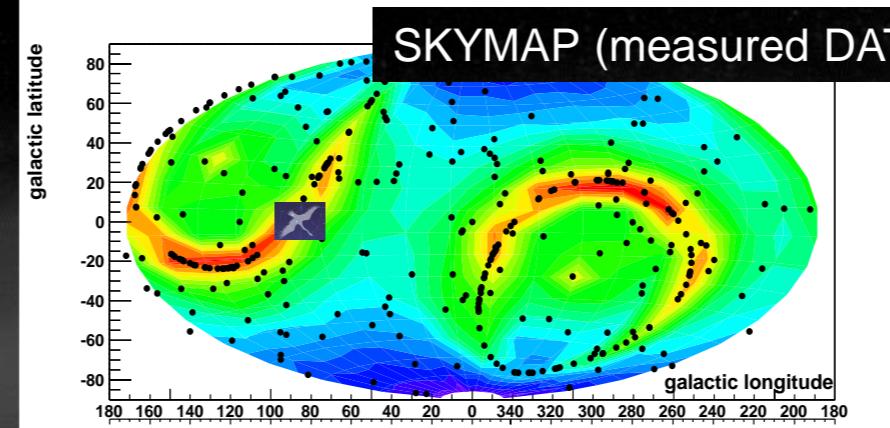
- First directional search

PLB 654 (2007) 58

- Underground measurements

PLB 686 (2010) 11, PTEP (2015) 043F01S, TAUP2019

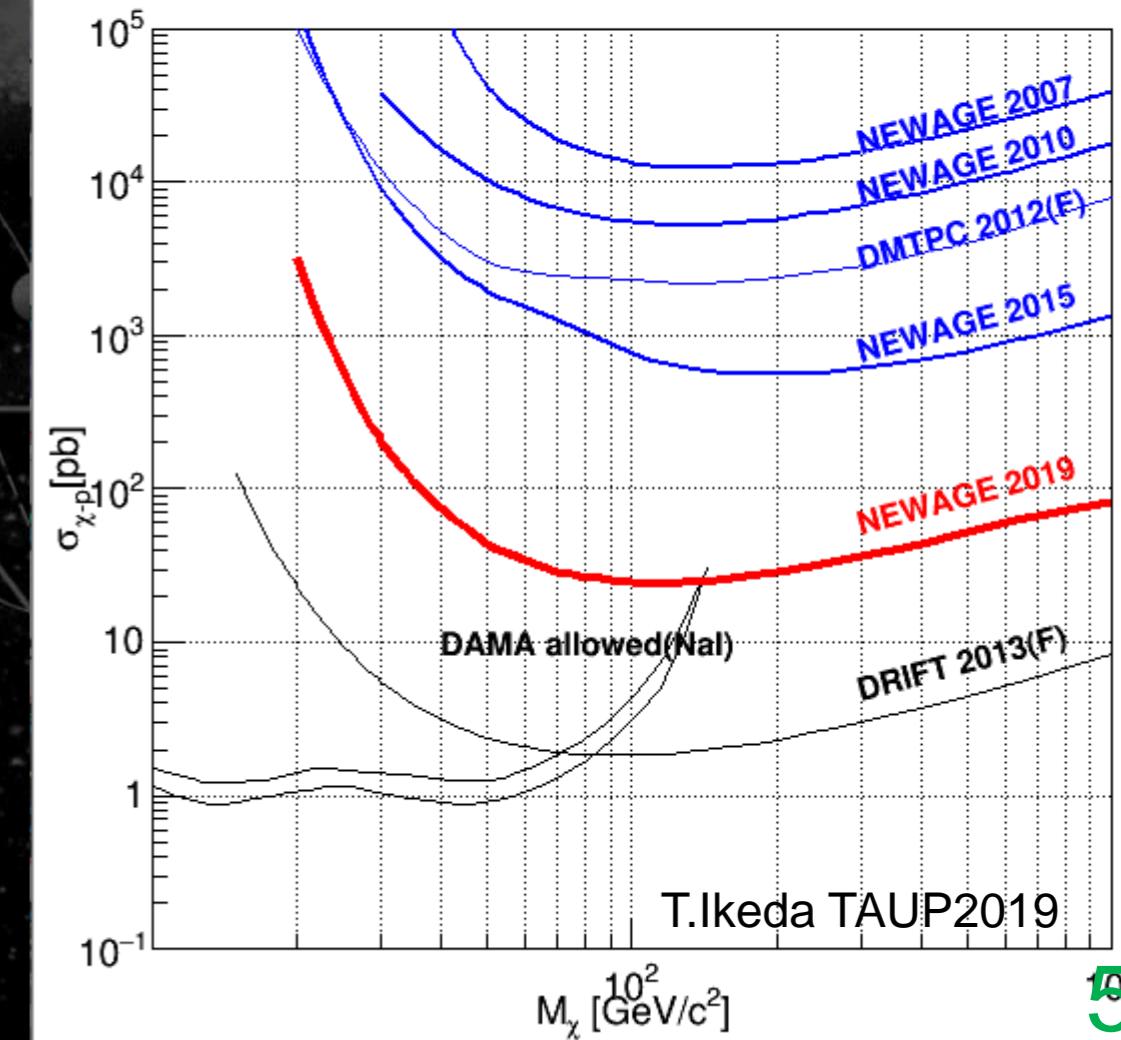
PTEP (2020) ptaa147



Tools

NEWAGE limits

SD 90% C.L. upper limits and allowed region

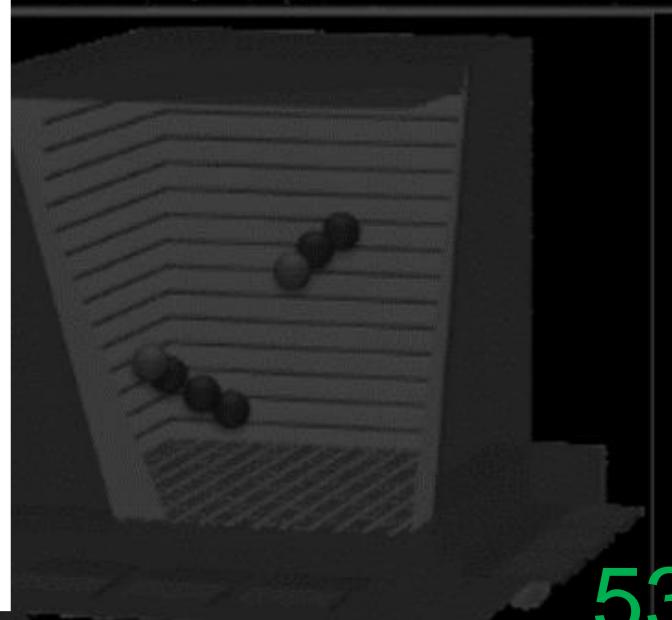
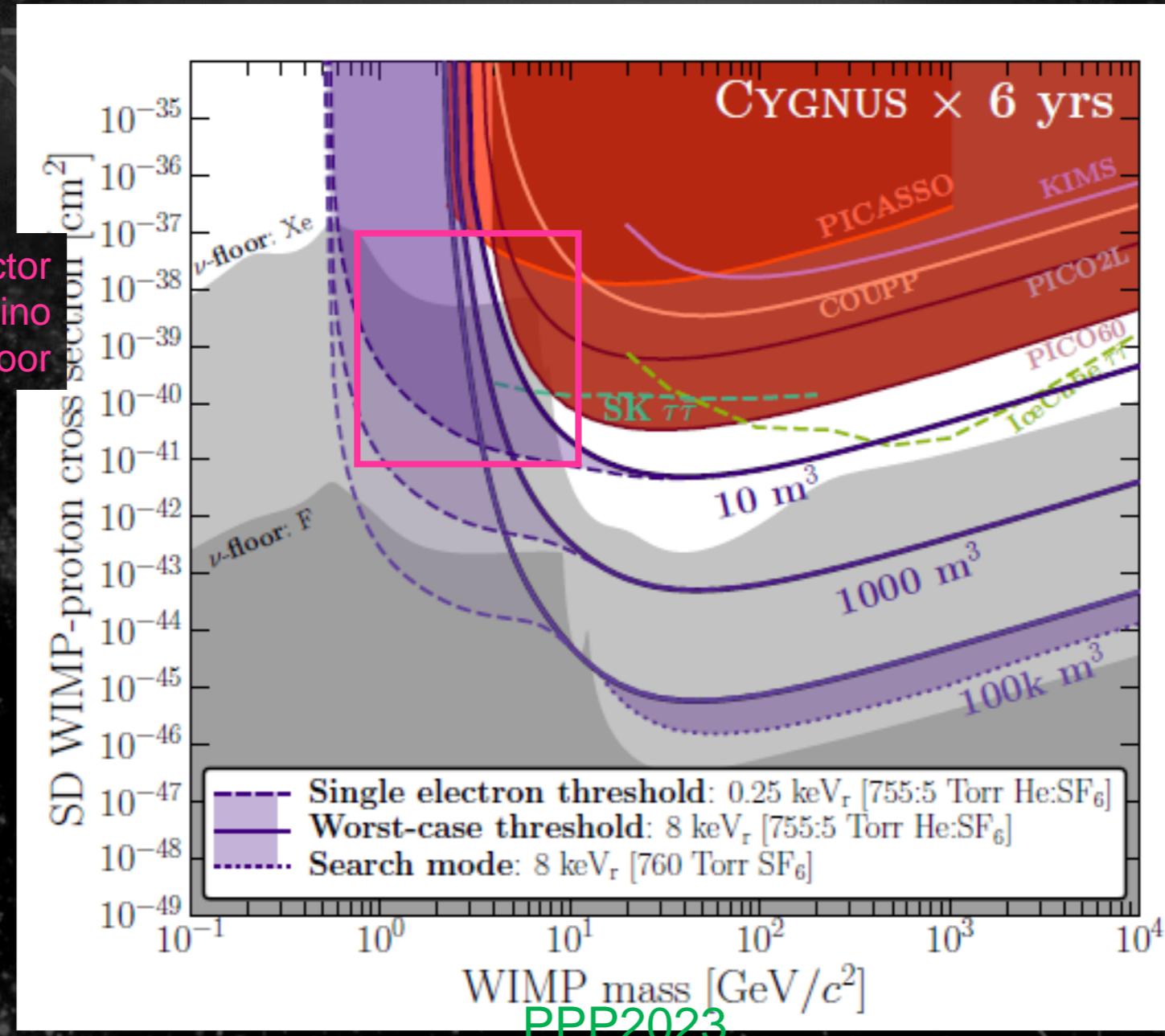


T.Ikeda TAUP2019

52

# • Realistic simulation (strip readout)

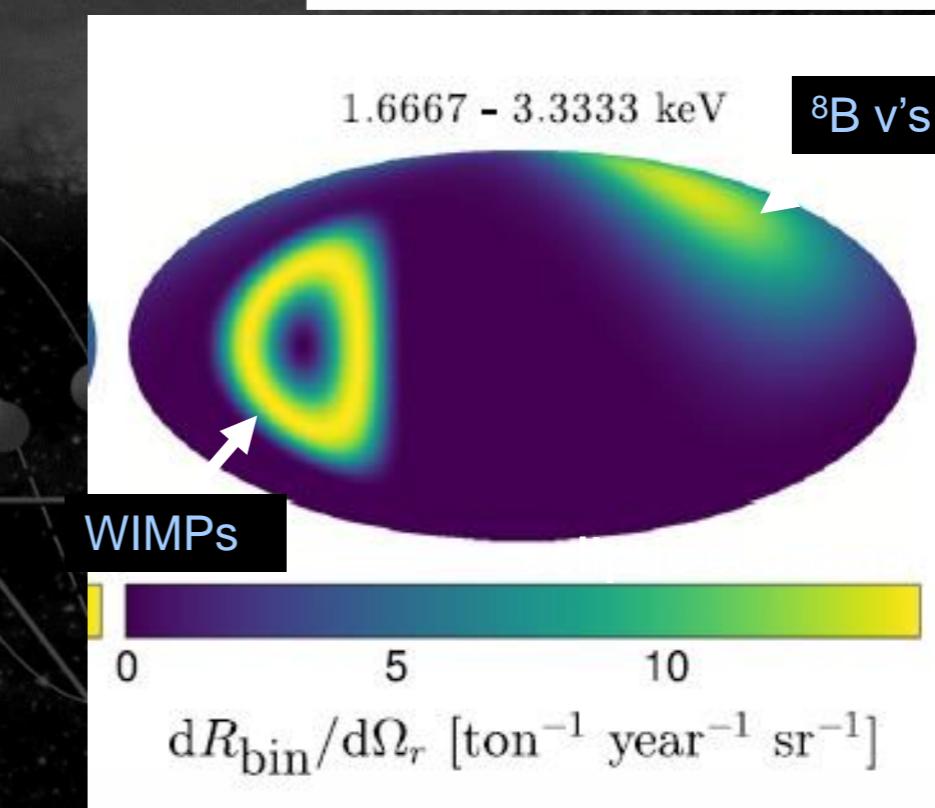
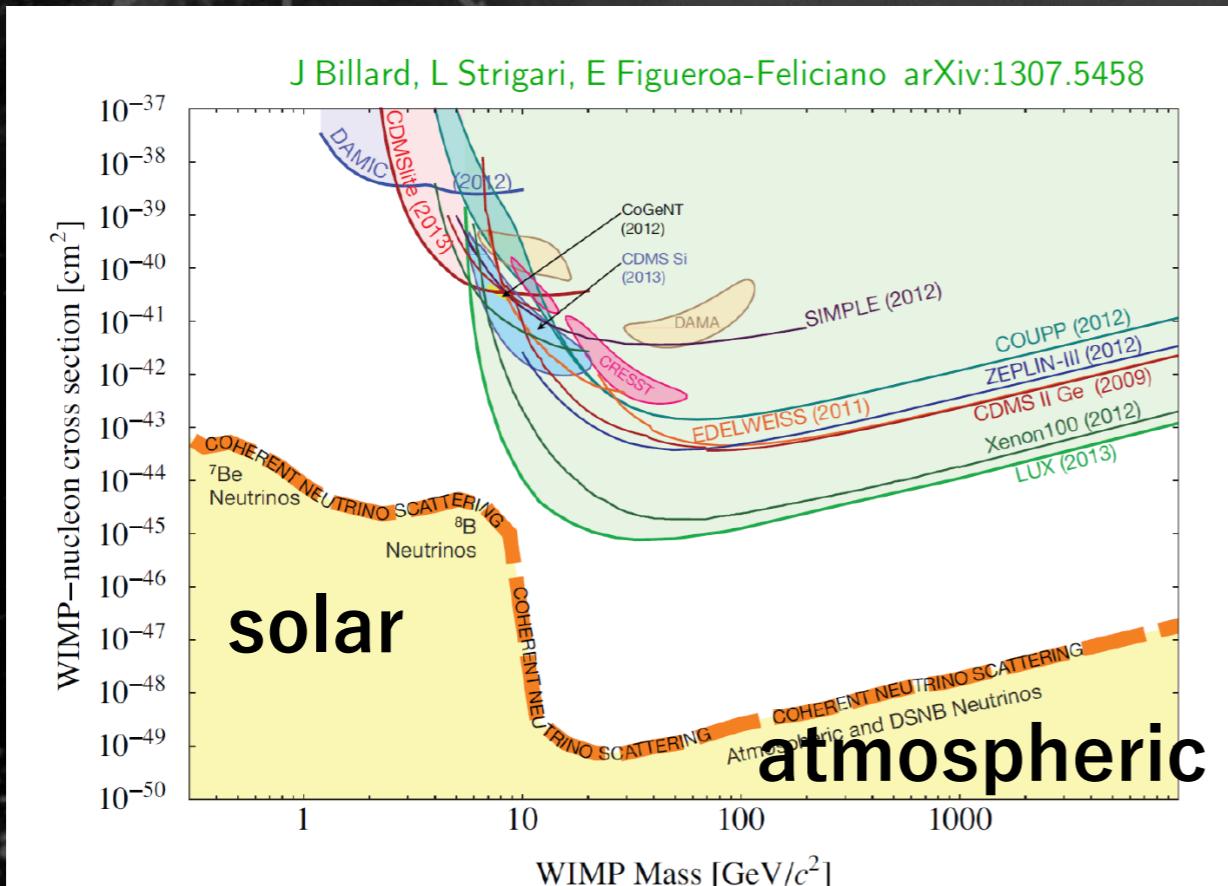
even  $10\text{m}^3$  detector  
can start exploring Xe neutrino  
floor



# Toward discovery

- Potential to search beyond the “neutrino floor” where large detectors are reaching.

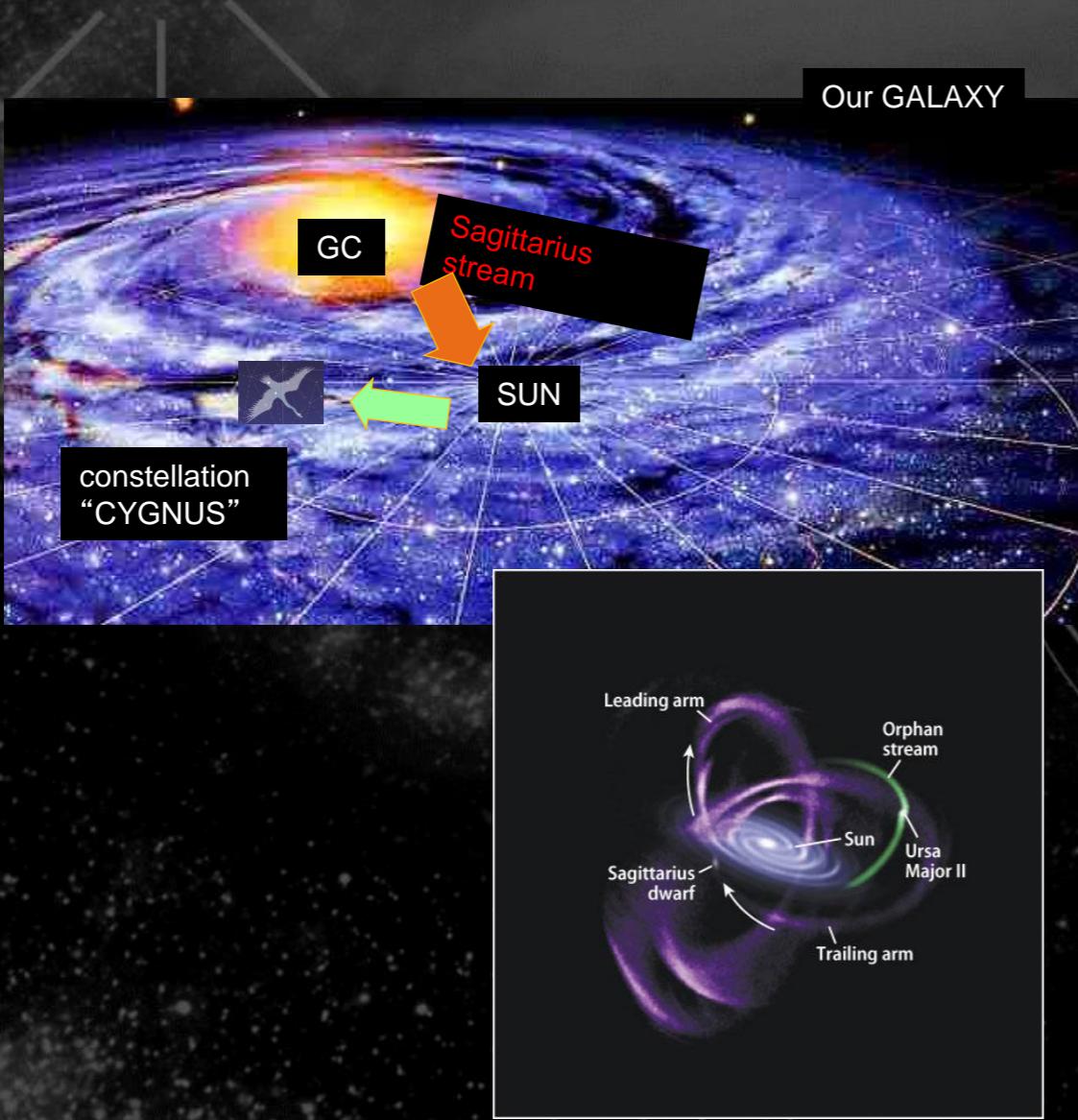
F. Mayet et al. / Physics Reports 627 (2016) 1–49



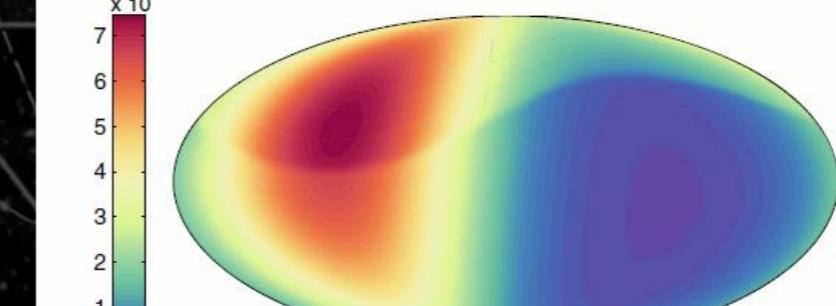
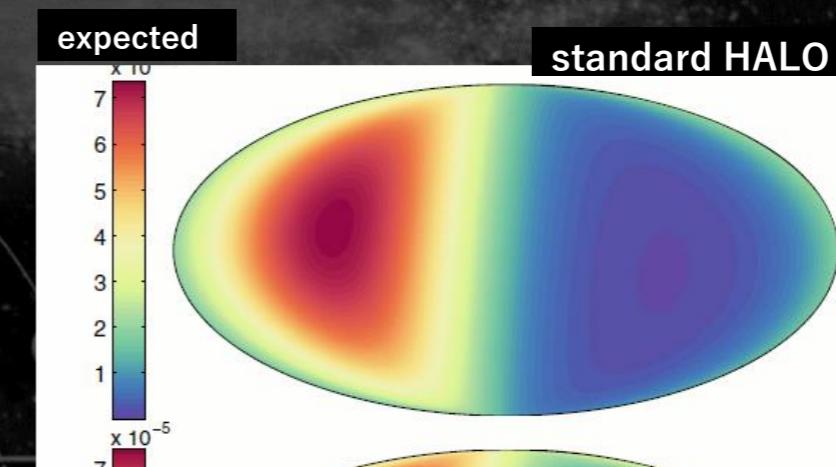
- distinguishable

# • CYGNUS After Discovery: astronomy/cosmology

- Test the HALO model
- (ex) Sagittarius stream



PHYSICAL REVIEW D 90, 123511 (2014)



galactic coordinate

streams, debris...

- Halo model test (w/長尾さん)

- isotropic ( $1-r$ ) + co-rotating( $r$ ) DM HALO model indicated by n-body simulation ( $r \sim 0.3$ )

Discrimination of anisotropy in dark matter velocity distribution with directional detectors

Keiko I. Nagao <sup>a,b,\*</sup>, Tomonori Ikeda <sup>c</sup>, Ryota Yakabe <sup>c</sup>, Tatsuhiro Naka <sup>d,e</sup>, Kentaro Miuchi <sup>c</sup>

<sup>a</sup> Faculty of Fundamental Science, National Institute of Technology, Niihama College, Niihama, Ehime 792-8580, Japan

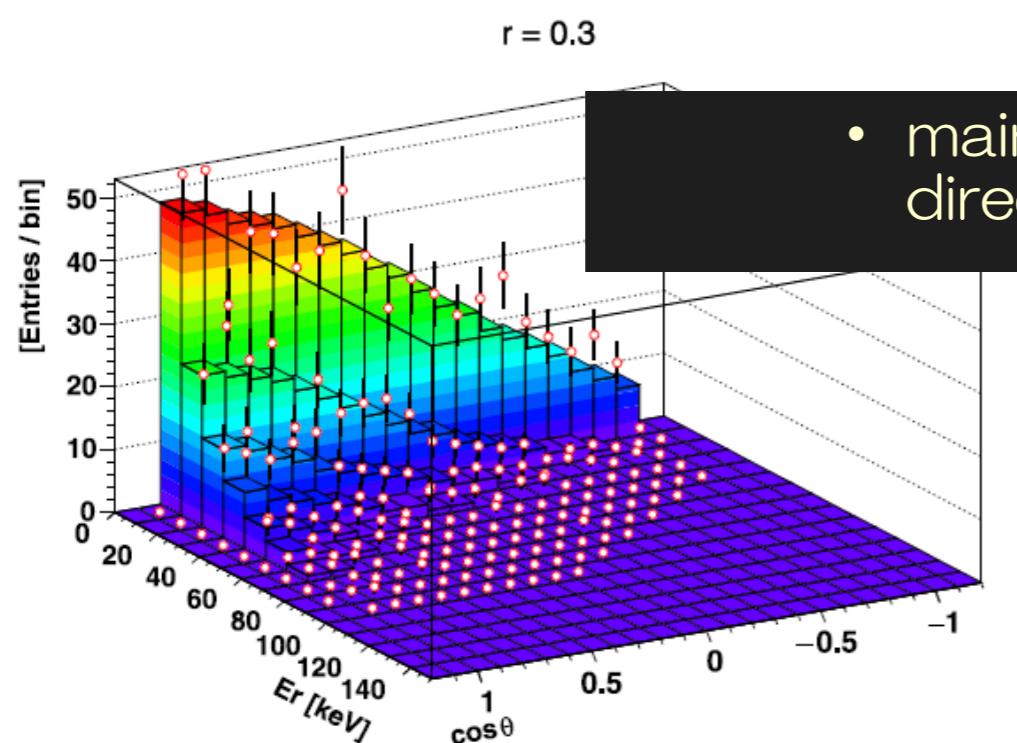
<sup>b</sup> Faculty of Science, Okayama University of Science, Okayama, Okayama 700-0005, Japan

<sup>c</sup> Department of Physics, Kobe University, Kobe, Hyogo 657-8501, Japan

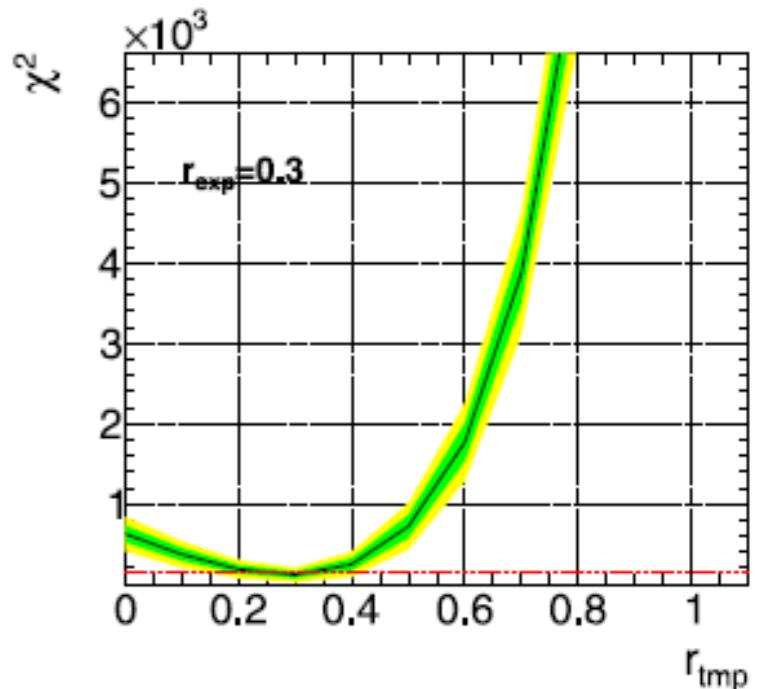
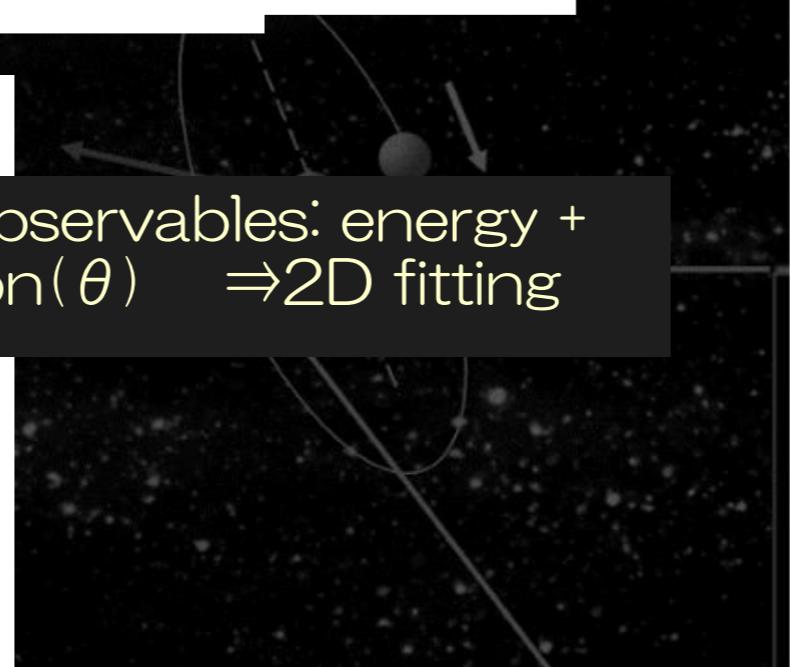
<sup>d</sup> Department of Physics, Faculty of Science, Toho University, Funabashi, Chiba 274-8501, Japan

<sup>e</sup> Kobayashi-Maskawa Institute, Nagoya University, Nagoya, Aichi 464-8601, Japan

Physics of the Dark Universe 27 (2020) 100426



- main observables: energy + direction( $\theta$ )  $\Rightarrow$  2D fitting



- know  $r$  value by directionality

- (いい意味で) 気になるはなし

- co-rotating halo成分 : Sagittarius streamの形にも影響
- directionalな観測との合わせ



## Detecting the Figure Rotation of Dark Matter Halos with Tidal Streams

Monica Valluri<sup>1</sup> , Adrian M. Price-Whelan<sup>2</sup> , and Sarah J. Snyder<sup>1</sup>

<sup>1</sup> Department of Astronomy, University of Michigan, 1085 S. University Ave., Ann Arbor, MI 48109, USA; [mvalluri@umich.edu](mailto:mvalluri@umich.edu)

<sup>2</sup> Center for Computational Astrophysics, Flatiron Institute, 162 Fifth Ave., New York, NY 10010, USA

Received 2020 September 16; revised 2021 February 8; accepted 2021 February 9; published 2021 April 6

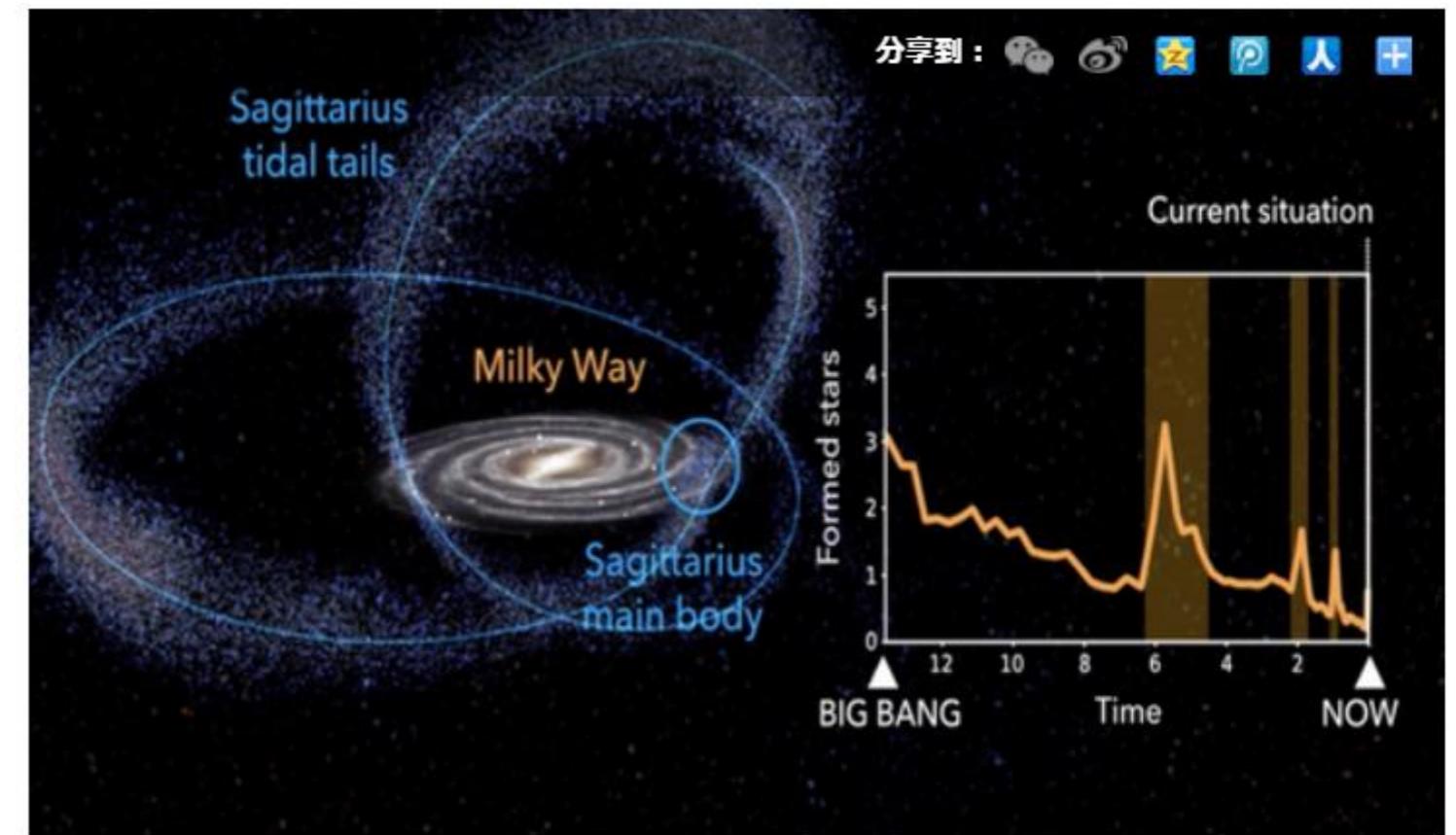
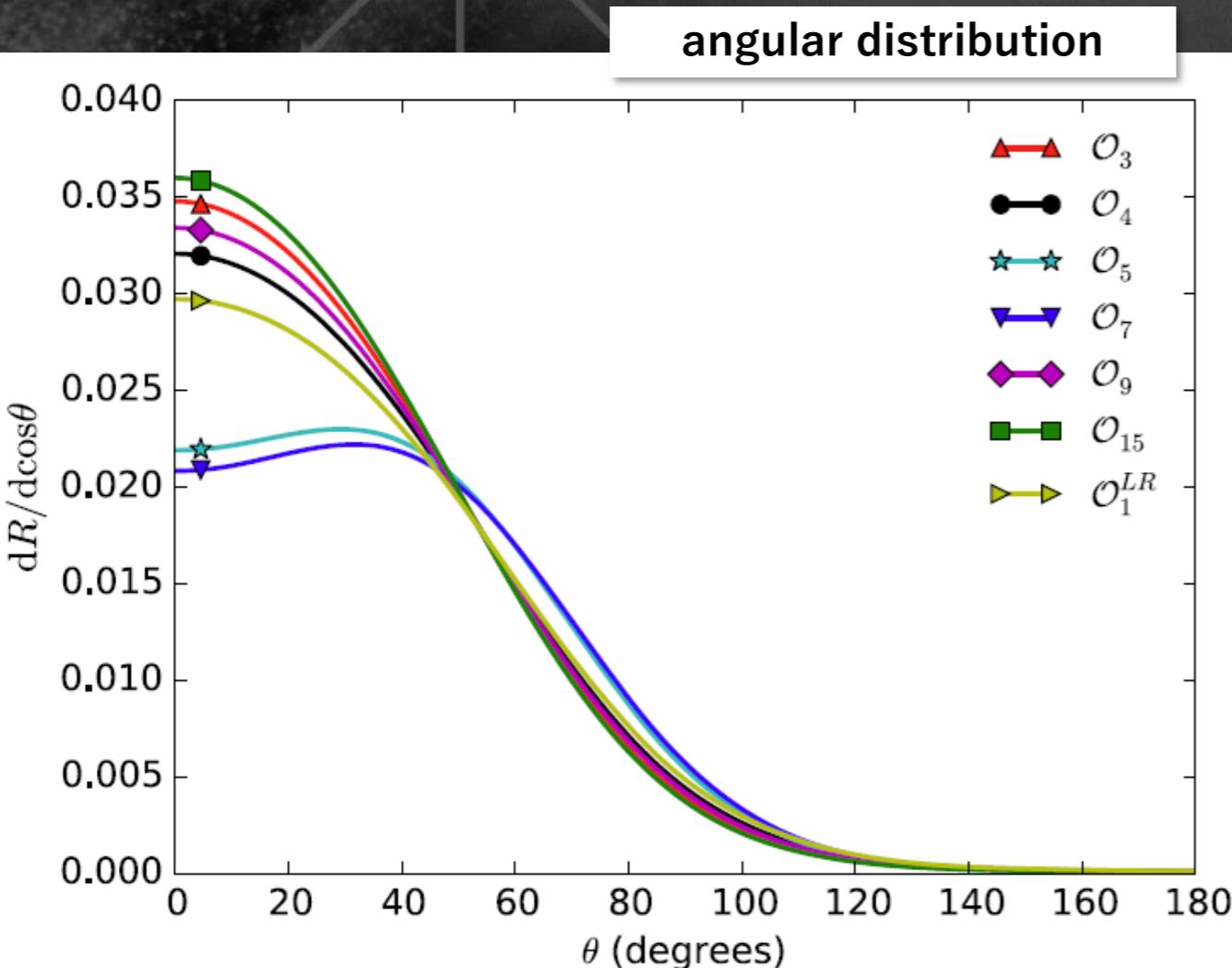


Fig. 2: Sagittarius dwarf galaxy accreted by the Milky Way. (Credit: Gabriel Pérez Díaz, SMM (IAC))

- CYGNUS After Discovery : particle physics

- Some interaction provide characteristic angular distributions



Proportional to

$1$	: $\mathcal{O}_1, \mathcal{O}_4,$
$v_\perp^2$	: $\mathcal{O}_7, \mathcal{O}_8,$
$q^2$	: $\mathcal{O}_9, \mathcal{O}_{10}, \mathcal{O}_{11}, \mathcal{O}_{12},$
$v_\perp^2 q^2$	: $\mathcal{O}_5, \mathcal{O}_{13}, \mathcal{O}_{14},$
$q^4$	: $\mathcal{O}_3, \mathcal{O}_6,$
$q^4(q^2 + v_\perp^2)$	: $\mathcal{O}_{15},$
$q^{-4}$	: $\mathcal{O}_1^{LR}.$

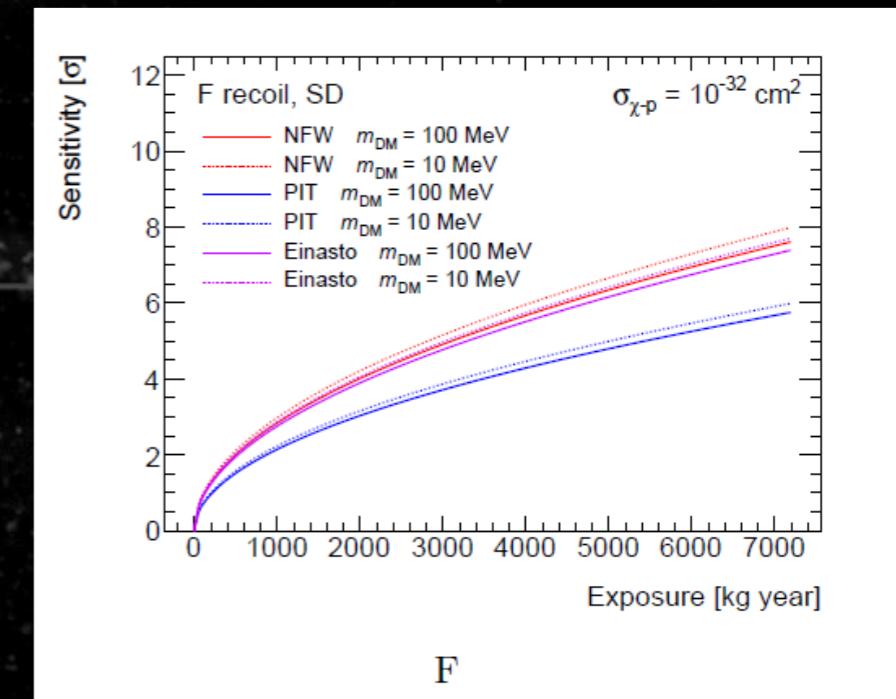
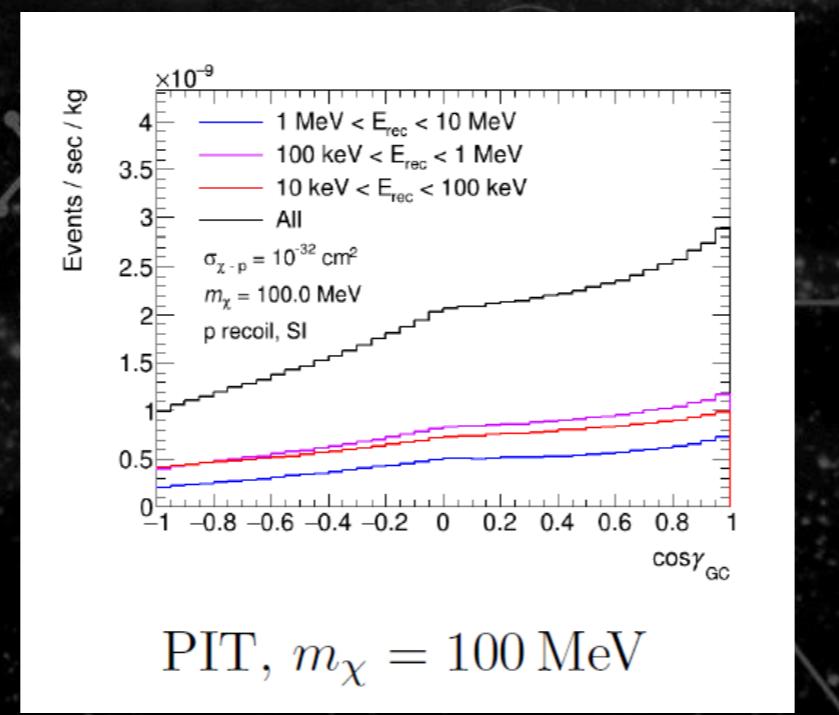
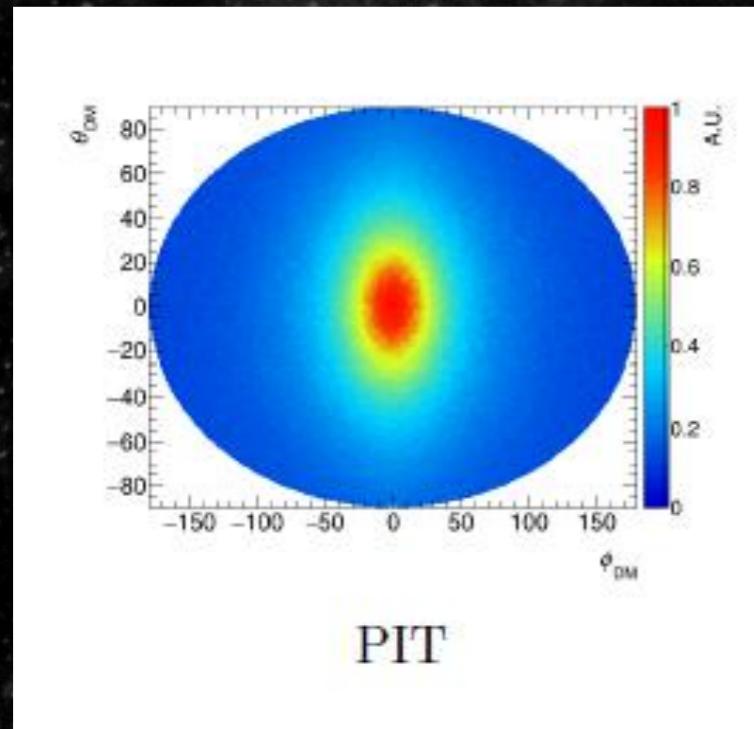
SI SD

## • CR boosted DM (w/長尾さん)

- keV~MeV程度のWIMP
- 銀河中心で高エネルギー宇宙線（陽子）に蹴られる
- 方向感度を持つWIMP検出器  
(ガスや原子核乾板) で見ると銀河中心が明るいはず
- 観測量は必用だが、原理的には見える。

Directional direct detection of light dark matter up-scattered by cosmic rays from direction of the Galactic center

JCAP07(2023)061



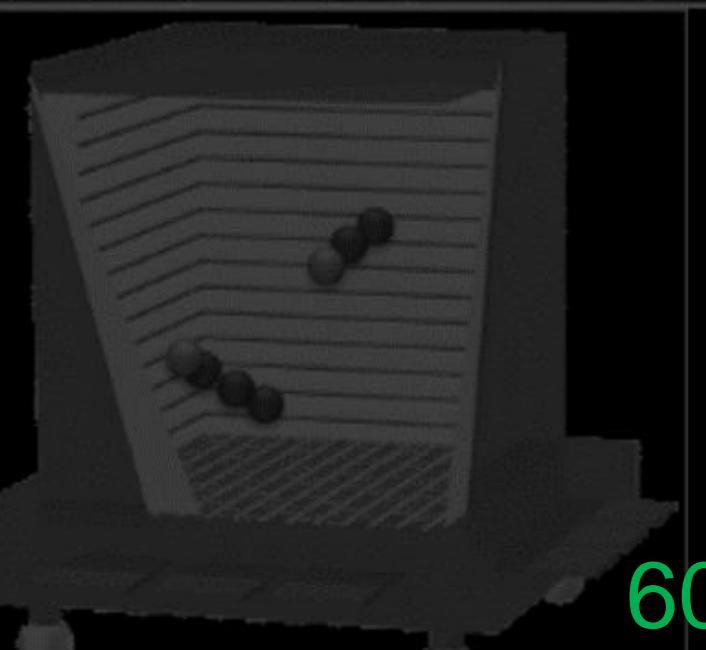
到来方向

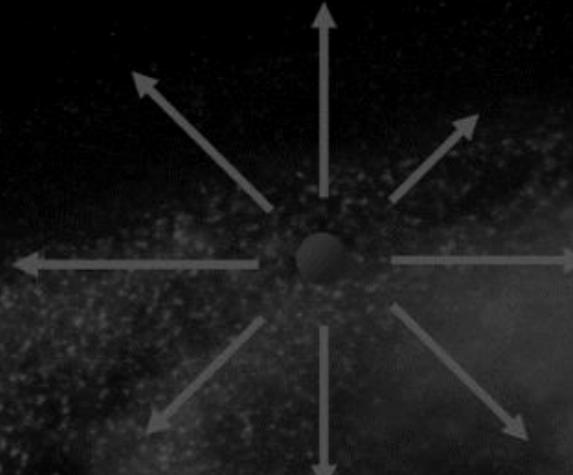
反跳角分布

銀河中心エクセスの有意度

# 最近の話題 まとめ

- MIGDAL
  - Observation
- Directional Detectors : gas detectors
  - Clear evidence
  - DM nature study





Thank you!

